

TRANSPORTATION

Project

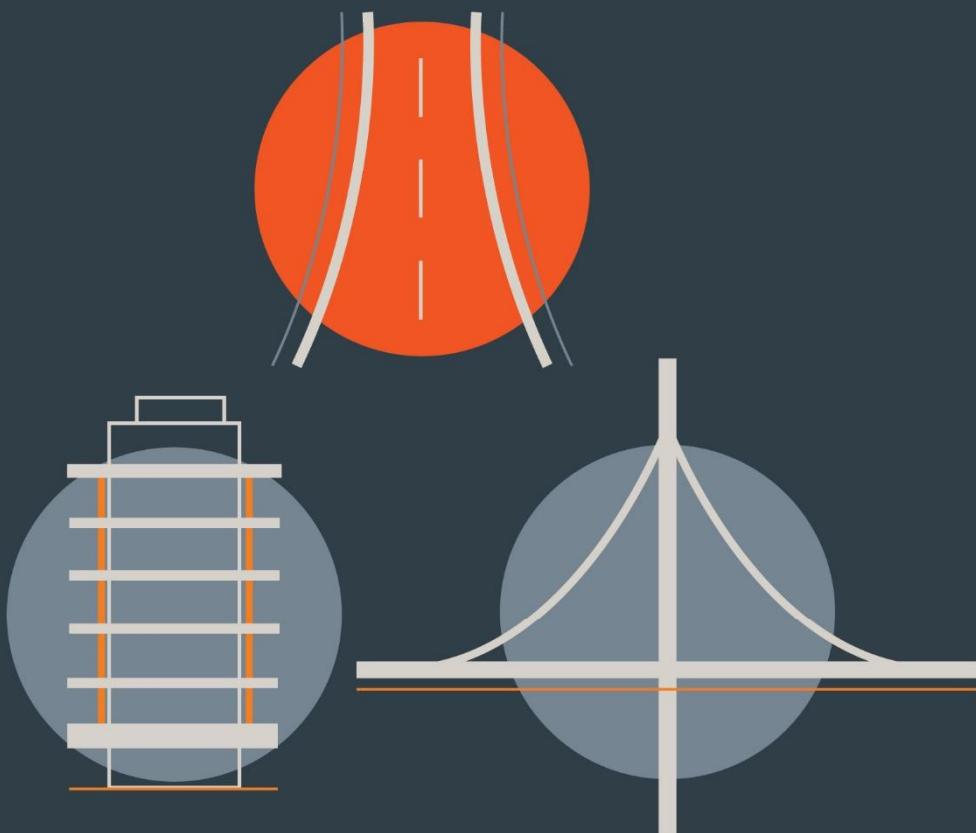
Mixed Use Development,
1-4 East Road, East Road, Dublin

Report Title

TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORT ASSESSMENT REPORT

Client

Glenveagh



DBFL CONSULTING ENGINEERS

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Author: Jacqueline Haley

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DBFL Consulting Engineers

Dublin Office
Ormond House
Upper Ormond Quay
Dublin 7

Tel 01 4004000
Fax 01 4004050
Email info@dbfl.ie
Web www.dbfl.ie

Waterford Office
Unit 2
The Chandlery
1-2 O'Connell Street, Waterford

Tel 051 309500
Fax 051 844913
Email info@dbfl.ie
Web www.dbfl.ie

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND

- 1.1.1 DBFL Consulting Engineers (DBFL) have been commissioned to prepare a Traffic and Transport Assessment (TTA) for a proposed mixed-use development on a site at 1-4 East Road, as located on the eastern edge of Dublin City Centre. The subject site is currently occupied by Hireco Park (trailer hire company), with vehicular access provided directly from East Road.
- 1.1.2 The development proposals include the construction of a mixed-use development set out in 9 no. blocks, ranging in height from 3 to 15 storeys to accommodate 554 no. apartments, enterprise space, retail units, foodhub/café/exhibition space, residential amenity, crèche and men's shed. The site will accommodate car parking spaces, bicycle parking, storage, services and plant areas. Landscaping will include a new central public space and residential podium courtyards.
- 1.1.3 The report has been produced to address potential concerns that the local planning authority and/or An Bord Pleanála may have pertaining to the level of influence of the proposed development upon the local transportation system.
- 1.1.4 During the development of this report, traffic turning count surveys have been commissioned specifically for this assessment, with the objective of providing background information relating to existing traffic movement patterns across the local road network. This information has been supplemented with data obtained from site audits of the local road network, subsequently enabling the identification of existing local travel characteristics and an appreciation of the local receiving environment from a transportation perspective.

1.2 SCOPE

- 1.2.1 The purpose of this TTA is to quantify the existing transport environment and to detail the results of assessment work undertaken to identify the potential level of any transport impact generated as a result of the mixed-use development. The scope of the assessment covers transport and related sustainability issues including means of vehicular access, pedestrian, cyclist and local public transport connections. The principal objective of the report is to quantify any level of

impact across the local road network and subsequently ascertain both the existing and future operational performance of the local road network.

1.3 METHODOLOGY

- 1.3.1 Our approach to the study accords with policy and guidance both at a national and local level. Accordingly, the adopted methodology responds to best practices, current and emerging guidance, exemplified by a series of publications, all of which advocate this method of analysis. Key publications consulted include: -
- '*Traffic and Transport Assessment Guidelines*' (May 2014) National Road Authority;
 - '*Traffic Management Guidelines*' Dublin Transportation Office & Department of the Environment and Local Government (May 2003); and
 - '*Guidelines for Traffic Impact Assessments*' The Institution of Highways and Transportation.
- 1.3.2 Our methodology incorporated a number of key inter-related stages, including:-
- Site Audit: A site audit was undertaken to quantify existing road network issues and identify local infrastructure characteristics, in addition to establishing the level of accessibility to the site in terms of walking, cycling and public transport. An inventory of the local road network was also developed during this stage of the assessment.
 - Traffic Counts: Traffic counts were undertaken and analysed with the objective of establishing local traffic characteristics in the immediate area of the proposed development.
 - Trip Generation: A trip generation exercise has been carried out to establish the potential level of vehicle trips generated by the proposed mixed use development.
 - Trip Distribution: Based upon both the existing traffic characteristics and the network layout in addition to the spatial/land use configuration and density of the urban structure across the catchment area of the development, a distribution exercise has been undertaken to assign site generated vehicle trips across the local road network.

- Network Impact: in accordance with the Institute of Highways and Transportation; Traffic Impact Assessment guidelines, the specific level of influence generated by the proposed mixed-use development upon the local road network was ascertained and the junctions which required assessment in greater detail were identified.
- Network Assessment: Drawing upon the findings of the previous stages, an operational assessment of the local road network has been undertaken to evaluate the performance of key junctions following the implementation and occupation of the proposed development.

1.4 REPORT STRUCTURE

- 1.4.1 As introduced above, this TTA seeks to clarify the potential level of influence generated by the proposed development upon the local road network and subsequently ascertain the existing and future operational performance of the local transport system. The structure of the report responds to the various stages of this exercise including the key tasks summarised below.
- 1.4.2 Chapter Two of this report describes the existing conditions at the proposed development location and surrounding area.
- 1.4.3 The relevant transportation policies that influence the design and appraisal of the subject development proposals are highlighted within Chapter Three.
- 1.4.4 Chapter Four provides a summary of the proposed development itself.
- 1.4.5 In Chapter Five a summary of the vehicle trip generation, vehicle distribution, and network assignment exercise is detailed, in addition to quantifying the potential level of impact, as generated by the subject proposals, upon key junctions across the local road network.
- 1.4.6 The operational performance of the proposed site access junction for a range of different development/traffic scenarios following the commissioning of the proposed development are investigated and reported within Chapter Six.
- 1.4.7 Finally, a summary of our appraisal together with the main conclusions of the assessment are provided in Chapter Seven.

2.0 RECEIVING ENVIRONMENT

2.1 LAND USE

- 2.1.1 The subject brownfield site is currently occupied by Hireco Park (trailer hire company), with vehicular access currently provided from East Road. The subject lands are situated to the southeast of the East Road corridor, as located on the eastern edge of Dublin City Centre. The development site is bounded to the northeast by MacNaughton's Twisteel Reinforcement Ltd and residential apartments. The western boundary is formed by East Road, whilst Merchants Square residential settlement forms the eastern boundary. The rail connection to Dublin Port forms the southern boundary of the subject site.
- 2.1.2 The land uses surrounding the development site are a mix of commercial and residential (comprising both individual dwellings and larger residential apartment blocks), all of which benefit from direct access to/from East Road.
- 2.1.3 The subject development lands are zoned Z14 '*To seek social, economic and physical development and/or rejuvenation of an area with mixed use of which residential and "Z6" would be the predominant uses*'.
- 'Land Use Zoning Objective Z6: To provide for the creation and protection of enterprise and facilitate opportunities for employment creation.'*
- 2.1.4 The subject development lands (Figure 2.1) are also located immediately to the north of the Docklands Strategic Development Zone (SDZ) and lie within the Dublin Docklands Development Authority (DDDA) boundary.
- 2.1.5 The designation of the Docklands, including the Docklands SDZ, as a strategic development and regeneration area (SDRA) provides for the continued physical and social regeneration of this part of the city, consolidating the area as a vibrant economic, cultural and amenity quarter of the city, whilst also nurturing sustainable neighbourhoods and communities.

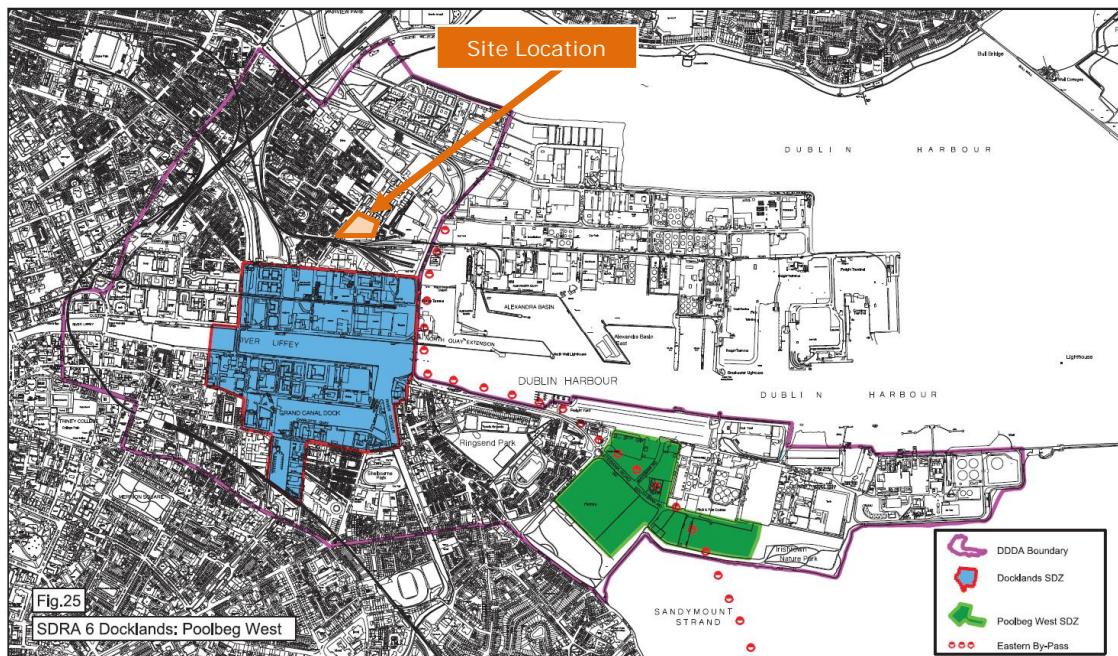


Figure 2.1: SDRA 6 Docklands (extract Map E DCC Development Plan)

2.2 LOCATION

- 2.2.1 The general location of the subject site in relation to the surrounding road network is illustrated in Figure 2.2 below whilst Figure 2.3 indicatively shows the extent of the subject site boundary and neighbouring lands.
- 2.2.2 The East Road development site is located in the East Wall district which forms the eastern edge of Dublin City Centre. Travelling north along East Road the route terminates at a signalised junction with East Wall Road. East Wall Road provides a direct connection to the strategic M50 Motorway via the Dublin Port Tunnel. To the west, East Wall Road provides access to Fairview and Drumcondra (via Clonliffe Road, in addition to Clontarf via Alfie Byrne Road).
- 2.2.3 Travelling southbound from the subject site along East Road, the route terminates at a signalised junction with Sheriff St Upper. From Sheriff St Upper there are various road links available to gain access to the North Quays and Dublin City Centre.

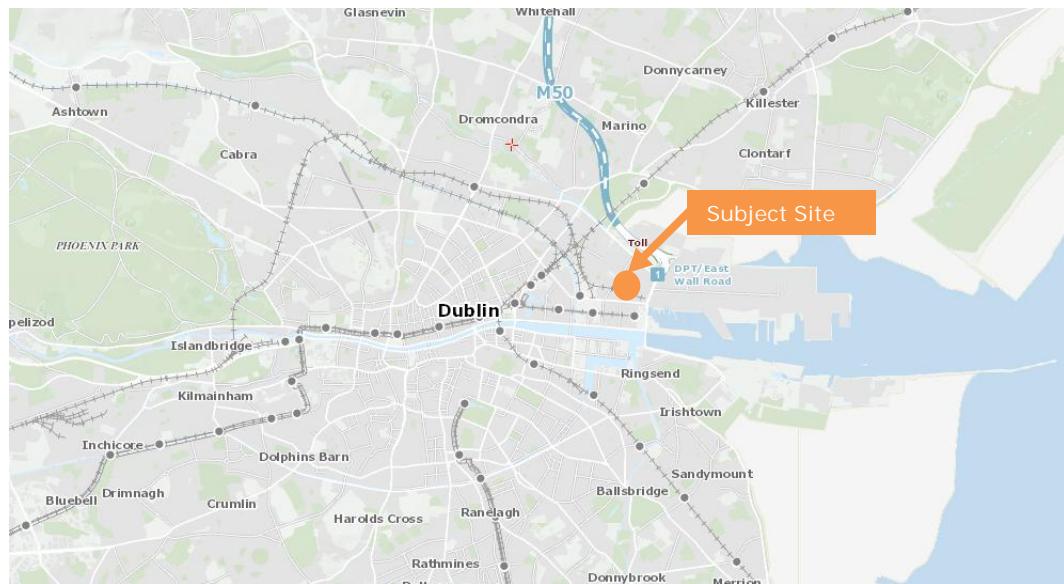


Figure 2.2: Subject Site Location (Reference: <http://maps.osi.ie>)

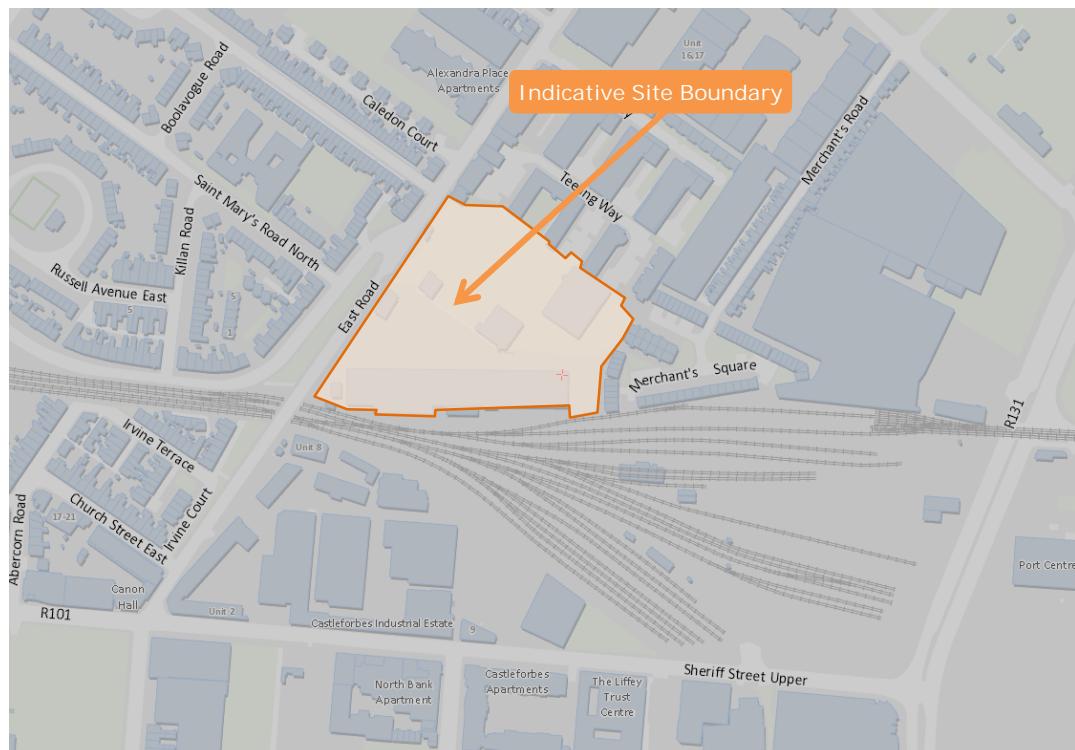


Figure 2.3: Subject Site Indicative Boundary (Reference: <http://maps.osi.ie>)

2.3 EXISTING TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE

Background

- 2.3.1 An important stage in the development of a Traffic and Transport Assessment is the identification and appreciation of the local network's existing transport conditions and vehicle movement characteristics.
- 2.3.2 An audit of the local road network has therefore been undertaken to establish the existing transport conditions and vehicle movement patterns across the existing network.

Existing Pedestrian Environment

- 2.3.3 All pedestrian routes leading to/from the subject site benefit from the provision of street lighting in addition to good quality pedestrian footways. There are controlled pedestrian crossing facilities available adjacent to the subject site at the East Rd/Church Rd junction and to the south at the East Rd/Sheriff St Upper junction.

Existing Cycling Environment

- 2.3.4 In the immediate vicinity of the subject site cyclists must share the road carriageway with general vehicular traffic, nonetheless cyclists traveling to/from the subject site from the surrounding area can benefit from the provision of a variety of cycle facilities (cycle lanes/tracks) along Seville Place (750m to the west), Guild Street (700m to the southwest), North Strand Rd (1.4km to the northwest) and the Quays (600m to the south). The NTA's Cycle Network Plan for the Greater Dublin Area includes proposals for the provision of a secondary cycle route along East Road adjacent to the subject (Figure 2.4).
- 2.3.5 There are also a number of dublinbikes stations (Figure 2.5) located surrounding the subject site area on North Wall Quay, Custom House Quay and City Quay. The bike station on North Wall Quay is accessible within approximately 650m walking distance of the subject site.



Figure 2.4: Existing Cycle Facilities (source: Sheet E1 GDA Cycle Network Plan)

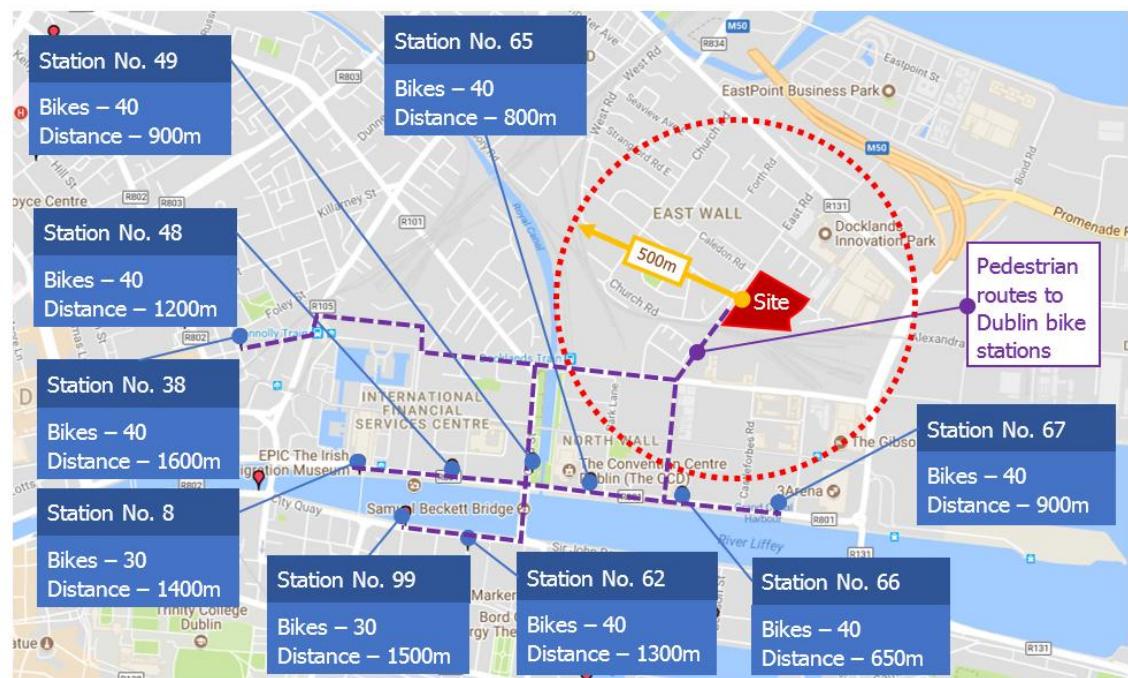


Figure 2.5: Dublinbikes Stations

Public Transport

2.3.6 As graphically illustrated in Figure 2.6 below the site is ideally situated to benefit from a comprehensive range of transport connections which result in the site benefiting from excellent accessibility levels for all modes of travel. Furthermore the range and proximity of a number of existing (and emerging) public transport interchanges further enhances the sustainability characteristics of the site. These include both the Docklands Rail Station and the LUAS Red Line (Spencer Dock interchange) being only 550m and 650m, respectively, from the proposed development. In addition, Connolly Station and the proposed Clongriffin-Tallaght BRT interchange are within 1.4km from the site, whilst the proposed interchange for the Dart Underground is located at the Docklands Rail Station, approximately 550m from the subject site.

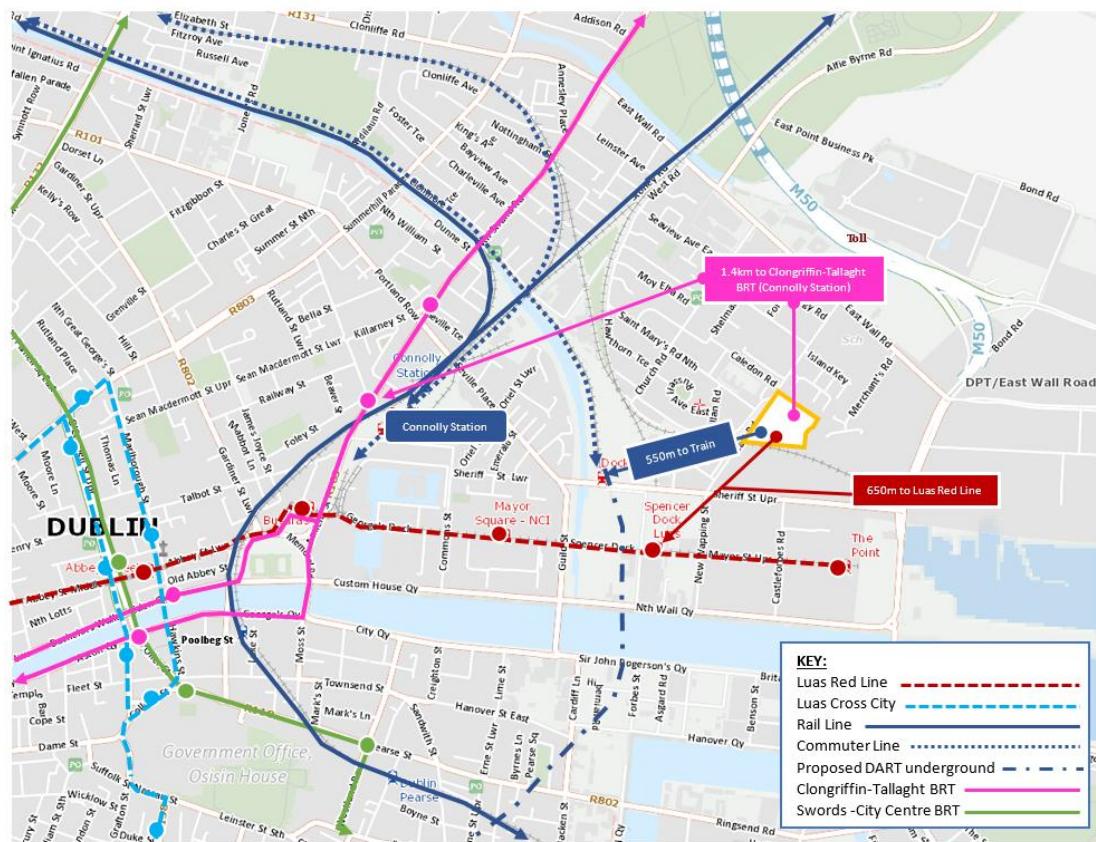


Figure 2.6: Existing & Proposed Public Transport Rail and BRT Connections

Public Transport – Bus

- 2.3.7 Dublin Bus operates route numbers 53 and 151 along the East Road corridor, travelling in both directions providing links between Dublin City Centre and Dublin Ferry port and also Foxborough and the Docklands. Routes 33b, 33x, 41x, 142 and 151, in addition to Airlink bus routes 747 and 757 operate along East Wall Road (to the north of the subject site) providing links to/from a range of additional destinations including Dublin City centre and Dublin Airport.
- 2.3.8 Route numbers 53 and 151 are highly accessible with the closest interchange opportunities within 85m of the subject site access whilst route numbers 33b, 33x, 41x, 142, 747 and 757 are accessible within 450m of the subject site access as detailed in Figure 2.7 below.

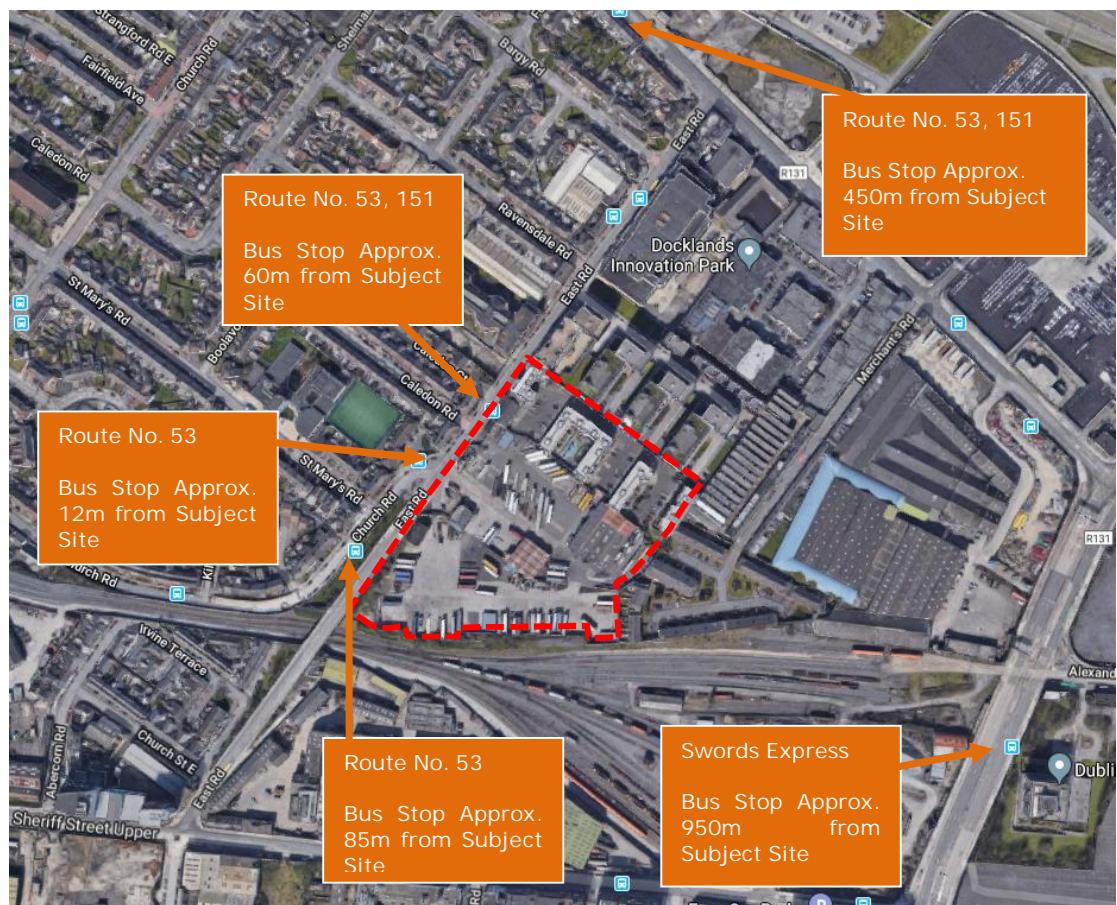


Figure 2.7: Bus Interchange Locations

- 2.3.9 The Swords Express, which operates daily services, is also accessible along the East Wall Road approximately 950m southeast of the subject site.

2.3.10 These Dublin Bus operated bus services operate on a daily basis and offer relatively frequent schedules as summarised in Table 2.1 below. Detailed route maps for each of the bus services and the various destinations that they serve along their routes are shown on the figures contained within Appendix A.

Route No.	Route	Mon – Fri	Sat	Sun
53	Talbot St – Dublin Ferryport	13	13	7
151	Docklands (East Rd) – Foxborough (Balgaddy Rd)	48	46	31
33b	Swords – Portrane	24	22	18
33x	Custom House Quay/ St. Stephen's Green – Skerries	5*	no service	no service
41x	UCD Belfield – Knocksedan	3*	no service	no service
	Knocksedan – UCD Belfield	6*	no service	no service
142	Portmarnock – UCD Belfield	11	no service	no service
747	Heuston Station – Dublin Airport	43	43	60
757	Camden St (Charlotte Way) – Dublin Airport	38	38	35

*excluding Bank Holidays

Table 2.1: Dublin Bus Service Frequency – no. of services (Source www.dublinbus.ie)

Public Transport - Heavy Rail Network

2.3.11 The Docklands Train Station is located approximately 550m (8-minute walk) walking distance to the south west of the subject site. This interchange provides access to DART and regional Commuter rail services. Furthermore, Connolly Station is only 1400m to the west where additional DART and regional commuter services are available in addition to intercity services. Whilst Heuston Station is accessible via a LUAS connection.

Public Transport – LUAS

2.3.12 The Red Line Luas is also accessible with the 'Spencer Dock' interchange located approximately 650m (8-minute walk) walking distance to the south of the subject site. The LUAS Red Line currently provides access to Busaras, Connolly Station, Dublin City Centre, Hueston Railway Station, Tallaght and Saggart in addition to other intermediate destinations along its route.

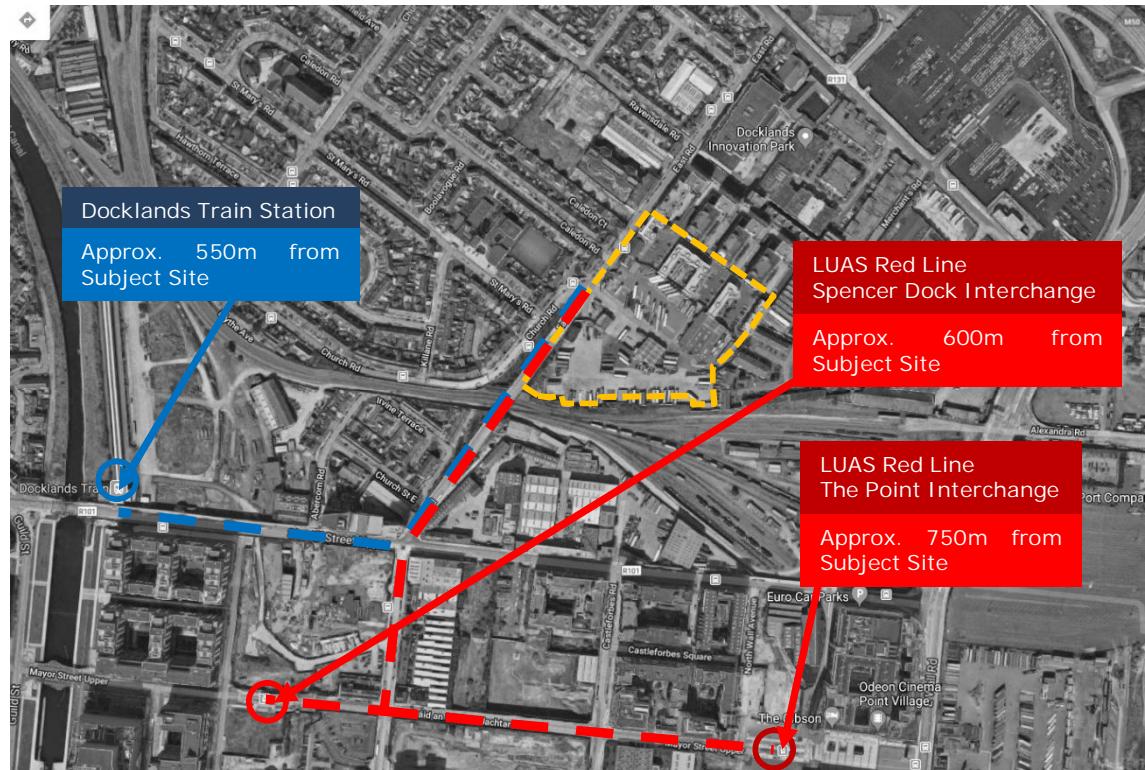


Figure 2.8: Train Station and LUAS Interchange Locations

2.4 EMERGING TRANSPORT DEVELOPMENTS

Cycle Network Proposals

- 2.4.1 The subject site is located within the '*Dublin City Centre Sector*' within the Greater Dublin Area Cycle Network Plan (2013). According to the GDA Plan '*The Dublin City Centre Sector is defined by the Royal Canal and Grand Canal ring on the northern, eastern and southern side. The western boundary is taken as about 0.5km west of a north-south line between Phibsborough and Harold's Cross, and includes areas such as Pimlico, Thomas Street, Manor Street and Grangegorman. This area includes the commercial heart of the city where most employment is concentrated. It excludes the mostly residential areas within the canal ring further west, as these are in effect inner suburbs that do not attract significant numbers of non-local inward trips. On the other hand, the recently redeveloped Docklands area spreads a little way east of the canal ring and has been included in the City Centre sector as it contains significant employment*'.
- 2.4.2 In the vicinity of the subject site the following route additions are proposed (Figure 2.9):-

- Secondary Route 1E (adjacent to the site) - branches off Route 1A at Clontarf Road and provides an alternative link to the Docklands area via East Wall;
- Primary Route 5: Docklands to the North West Sector along the Liffey Quays to Heuston Station, and then through the Phoenix Park to Castleknock and Blanchardstown;
- Royal Canal Greenway from Sheriff Street in the Docklands to Drumcondra Road past Croke Park stadium (partly in place west of North Strand)
- Primary Route NO1: North Circular Route at the outer edge of the city centre, from Route 1 at Five Lamps westwards to Phibsborough and eastwards to the Docklands; and
- Secondary Route C8: - North Circular Road East: From Royal Canal Bank at Phibsborough eastward to Docklands.



Figure 2.9: Proposed Cycle Network Enhancements (extract Sheet N1a GDA CNP)

Public Transport Proposals

2.4.3 Map J of the Dublin City Development Plan 2016-2022 presents both the existing and proposed public transport routes in the region. An extract of this map

illustrating the existing and proposed routes in the vicinity of the subject development site is presented in Figure 2.10 below.

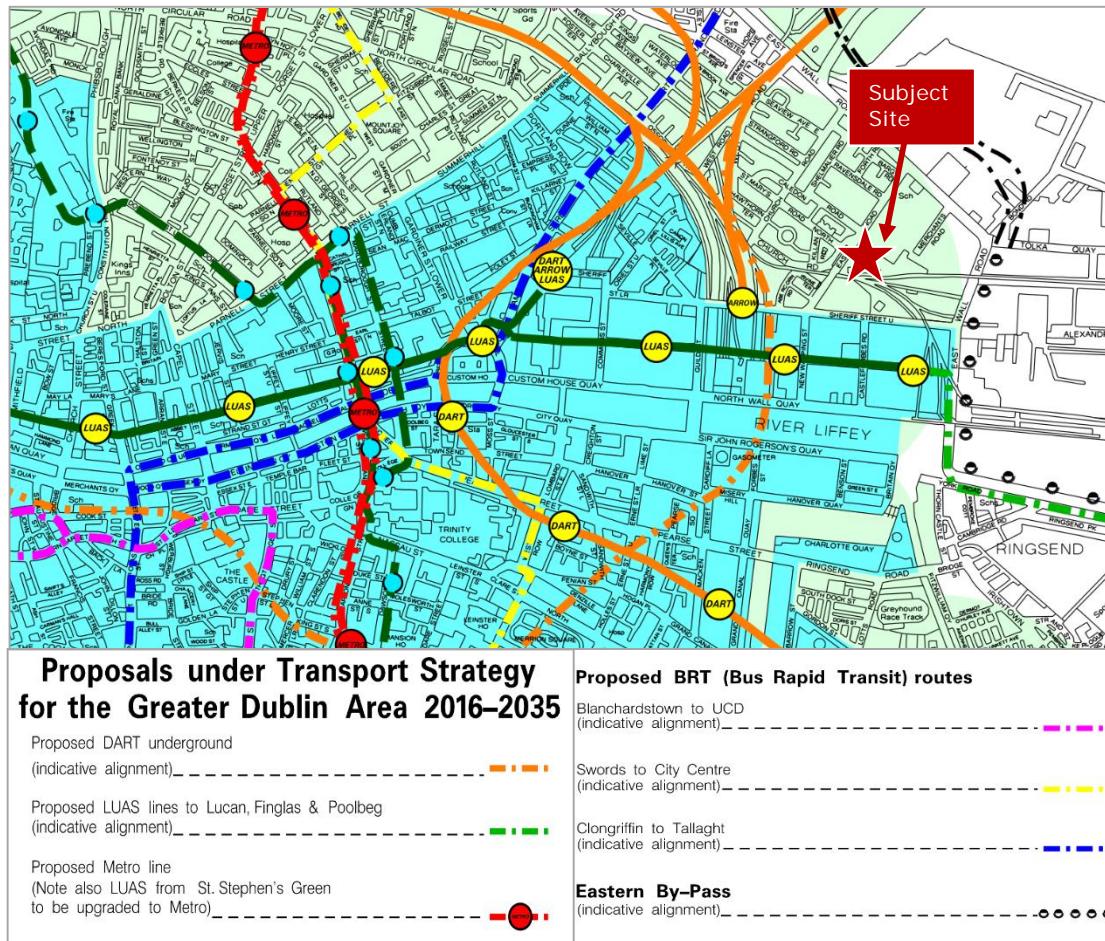


Figure 2.10: DCC Existing & Proposed Public Transport Routes in the Vicinity of the Subject Site

Bus Route Proposals

- 2.4.4 The Transport Strategy for the Greater Dublin Area (2016-2035) introduces the following three potential Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) routes:-
- Airport/Swords – City Centre (subject to amendments in parallel with new Metro North scheme proposals),
 - Clongriffin – Tallaght, and
 - Blanchardstown – UCD.
- 2.4.5 Figure 2.11 below presents the proposed routes for these three BRT schemes. The proposed Clongriffin – Tallaght BRT will, when operational, be easily accessible from the subject site with the nearest proposed stop located within walking distance to the east at Connolly Station.

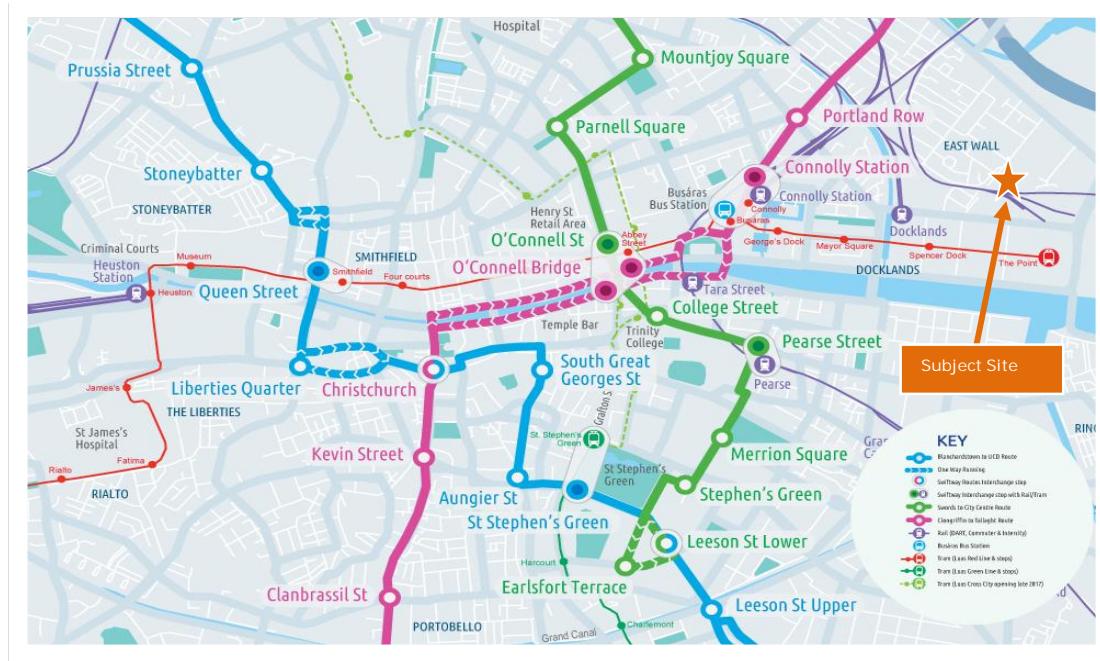


Figure 2.11: Proposed Bus Rapid Transit Schemes

BusConnects

2.4.6 The National Transport Authority (NTA) has recently published a consultation report entitled 'Dublin Area Bus Network Redesign Public Consultation Report'. The report introduces a number of significant changes to the bus services within Dublin including: -

- *"Services to be arranged along seven cross-city super-frequent spines"*
- *Dramatic increase in the numbers of orbital services*
- *Increase in the number of all-day high-frequency services*
- *Move to a simplified two-fare system*
- *A new route numbering system".*

"Under the proposals, the level of bus service will increase by 27%. This includes services on 11 brand-new orbital routes that will operate on a 15-minute frequency or better, in the north, south and west of the network area."

2.4.7 The public consultation for BusConnects ran from July to September 28th, 2018. Figure 2.12 & 2.13 below indicate the existing and the proposed bus service midday frequencies in the vicinity of the subject site, prior to and after the BusConnects network redesign.

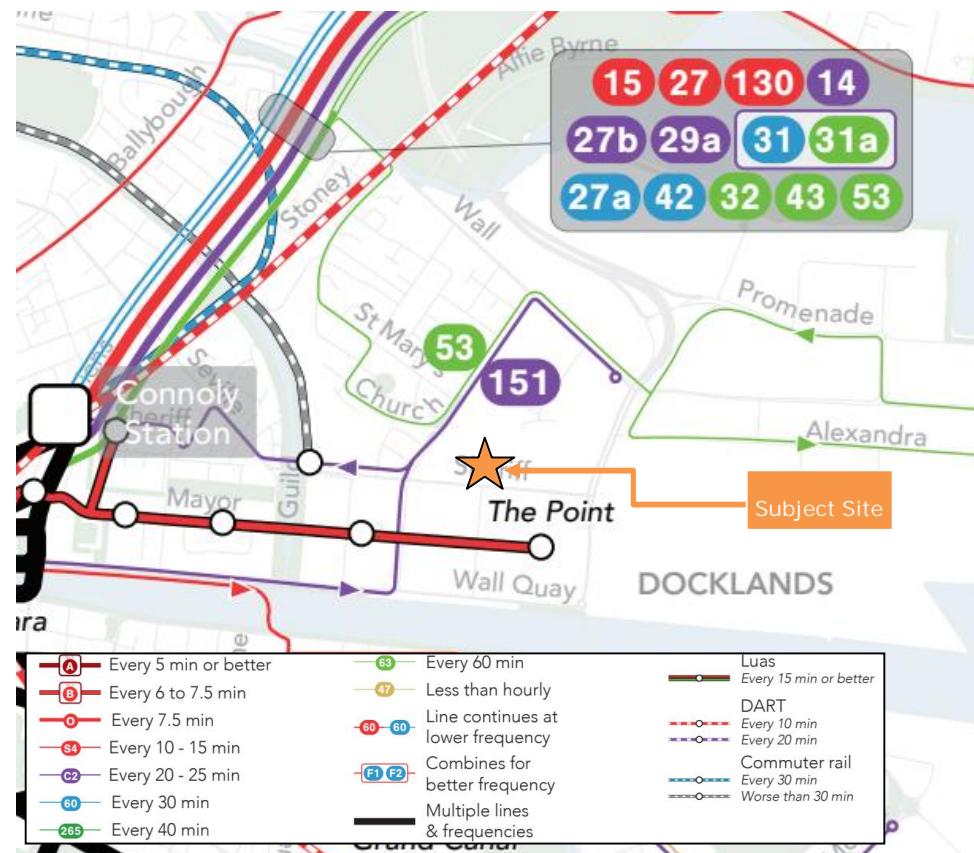


Figure 2.12: Existing Public Transport Services (weekday midday frequency)

(Extract of Map 1 - <https://busconnects.ie/initiatives/dublin-area-bus-network-redesign-maps/>)



Figure 2.13: Proposed Public Transport Services (weekday midday frequency)

(Extract of Map 2 - <https://busconnects.ie/initiatives/dublin-area-bus-network-redesign-maps/>)

- 2.4.8 Under the BusConnects proposals, the following routes will be available within the immediate vicinity of the subject site:-
- Route N4: "*N4 extends from Blanchardstown to Spencer's Dock in the North Docklands, generally following Glasnevin Road and Collins Avenue. This orbital provides a new direct Docklands service from a large area of north Dublin City, and is the orbital for Dublin City University. With service every 10 minutes all day, this is expected to be the busiest of the northern orbitals.*"
 - Route 63: "*is an hourly route from the city centre to Citywest. This hourly route is designed to serve very small low-demand areas not reachable by other more frequent routes, generally near the Luas Red Line but not close enough to a station*".
- 2.4.9 As part of the BusConnects public consultation, maps are available to show how the proposed changes will affect each area. Figure 2.14 below indicates the areas reachable within 30, 45- and 60-minute journey times.
- 2.4.10 The travel times of 30, 45 and 60 minutes are based upon the following parameters:-
- The times/distances are based upon the public transport frequencies between 09:00-15:00 weekdays;
 - There is the assumption that the waiting time for a particular service is half the time of the bus frequency (i.e. if the frequency of the bus is 20 minutes, there is an estimated 10-minute wait time); and
 - There are higher frequencies available on some routes during the AM and PM peak hour periods, however this is not applicable to the routes which are within walking distance of the subject site.
- 2.4.11 The maps also provide information regarding how many more jobs that are accessible from a particular location within the 30, 45 and 60-minute travel time. It can be seen from Table 2.5 below, that residents of the subject site will have the benefit of being able to gain convenient access to an additional 25,400 jobs within a 30-minute travel when compared to the existing bus services.

How Many More Jobs Can I Reach?			
Travel Time	Jobs in Existing	Jobs in Proposed	% Change
30 mins	232,200	257,600	+11%
45 mins	373,000	405,600	+9%
60 mins	547,700	555,400	+1%

Table 2.5: % Change in Number of Jobs Accessible before/after BusConnects Implementation

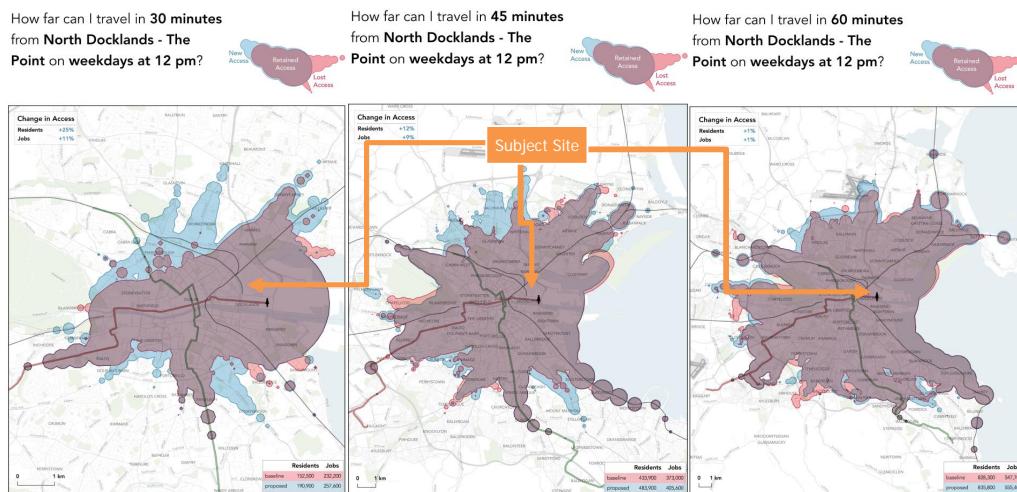


Figure 2.14: Areas Reachable Within 30, 45, and 60 minutes by Bus

- 2.4.12 The subject site on East Road is ideally located to benefit from the enhanced accessibility levels delivered by the BusConnects proposals.

DART Proposals

- 2.4.13 The DART Expansion Programme will see the DART system expanded, providing fast, high-frequency electrified services to Drogheda on the Northern Line, Hazelhatch on the Kildare Line, Maynooth and M3 Parkway on the Maynooth/Sligo Line, while continuing to provide DART services on the South-Eastern Line as far south as Greystones (Figure 2.15).
- 2.4.14 The DART Expansion Programme also incorporates the DART Underground Project, which is an underground rail link through the City Centre, allowing DART services to operate on the Kildare line and travel through the Phoenix Park tunnel, enabling passengers to connect with DART services on the other three rail lines.

2.4.15 A location for a DART underground station has been proposed for the Docklands Train Station, located approximately within 8-minutes walking distance from the subject site.

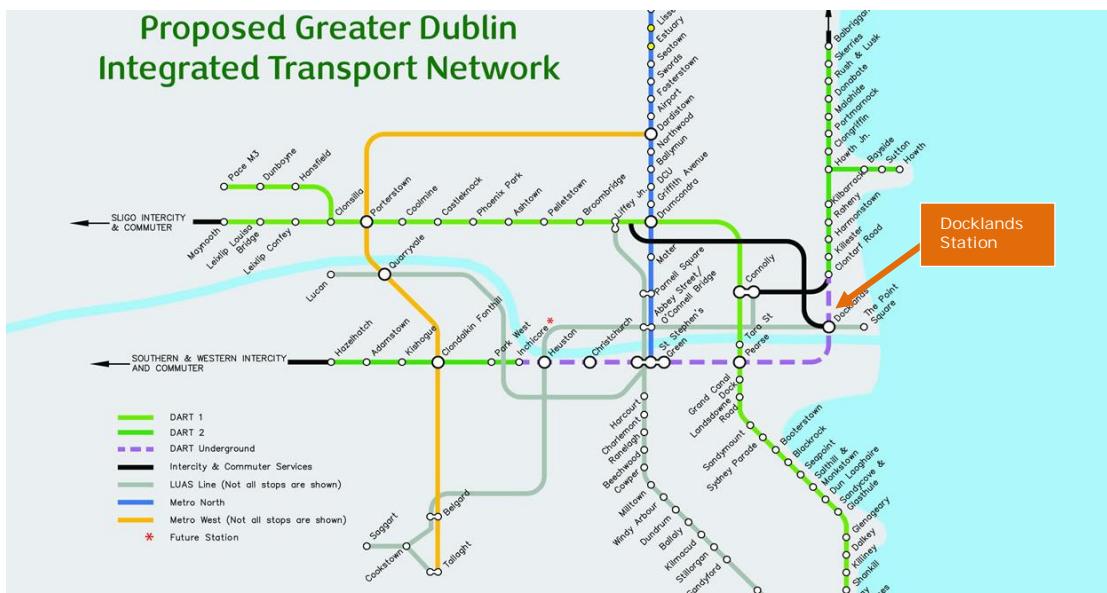


Figure 2.15: Proposed Greater Dublin Integrated Transport Network

Road & Bridge Infrastructure Proposals

2.4.16 As outlined within both the Dublin City Council Development Plan (2016-2022), and the North Lotts & Grand Canal Dock Planning Scheme 2014, there are objectives for the provision of the following road and bridge infrastructure/improvement schemes within the six-year period of the Development Plan (Ref. Figure 2.16):-

- *Roads*
 - *East Wall Road/Sheriff Street to North Quays*
- *Bridges*
 - *Two new bridges proposed as part of the North Lotts and Grand Canal Dock SDZ, plus Dodder Bridge*

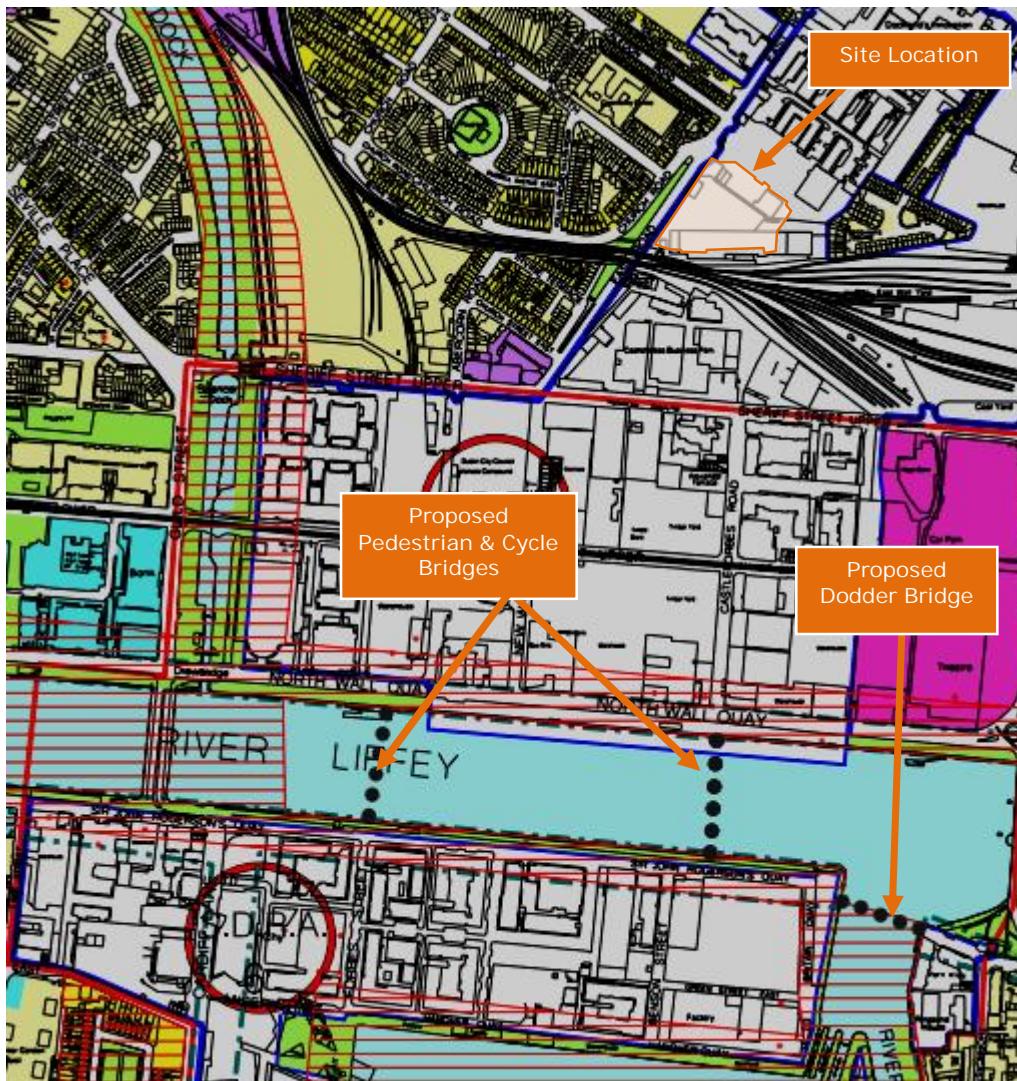


Figure 2.16: Proposed Bridge Infrastructure (Ref. DCC Development Plan Map E)

Proposed Amendments to North Lotts and Grand Canal Planning Scheme 2014
(February 2018)

- 2.4.17 In February 2018 Dublin City Council made a request to ABP to make amendments to the North Lotts and Grand Canal Planning Scheme 2014 stating:-
'The proposed amendments would allow for the effective relocation of two pedestrian/cycle bridges from the locations shown in the Planning Scheme document, and in response to changed circumstances'.
- 2.4.18 As indicated in Figure 2.16 above, the North Lotts and Grand Canal Dock SDZ Planning Scheme contains objectives to provide two separate pedestrian/cycle bridges across the River Liffey, at Forbes Street and Castleforbes Road.

2.4.19 The proposed amendment now seeks to revise the locations of these, replacing them with bridges at (Ref. Figure 2.17):-

(a) New Wapping Street/Blood Stoney Road, and...

(b) Immediately west of, and parallel to the existing Tom Clarke (former 'East Link') Bridge, which connects North Wall Quay with the southern side of the River.'

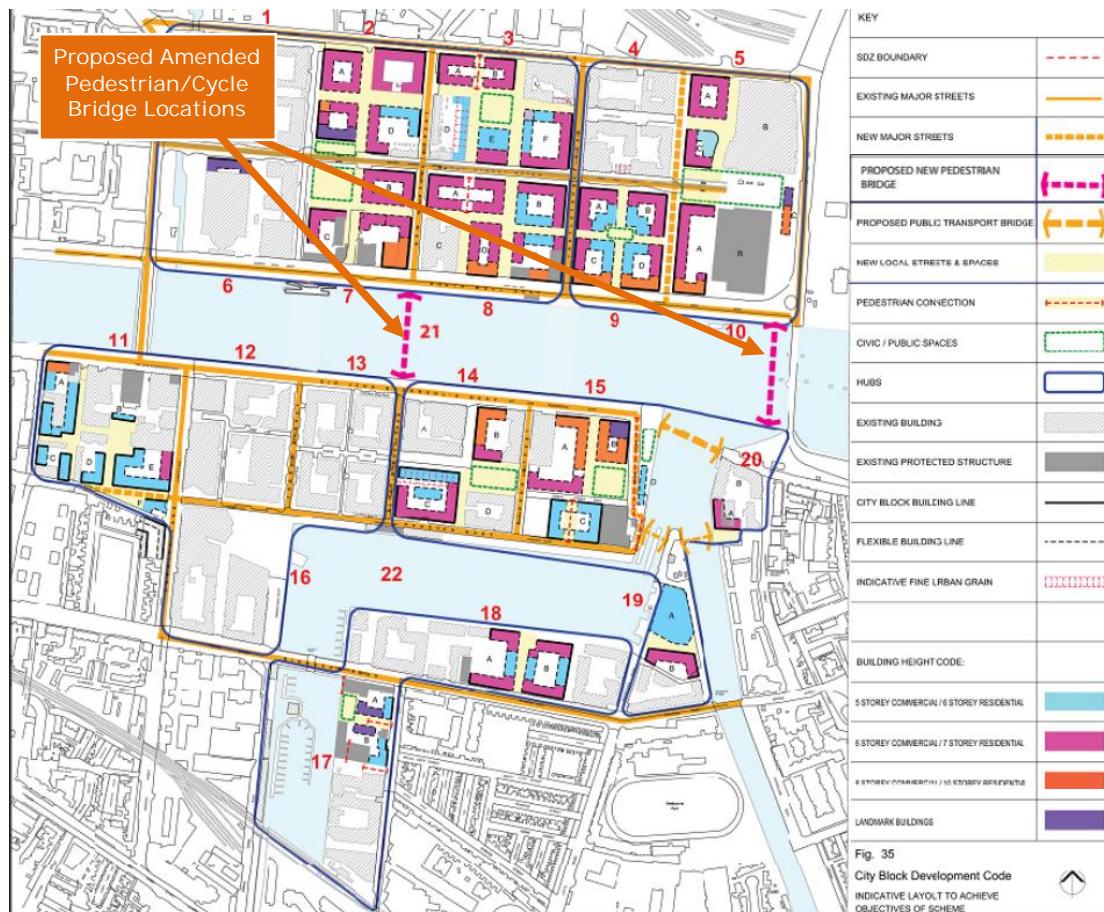


Figure 2.17: Proposed Bridge Infrastructure (source: <http://www.dublindocklands.ie>)

Timescales

2.4.20 The implementation of the above infrastructure schemes will be subject to further design, public consultation, approval, and importantly availability of funding and resources.

2.5 RSA COLLISION HISTORY

- 2.5.1 The collision statistics on the Road Safety Authority (RSA) website were reviewed in order to ascertain the safety record of the local road network over the most recent ten-year period. This includes information for the years 2005 to 2014 inclusive and indicates basic information on all reported incidents. It should be noted that information relating to reported incidents for the years 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 is not yet available on the Road Safety Authority (RSA) website.
- 2.5.2 The RSA records detail only those occasions where the incident was officially recorded such as the Garda being present to formally record details of the incident. According to the RSA website there were thirteen reported incidents within the immediate vicinity of the subject scheme, as detailed in the following paragraphs (Figure 2.18).

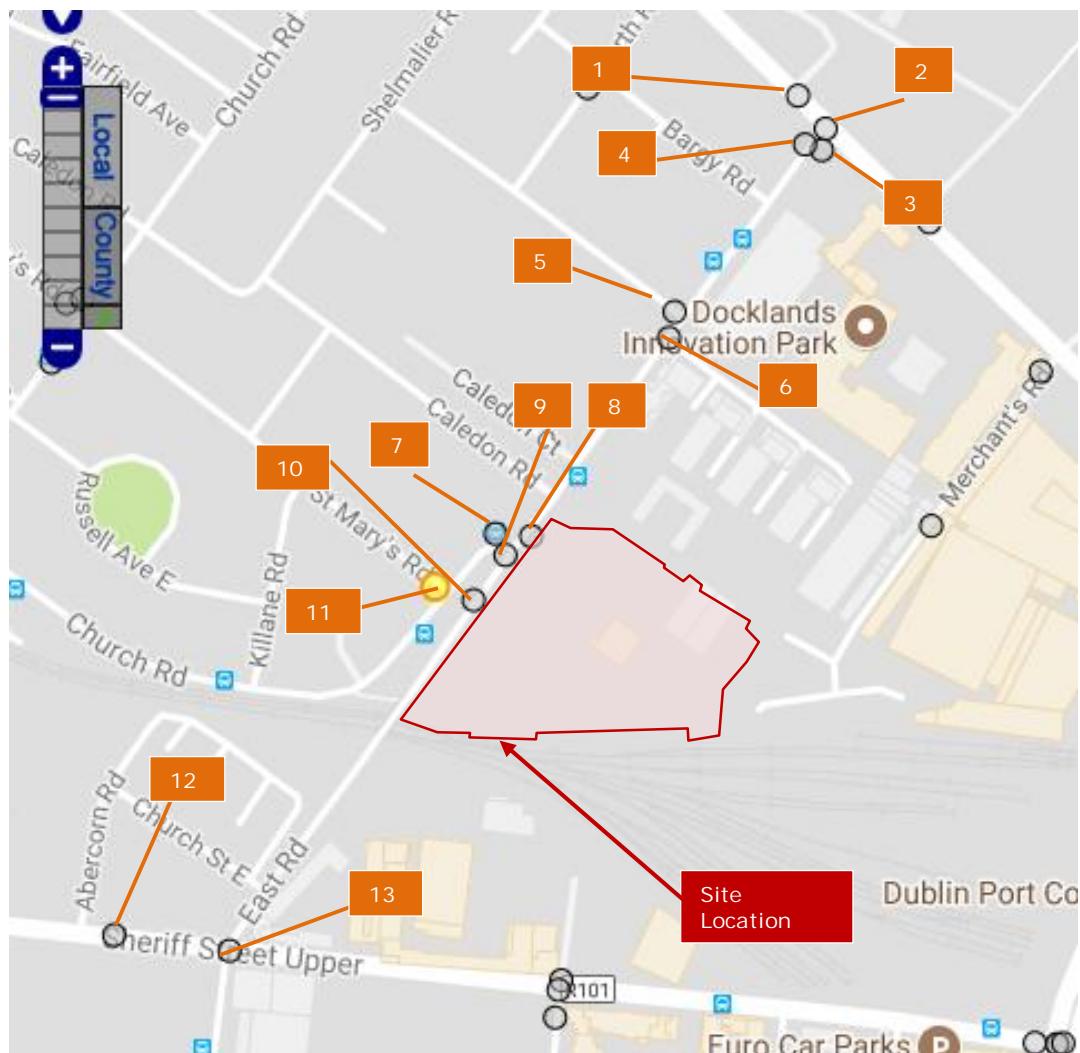


Figure 2.18: Collision Records - (source www.rsa.ie)

- 2.5.3 The review of the RSA data reveals that all incidents recorded along East Road have been classified as 'Minor'. Whilst there one 'Serious' incident occurred on Church Road, to the south west of the Church Rd/East Rd junction.
- 2.5.4 In reference to Figure 2.18 above and Table 2.2 below incident numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 occurred in the vicinity of the East Rd/East Wall Rd junction and resulted in one minor casualty each.
- 2.5.5 Incident numbers 5 & 6 occurred in vicinity of the priority-controlled junction at East Rd/Ravensdale Rd, both resulting in a single minor casualty.

Ref	Year	Vehicle	Circumstances	Day	Time	Severity	Total Casualties
1	2005	Car	Rear end, straight	Sat	16:00-19:00	Minor	1
2	2014	Bicycle	Other	Sat	23:00-03:00	Minor	1
3	2008	Car	Angle, right turn	Wed	03:00-07:00	Minor	1
4	2009	Car	Other	Mon	16:00-19:00	Minor	1
5	2009	Car	Other	Tue	19:00-23:00	Minor	1
6	2012	Car	Rear end, straight	Fri	23:00-03:00	Minor	1
7	2006	LGV	Other	Wed	07:00-10:00	Minor	1
8	2006	n/a	Pedestrian	Sat	10:00-16:00	Minor	1
9	2011	Bicycle	Other	Tue	19:00-23:00	Minor	1
10	2006	Car	Pedestrian	Mon	10:00-16:00	Minor	1
11	2006	Car	Angle, right turn	Wed	10:00-16:00	Serious	1
12	2014	Bicycle	Other	Sat	07:00-10:00	Minor	1
13	2007	Car	Angle, both straight	Mon	10:00-16:00	Minor	1

Table 2.2: Collision Records - (source www.rsa.ie)

- 2.5.6 Incident numbers 7, 8, 9 & 10 occurred in the vicinity of the Church Road/East Road/Site Access junction on East Road. All 4 incidents resulted in one minor casualty each. The circumstances of two of these incidents involved pedestrians, whilst the remaining two were cited as 'other'.
- 2.5.7 Incident number 11 occurred in the vicinity of St Mary's Rd/Church Rd priority - controlled junction, involved a right turning car. The incident resulted in one serious casualty.
- 2.5.8 Incident numbers 12 & 13 occurred in the vicinity of the East Rd/Sheriff St/New Wapping St signal-controlled junction both resulting in a single minor casualty.
- 2.5.9 Without the provision of more detailed collision data, DBFL have concluded that there are no apparent significant trends in the collisions occurring on and in the vicinity of the proposed developments site access junction on East Road.

3.0 POLICY FRAMEWORK

3.1 THE DUBLIN CITY DEVELOPMENT PLAN

- 3.1.1 The Dublin City Council Development Plan 2016-2022 sets out the policies and objectives for sustainable development in the County up to 2022. It has been prepared in accordance with the requirements and various provisions of the Planning and Development Act 2000 as amended and the Planning and Development (Strategic Environmental Assessment Regulations 2004).
- 3.1.2 The Development Plan states that *"The ultimate purpose of the development plan is social, providing for people's needs in all aspects of their lives and across their life cycle in areas such as housing, employment, recreation, social and commercial services, in a sustainable manner. This is reflected in the three principles of the core strategy and in every chapter of the development plan. The social purpose of the development plan is complemented by the Local Economic and Community Plan."*
- 3.1.3 In the context of the subject proposals, the following are the relevant transport and development policies set out in the plan:

Integrated Land-use and Transportation Policies & Objectives

- *MTO1: To encourage intensification and mixed-use development along existing and planned public transport corridors and at transport nodes where sufficient public transport capacity and accessibility exists to meet the sustainable transport requirements of the development, having regard to conservation policies set out elsewhere in this plan and the need to make best use of urban land ...*

Public Transport Policies & Objectives

- *MT3: To support and facilitate the development of an integrated public transport network with efficient interchange between transport modes, serving the existing and future needs of the city in association with relevant transport providers, agencies and stakeholders.*

- **MTO2:** To support the development and implementation of integrated ticketing and real time passenger information systems across the public transport network in association with relevant transport providers and agencies. Progress on the integration of Dublin shared bike scheme and Leap Card schemes will be monitored.
- **MTO4:** To support improvements to the city's bus network and related services to encourage greater usage of public transport in accordance with the objectives of the NTA's strategy and the Government's 'Smarter Travel' document.

Promoting Active Travel: Cycling & Walking Policies & Objectives

- **MT7:** To improve the city's environment for walking and cycling through the implementation of improvements to thoroughfares and junctions and also through the development of new and safe routes, including the provision of foot and cycle bridges. Routes within the network will be planned in conjunction with green infrastructure objectives and on foot of (inter alia) the NTA's Cycle Network Plan for the Greater Dublin Area, and the National Cycle Manual, having regard to policy G15 and objective G1018.
- **MTO8:** To promote and facilitate, in co-operation with key agencies and stakeholders, the provision of high density cycle parking facilities at appropriate locations, taking into consideration (inter alia) the NTAs Cycle Network Plan, Dublin City Centre Cycle Parking Strategy, and Dublin City Council's Public Realm Strategy.
- **MTO9:** To develop, within the lifetime of this plan, the Strategic Cycle Network for Dublin city - connecting key city centre destinations to the wider city and the national cycle network, and to implement the NTA's Greater Dublin Area Cycle Network Plan to bring forward planning and design of the Santry River Greenway, incorporating strongly integrative social and community development initiatives.
- **MTO10:** "To improve existing cycleways and bicycle priority measures throughout the city, and to create guarded cycle lanes, where appropriate and feasible".

- **MTO11:** To review the 30kph speed limit that applies within the city centre (i.e. area between the canals).
- **MTO12:** (i) To monitor the success of the shared bike scheme and to expand it to the entire city, in accordance with the content of the dublinbikes Strategic Planning Framework 2011-2016 or any subsequent review (ii) That developers will agree to fund the provision of a shared bike station near large developments, as community gain.
- **MTO18:** To develop a high-quality pedestrian environment at new public transport interchanges and to consider the needs of pedestrians in the design of all infrastructure projects.
- **MTO21:** To avail of opportunities to increase footpath widths particularly within the city centre where appropriate.

Mobility Management & Travel Planning Policies & Objectives

- **MT13:** To promote best practice mobility management and travel planning to balance car use to capacity and provide for necessary mobility via sustainable transport modes.
- **MTO23:** To require Travel Plans and Transport Assessments for all relevant new developments and/or extensions or alterations to existing developments,
- **MT14:** To minimise loss of on-street car parking, whilst recognizing that some loss of spaces is required for, or in relation to, sustainable transport provision, access to new developments, or public realm improvements.
- **MT15:** To discourage commuter parking and to ensure adequate but not excessive parking provision for short-term shopping, business and leisure uses.
- **MT16:** To control the supply and price of all parking in the city in order to achieve sustainable transportation policy objectives.
- **MT17:** To provide for sustainable levels of car parking and car storage in residential schemes in accordance with development plan car parking standards (section 16.38) so as to promote city centre living and reduce the requirement for car parking.

- *MT18: To encourage new ways of addressing the parking needs of residents (such as car clubs) to reduce the requirement for car parking.*
- *MT19: To safeguard the residential parking component in mixed-use developments*
- *MTO26: To progressively eliminate all 'free' onstreet parking, both within the canals and in adjacent areas where there is evidence of 'all day' commuter parking, through the imposition of appropriate parking controls, including disc parking.*

Road & Bridge Improvements

- *MT20: To increase capacity of public transport, cycling and walking, where required, in order to achieve sustainable transportation policy objectives. Any works undertaken will include as an objective, enhanced provision for safety, public transportation, cyclists and pedestrians, and will be subject to environmental and conservation considerations.*
- *MTO31: To initiate and/or implement the following road improvement schemes and bridges within the six year period of the development plan, subject to the availability of funding and environmental requirements and compliance with the 'Principles of Road Development' set out in the NTA Transport Strategy.*
 - *Roads*
 - *East Wall Road/Sheriff Street to North Quays*
 - *Bridges*
 - *Dodder Bridge*
 - *Three new bridges proposed as part of the North Lotts and Grand Canal Dock SDZ.*

3.2 NORTH LOTTS & GRAND CANAL DOCK PLANNING SCHEME 2014

Proposed Infrastructure

- 3.2.1 As outlined in the North Lotts & Grand Canal Dock Planning Scheme 2014, '*the following infrastructure is necessary to fill in the existing gaps in infrastructure and to improve the facilities for public transport, walking and cycling.*'

- “*the two proposed pedestrian/cyclist bridges across the Liffey are crucial to improving connectivity within the SDZ and the Docklands area..” (Figure 3.1)*
- “*The Dodder Bridge is also a crucial piece of infrastructure providing linkage eastwards to Poolbeg. This bridge would enable the provision of increased bus transport to serve the entire area as well as providing an important pedestrian and cyclist link eastwards to link residents with Dublin Bay.”*

Movement Policies & Objectives

3.2.2 *With respect to Movement, the Planning scheme identifies the following polices & objectives:-*

- **MV1** *To continue to promote the modal shift from private car use towards increased use of more sustainable forms of transport such as cycling, walking and public transport and to implement the initiatives contained in the Government’s ‘Smarter Travel, A Sustainable Transport Future 2009-2020’.*
- **MV2** *To support and facilitate the development of an integrated public transport network with efficient interchange between transport modes, to serve the existing and future needs of all ages in association with relevant transport providers, agencies and stakeholders and to facilitate the integration of walking and cycling with public transport.*
- **MV3** *To provide additional cycle and pedestrian bridges across the canals and rivers in the SDZ to form part of strategic cycling and walking routes.*
- **MV4** *To create and support a well-designed network of pedestrian infrastructure to promote and facilitate walking and cycling; provide priority for pedestrians and cyclists along key desire lines, developing routes within the Docklands and linking with the surrounding walking and cycling networks in Dublin City.*
- **MV5** *To require provision of good quality end of trip facilities to encourage walking and cycling such as secure and weather-proof bike stands, lockers, showers, changing and drying rooms.*

- **MV6** To support the extension of the dublinbikes scheme throughout the area.
- **MV7** To discourage commuter parking and to ensure adequate but not excessive parking provision for short-term shopping, business and leisure use.
- **MV8** To provide appropriate levels of car parking to serve a range of uses in accordance with the City Development Plan car parking standards (Section 17.40).
- **MV9** To provide for sustainable levels of car parking and car storage in residential schemes in accordance with the City Development Plan car parking standards (Section 17.40) so as to promote apartment living for all age groups and family types.
- **MV10** To promote best practice mobility management and travel planning to balance car use to capacity and provide for necessary mobility via sustainable transport modes.
- **MV11** To support the function of the strategic road network through the Docklands and support the operation of primary routes for appropriate levels and types of traffic.
- **MV13** To encourage the use of innovative measures, such as car clubs, to reduce the requirement for car parking.
- **MV14** To require Travel Plans and Transport Assessments for all relevant developments and/ or extensions or alterations to existing developments as outlined in Appendices 5 & 6 of the Dublin City Development Plan.
- **MV15** Proposals for new developments shall comply with the standards for cycle parking and associated cycling facilities as set out in section 17.41 of the Dublin City Development Plan.

3.2.3 As outlined in the North Lotts & Grand Canal Dock Planning Scheme 2014, ‘*the following infrastructure is necessary to fill in the existing gaps in infrastructure and to improve the facilities for public transport, walking and cycling.*’

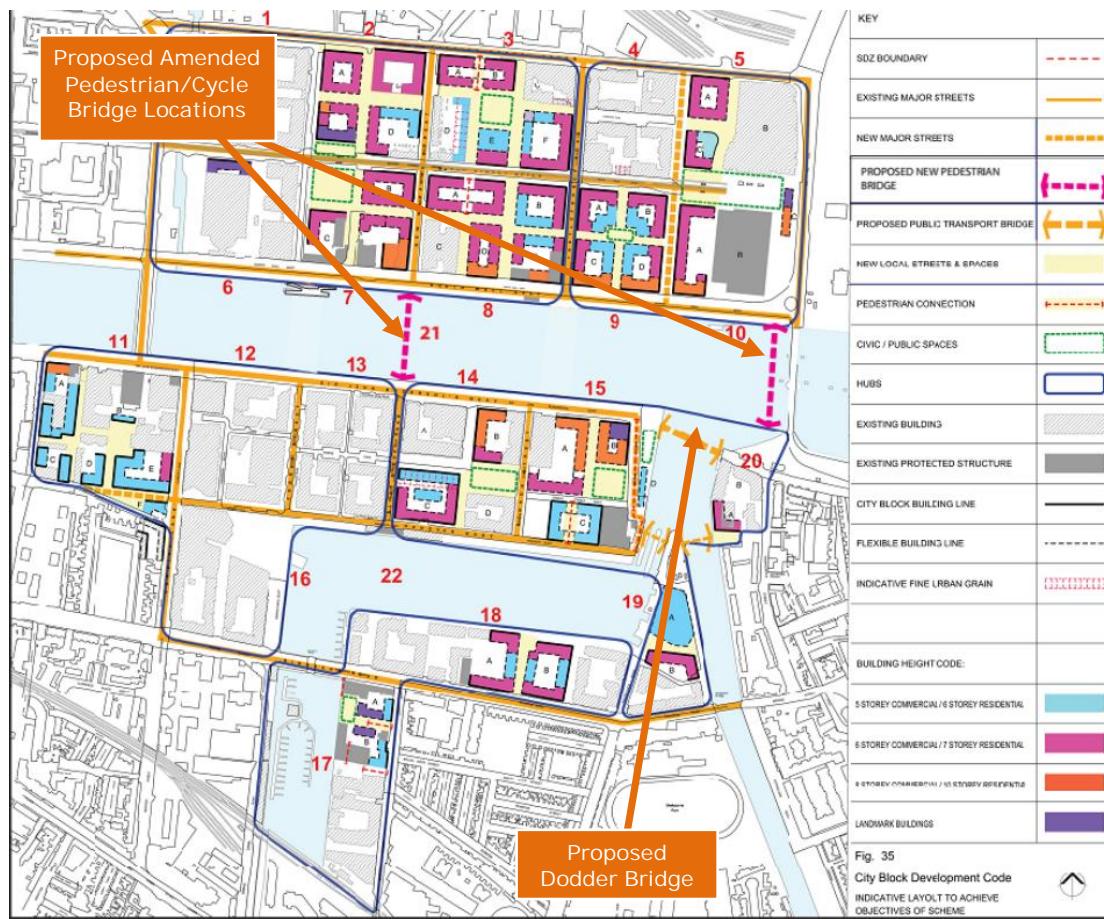


Figure 3.1: Proposed Bridge Infrastructure (source: <http://www.dublindocklands.ie>)

4.0 CHARACTERISTICS OF PROPOSALS

4.1 OVERVIEW

- 4.1.1 The development proposals include the construction of a mixed-use development set out in 9 no. blocks, ranging in height from 3 to 15 storeys to accommodate 554 no. apartments, enterprise space, retail units, foodhub/café/exhibition space, residential amenity, crèche and men's shed. The site will accommodate car parking spaces, bicycle parking, storage, services and plant areas. Landscaping will include a new central public space and residential podium courtyards.

Enterprise Hub

- 4.1.2 The Enterprise Hub aspect of the East Road development will be run by Element78, who will be responsible for the delivery of an enterprise management plan and on-site duty management of the Enterprise Hub. The Enterprise space will feature units/space of varying sizes which will include retail, office, touchdown zones, flexible breakout areas, digital demonstration, café and exhibition zones.
- 4.1.3 This type of flexible working space does not adopt the typical 9-5 working approach, instead the anticipated entrepreneurial clientele would work flexible hours (outside of normal office hours) to suit their own timescales. The reception area at the Enterprise Hub will be centrally managed on-site enabling the spaces to be used for multiple purposes on a 24/7 basis. This active management style attracts more enterprise companies into the facility allowing them to rent space by the hour, day, week or year. It also allows the space to host on-site events, and activities that directly respond to the needs of start-ups, local communities and businesses.
- 4.1.4 Similar examples of these types of developments internationally to date can be seen at Media City in Manchester, whilst examples of the Exhibition & Crossover space can be seen at Kraak in Berlin, Edinburgh's 'The Forest', London 'Drink, Shop & Do' and Cardiff's 'Milgi'.
- 4.1.5 Further details of the development proposals including the site layout and transport network arrangements are illustrated in the architects' scheme drawings as submitted with this planning application.

4.2 SITE ACCESS

- 4.2.1 The subject site will benefit from one vehicle access which will be provided on East Road as shown in Figure 4.1 below. The proposed access will be incorporated into the Church Road/East Road priority-controlled junction and will include the upgrading of the aforementioned junction to traffic signal controlled. This access will be utilised by all modes of transport travelling to/from the proposed development.
- 4.2.2 The existing traffic signals and carriageway arrangement at the 'metering' traffic signal arrangement on East Road at the rail bridge permit only a single lane of traffic to travel through the signals at any one time. On-site observations undertaken by DBFL have revealed this arrangement serves the dual purpose of traffic 'metering' and traffic calming on East Road, i.e. reducing the attractiveness of the East Rd-Sherriff Road as a 'through route' by the delays arising from the single lane of traffic permitted to travel through the signals.
- 4.2.3 The upgrading of the Church Road/East Road junction to traffic signal controlled will enable the removal of the existing traffic signal controls at the rail bridge which will be beneficial for a number of reasons including:-
- (i) the allocation of dedicated traffic signal stages to the two minor arms of the junction (i.e. Church Road and the site access road), will effectively impose journey time delays to the north-south traffic movements on East Road, thereby replicating the traffic calming effects of the traffic signals at the rail bridge.
 - (ii) Should Dublin City Council seek to provide additional journey time delays/metering of through traffic on East Road, it will be achievable by adjusting the signal timings at the junction.
 - (iii) The proposed upgraded junction arrangement will provide dedicated pedestrian crossing facilities (for all travel desire lines), thereby removing the existing lengthy uncontrolled crossings and the associated safety risks that they present to pedestrians at this vehicle dominated location.
 - (iv) The proposed upgraded junction arrangement will improve the existing restricted visibility available for vehicle drivers exiting Church Road, caused by existing ongoing inappropriate parking practices at the junction.

- (v) The proposed upgraded junction arrangement will control the speed at which vehicles can travel through the junction with the provision of reduced junction corner radii thereby providing a marked improvement over the existing situation.
- (vi) The proposed upgraded junction arrangement will enable the provision of approximately 82m north-eastbound and 124m south-westbound of cycle lanes along the subject site boundary on East Road. This route is identified as a secondary cycle route in the Greater Dublin Area Cycle Network Plan.
- (vii) The proposed junction arrangement allows the provision of 4 formal car parking spaces (2 of which are allocated to a car share facility) on East Road adjacent to the subject site.

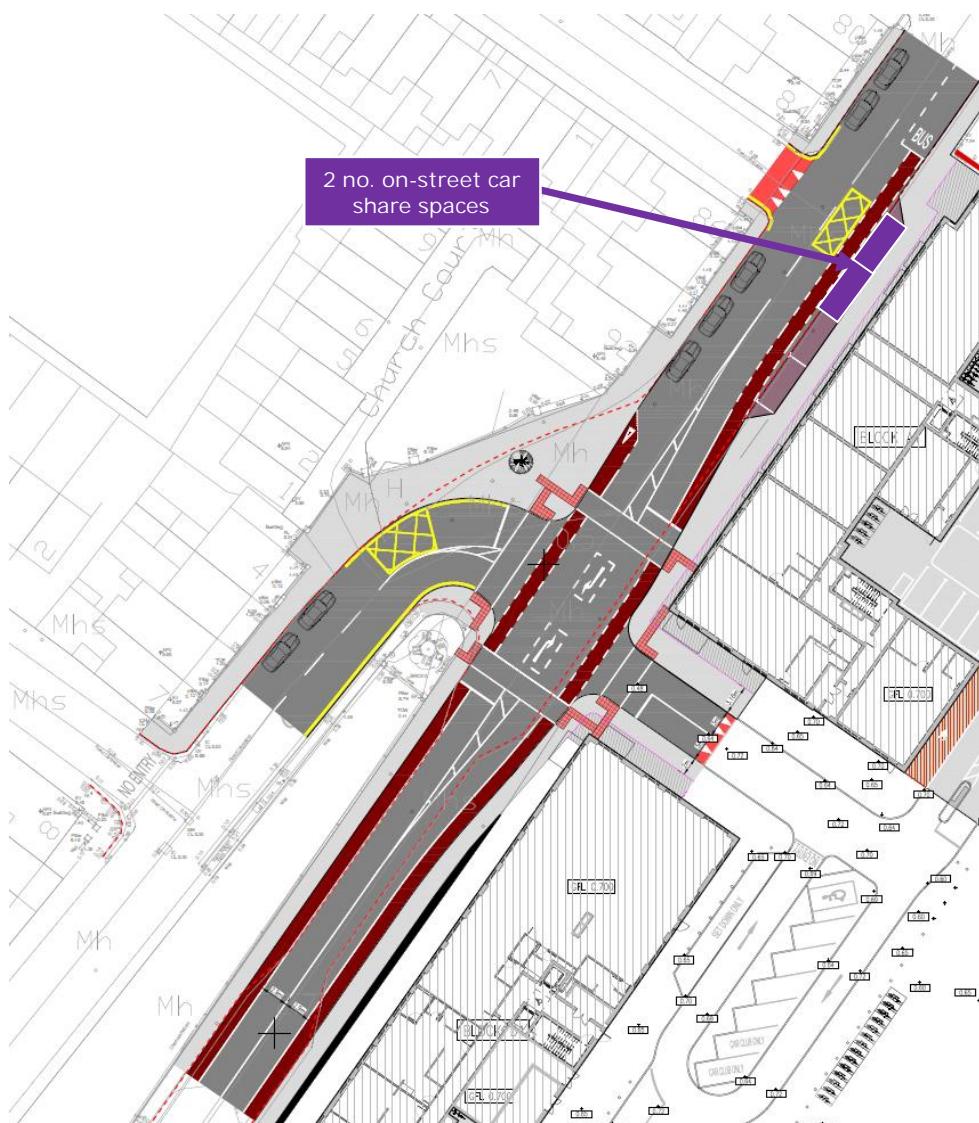


Figure 4.1: Proposed Site Access

Pedestrians and Cyclists Improvements

- 4.2.4 The subject site will be highly accessible to pedestrians and cyclists from East Road. Pedestrians will be given priority within the internal site layout to ensure desire lines within the site are accommodated providing a good level of service and ensures the risk of vehicle/pedestrian conflict with vehicles is minimised.
- 4.2.5 The proposed upgraded junction arrangement at the site access junction will provide dedicated pedestrian crossing facilities (for all travel desire lines).
- 4.2.6 The development proposals include the provision of approximately 82m north-eastbound and 124m south-westbound of cycle lanes along the subject site boundary on East Road.

4.3 PARKING STRATEGY

Car Parking

- 4.3.1 The vehicle and cycle parking provision for the subject site are outlined within the separate Parking Strategy document submitted with the planning application. In summary the proposals include the provision of a total of 241 car parking spaces on-site have been allocated as follows:-
 - 227 (including 1 no. car share space) number car parking spaces have been allocated to residents of the 554 number apartment units;
 - 7 number parking spaces have been allocated to staff based at the Enterprise Hub (including the childcare facility staff); and
 - 7 number parking spaces are allocated within the internal court yard to facilitate servicing, short duration parking and childcare facility pickup/drop off.
- 4.3.2 A loading bay has also been provided to facilitate servicing requirements of the Enterprise Hub.

Cycle Parking

- 4.3.3 The appropriate level of cycle parking provision for the proposed development will also be provided in reference to both (i) the Dublin City Council requirements; and (ii) the DHPLG guidelines. The DCC cycle parking standards are detailed in Table 4.1 below: -

Land Use Description	Dublin City Council Parking Requirement			DHPLG Requirements	
	Short Stay/Visitor	Long Stay		Short Stay	Long Stay
Houses and Apartments (All zones)	Visitor Parking decided on a case by case basis		1 space per unit	1 visitor space per 2 units	1 space per bedroom
Enterprise & Employment (Zone 2)	N/A		1 per 100sqm	N/A	N/A
Shops/Main Street/Financial Offices (Zone 2)	N/A		1 per 150sqm	N/A	N/A
Childcare	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 4.1: Cycle Parking Requirements

Land Use Description	Quantity of Units/GFA	Dublin City Council Parking Requirement			DHPLG Requirements			East Road Development Provision		
		Short Stay	Long Stay	Total	Short Stay	Long Stay	Total	Short Stay	Long Stay	Total
Apartments	554	-	554	554	280	885	1165	84	666	750
Enterprise & Employment	2442.5sqm	N/A	24	24	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Shops/Main Street/Financial Offices	1025.2sqm	N/A	7	7	N/A	N/A	N/A	28	32	60
Childcare	538.1sqm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Total		-	585	585	280	885	1165	112	698	810

Table 4.2: Cycle Parking Requirements & Development Provision

- 4.3.4 In reference to Table 4.2 above, the proposals include the provision of a total of 112 short term and 698 long term bicycle parking stands/opportunities (810 in total) on-site within the subject East Road development. The DCC bicycle parking standards are considered to be 'minimum' standards, whereas the DHPLG requirements are considered to be the preferred level of provision in situations where on-site car parking has been substantially or completely removed as permitted in certain situations by the corresponding DHPLG car parking guidance.
- 4.3.5 The level of bicycle parking proposed on-site for the apartment units has been provided in the context that the development car parking proposals are below the DCC development plan standards (e.g. 224 spaces opposed to 554). DBFL consider this reduction to be consistent with the 'substantial' reduction that the DHPLG guidelines recommend and at which the high DHPLG bicycle parking requirements would be of greater relevance. Accordingly, the design approach in regard to the specification of bicycle parking on-site, in the context of the site's accessibility characteristics (including the proposed car parking provision), is considered to be an appropriate number of bicycle parking opportunities on-site,

which is above the DCC cycle parking standards and leans towards the 'maximum' DHPLG requirements.

- 4.3.6 In reference to Table 4.3 below it can be established that the proposed on-site bicycle parking provision of 810 spaces (including Short and Long-term parking spaces) is approximately 37% more than the 585 parking opportunities required by the DCC development management standards.

Standard/Proposed	Type	Apartments	Enterprise Hub	Sub Total
DCC Standards	Short	-	-	-
	Long	554	31	585
	Total	554	31	585
DHPLG Standards	Short	280	-	280
	Long	885	-	885
	Total	1165	-	1165
Proposed	Short	84	28	112
	Long	666	32	698
	Total	750	60	810

Table 4.3: Comparison of Bicycle Parking Provision

- 4.3.7 The specific location of the proposed on-site bicycle parking facilities are graphically illustrated in DBFL Drawing 170200-2001 which accompany the planning application.

Car Share

- 4.3.8 Further to the above car parking provision, a letter of intent has been received from the private car sharing company "GoCAR" to include 3 no. shared car spaces including 2 no. located on East Road adjacent to the subject site and 1 no. within the development site boundary. GoCar members can book cars online or via the app for as little as an hour, then unlock with their phone or GoCar; the keys are in the car, with fuel, insurance and city parking all included. The benefits of such car sharing services include, (i) the reduction of the number of cars on the road and therefore traffic congestion, noise and air pollution; (ii) frees up land traditionally used for private parking spaces but which may not be used, (iii) increases use of public transport, walking and cycling as the need for car ownership is reduced and (iv) Car sharing allows those who cannot afford a car the opportunity to drive, encouraging social inclusivity. The GoCar letter of support can be found in Appendix D of this report.

5.0 TRIP GENERATION AND DISTRIBUTION

5.1 INTRODUCTION

- 5.1.1 The following paragraphs present the process by which the potential level of person trips and associated vehicle trips, potentially generated by the subject mixed-use development have been quantified and subsequently assigned across the local road network.
- 5.1.2 In order to assess the operation of the proposed road network and its future capacity, a traffic model of the existing local road network and proposed links was created. Existing traffic levels were obtained from counts carried out in the vicinity of the subject site access in April 2018 therefore peak hour flows were established i.e. base flows for 2018.

5.2 TRAFFIC SURVEYS

- 5.2.1 A vehicle turning count survey (classified junction turning count) was conducted between 07:30 to 09:30 and 16:30 to 18:30 on Wednesday 25th April 2018 at the following locations (Figure 5.1):-
- Junction 1: East Wall Road/East Road signal-controlled junction;
 - Junction 2: East Road/Church Road/Site Access junction; and
 - Junction 3: East Road/Sherriff Street Upper/New Wapping St Junction.
- 5.2.2 A 24-hour automatic traffic counter (ATC) survey was also undertaken on the same day, located between the existing East Road/Church St East junction and the rail bridge (Figure 5.1).
- 5.2.3 The traffic survey established that the local AM and PM peak hours occur between 07:30-08:30 and 17:00-18:00.
- 5.2.4 The recorded 2018 peak hour traffic flows are presented in Figure 1 as included within Appendix B.



Figure 5.1: Traffic Survey Locations

5.3 TRIP GENERATION AND MODAL SPLIT

- 5.3.1 The following paragraphs present the process by which the potential level of person trips and subsequently vehicle trips, associated with the proposed development have been generated.

Proposed Development – Apartments

Modal Split

- 5.3.2 The modal choice for the proposed residential aspect of the development has been assessed by quantifying the number and nature of trips that would be generated. These trips are assessed based on the area of influence and the available infrastructure and accessibility levels. The predicted 2019 modal split (short term) are presented in Figure 5.2 to 5.3 below. These have been split between trips made by purpose of trip (i.e. work or school/college). It is

expected that in time the number of trips undertaken by sustainable modes of travel will increase with a corresponding drop in the number of vehicle trips.

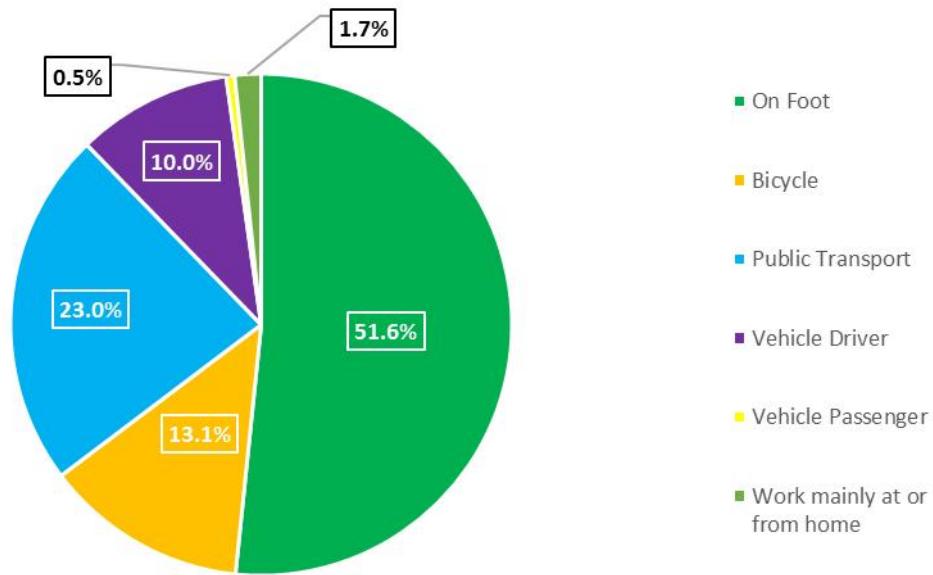


Figure 5.2: Proposed Apartment Modal Split (Short Term) – Travel to Work

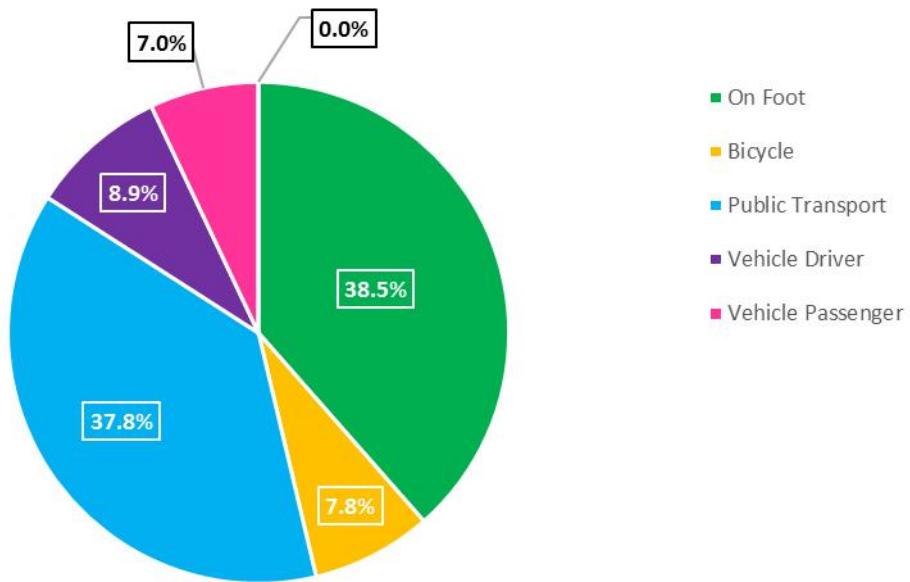


Figure 5.3: Proposed Apartment Modal Split (Short Term) – Travel to School/ College

Traffic Generation

- 5.3.3 Due to the subject site's convenient location to Dublin City Centre, its high levels of accessibility to public transport, and the development proposals for a reduction in the quantum of vehicle parking spaces, DBFL have undertaken a 'First Principles' exercise in order to determine the most realistic vehicle trip generation levels for the proposed residential element of the development. As outlined in Table 5.1 below, the following parameters have been utilised to deduce the trip generation rates for the subject development.
- 5.3.4 In order to determine the typical weekday daily profile for a residential development comprising solely of apartments, we have made reference to the TRICS database. Table 5.1 below summarises the predicted daily profile of vehicle movements as generated by the residential element of the development. Based on the daily profile of trip rates as provided by TRICS, the potential daily profile of traffic generation for the residential element of the subject development is calculated based on the provision of 227 number parking spaces allocated to residents of the subject development.

No of Units		554		
No of Parking Spaces (0.41 per unit)		227		
Residential - Apartments	Arrivals (% of total)	Departures (% of total)	Arrivals	Departures
07:00-08:00	4%	15%	10	34
08:00-09:00	5%	19%	11	42
09:00-10:00	6%	9%	14	20
10:00-11:00	4%	6%	10	13
11:00-12:00	6%	5%	13	12
12:00-13:00	7%	6%	16	14
13:00-14:00	7%	7%	16	16
14:00-15:00	7%	7%	17	15
15:00-16:00	9%	6%	20	13
16:00-17:00	11%	6%	24	14
17:00-18:00	19%	6%	42	14
18:00-19:00	15%	8%	33	17
Total	100%	100%	227	227

Table 5.1: Proposed Residential Trip Rates & – Daily Profile

- 5.3.5 The traffic survey established that the local AM and PM peak hours occur between 07:30-08:30 and 17:00-18:00. Accordingly, the AM and PM peak hour traffic generation for the residential element of the development are shown in Table 5.2 below.

AM Peak 07:30-08:30		PM Peak 17:00-18:00	
Arrivals	Departures	Arrivals	Departures
11	38	42	14

Table 5.2: Proposed Residential Peak Hour Traffic Generation*Proposed Development – Childcare facility*

5.3.6 Due to the childcare facility being situated within a 554-unit residential development, and the sites location within a primarily residential area, it is forecast that the childcare facility element of the subject development will primarily attract a walk-in catchment. Accordingly, we have assumed that 25% of children travelling to/from the childcare facility will travel by car, with the remaining 75% travelling by sustainable modes (walking, cycling, public transport). DBFL have again undertaken a 'First Principles' exercise in order to determine the most realistic trip generation levels for the childcare facility aspect of the development. It is estimated that parents/guardians dropping off and collecting children from the cheche will take approximately 5-10 minutes, as such the arrival/departure profile has been broken down into 5-minute periods. The arrival/departure times have also been staggered to reflect the standard opening hours of a childcare facility with a capacity for 65 children.

65 no. Children	AM Profile		Travel By All Modes		Travelling By Car (25% Mode Share)	
	Time	Arrivals	Departures	Arrivals	Departures	Arrivals
07:25	2%	0%	1	0	0	0
07:30	2%	2%	1	1	0	0
07:35	2%	2%	1	1	0	0
07:40	2%	2%	1	1	0	0
07:45	2%	2%	1	1	0	0
07:50	3%	2%	2	1	0	0
07:55	4%	3%	3	2	1	0
08:00	6%	4%	4	3	1	1
08:05	6%	6%	4	4	1	1
08:10	6%	6%	4	4	1	1
08:15	6%	6%	4	4	1	1
08:20	6%	6%	4	4	1	1
08:25	6%	6%	4	4	1	1
08:30	6%	6%	4	4	1	1
08:35	8%	6%	5	4	1	1
08:40	9%	8%	6	5	1	1
08:45	7%	9%	5	6	1	1
08:50	7%	7%	5	5	1	1
08:55	7%	7%	5	5	1	1
09:00	3%	7%	2	5	0	1
09:05	0%	3%	0	2	0	0

Table 5.2: Proposed Childcare facility AM Arrival/Departure Profile & Traffic Generation

65 Children no.	PM Profile		Travel By All Modes		Travelling By Car (25% Mode Share)	
Time	Arrivals	Departures	Arrivals	Departures	Arrivals	Departures
17:00	2%	0%	1	0	0	0
17:05	2%	2%	1	1	0	0
17:10	2%	2%	1	1	0	0
17:15	2%	2%	1	1	0	0
17:20	2%	2%	1	1	0	0
17:25	3%	2%	2	1	0	0
17:30	4%	3%	3	2	1	0
17:35	6%	4%	4	3	1	1
17:40	6%	6%	4	4	1	1
17:45	6%	6%	4	4	1	1
17:50	6%	6%	4	4	1	1
17:55	6%	6%	4	4	1	1
18:00	6%	6%	4	4	1	1
18:05	6%	6%	4	4	1	1
18:10	8%	6%	5	4	1	1
18:15	9%	8%	6	5	1	1
18:20	7%	9%	5	6	1	1
18:25	10%	7%	7	5	2	1
18:30	7%	17%	5	11	1	3

Table 5.3: Proposed Childcare facility PM Arrival/Departure Profile & Traffic Generation

- 5.3.7 Accordingly, the AM and PM peak hour traffic generation for the childcare facility element of the development are shown in Table 5.4 below.

AM Peak 07:30-08:30		PM Peak 17:00-18:00	
Arrivals	Departures	Arrivals	Departures
8	8	8	7

Table 5.4: Proposed Childcare facility Peak Hour Traffic Generation

Proposed Development – Enterprise Hub (Office/Retail/Enterprise Units)

- 5.3.8 Influenced by the fact that (i) there will only be 7 number short stay duration vehicle parking provided within the internal court yard area; (ii) there are nominal ‘long-term’ off-street car parking opportunities in the general area of the site; (iii) the local streets are subject to Pay Parking controls; and (iv) only 7 number parking spaces have been allocated to staff based at the Enterprise Hub, the level of vehicle trip generation by the Enterprise Hub (Office/Retail/Enterprise Units) element of the development is anticipated to be modest.
- 5.3.9 The proposed Enterprise Hub will generate a very small level of ‘servicing’ activities. Unlike a retail scheme no goods are being transferred for onward sale/returns. Accordingly, the majority of ‘servicing’ activities including inbound delivery and outward collections will constitute waste collections, general maintenance (indoor and outdoor), and general office servicing activities.

- 5.3.10 These servicing activities will be encouraged to be undertaken outside of peak traffic periods and will not be permitted to coincide with the network AM and PM peak hour periods.
- 5.3.11 Nonetheless, in order to provide a robust assessment, it is assumed that the co-working space will be serviced by a delivery vehicle in both the AM and PM peak hour periods thereby generating 2 two-way vehicle trips (1 arrival and 1 departure). Furthermore, it has been assumed that the staff of the Enterprise Hub that have been allocated a parking space (7no.), will all arrive during the AM and depart during the PM peak hour periods. Table 5.5 below indicates the total vehicle trip generation for the Enterprise Hub during the AM and PM peak hour periods.

Enterprise Hub	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour	
	Arr	Dep	Arr	Dep
Staff	7	0	0	7
Service/Delivery Vehicles	1	1	1	1
Total	8	1	1	8

Table 5.5: Enterprise Hub Peak Hour Vehicle Trip Generation

Foodhub/Café

- 5.3.12 The foodhub/caf   element of the subject developments Enterprise Hub will only be focussing upon (a) a local external 'walk-in' catchment, (b) passing trade already travelling across the local transport network, and (c) the internal 'walk-in' catchment from the Enterprise Hub and residential apartments. Therefore, the only vehicle traffic that could be generated from the caf   would be delivery vehicles or refuse vehicles. As such this foodhub/caf   is not expected to generate a material impact in terms of vehicle trip generation.
- 5.3.13 However, in order to provide a robust assessment and to analyse a worst-case scenario, it has been assumed that the caf  /foodhub will be serviced by a delivery vehicle in both the AM and PM peak hour periods thereby generating 2 two-way vehicle trips (1 arrival and 1 departure).

Land Use	Peak Hour	Traffic generation	
		Arr	Dep
Foodhub/Cafe	AM	1	1
	PM	1	1

Table 5.6: Foodhub/Cafe Traffic Generation

Proposed Development – Total Traffic Generation

5.3.14 In conclusion the total vehicle trip generation for the subject site development is indicated in Table 5.7 below.

Development Use/Area	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour	
	Arr	Dep	Arr	Dep
Residential Apartments	11	38	42	14
Childcare facility	8	8	8	7
Foodhub/cafe	1	1	1	1
Enterprise Hub	8	1	1	8
Total	28	48	52	30

Table 5.7: Subject Development Total Vehicle Trip Generation

5.4 COMMITTED DEVELOPMENT

5.4.1 There are several third party committed developments (Figure 5.2) with existing planning permission located within the area of influence of the subject site. DBFL believe these third-party developments may generate an impact on the local road network and as such DBFL have included them as committed development. The following paragraphs examine the planning applications for these developments in greater detail.



Figure 5.4: Third Party Committed Development Indicative Locations

(1) Commercial Development, City Block 3, North Docklands (Ref. DSDZ2135/18)

- 5.4.2 The City Block 3 Commercial development located at North Docklands (Figure 5.4 above) was granted planning permission by Dublin City Council in May 2018. The development proposals include the provision of 43,445sqm of office space, 91 vehicle parking spaces and 450 bicycle parking spaces.
- 5.4.3 In order to quantify the traffic generation from this third-party development, reference has been made to the Traffic Impact Assessment Report (dated 22nd January 2018) that was prepared by Roughan & O'Donovan. The TIA report states:-

'The North Lotts SDZ Planning Scheme identifies that it is neither feasible nor desirable that demand for movement into or through this area is met by private car travel. Travel by private car will be suppressed by lack of parking supply, and lack of road network capacity. It was therefore agreed that it is not necessary to undertake a detailed assessment of traffic generation for the proposed development.'

- 5.4.4 The TIA goes on to state:-

'Only 91 car parking spaces will be provided within the proposed development. The development may give rise to a handful of vehicular traffic movements during peak hours during peak hours, but these would have a negligible impact on the surrounding road network.'

- 5.4.5 As per the assumptions made within the Traffic Impact Assessment Report, DBFL have not included traffic generation from this third party development in the subject East Road developments' Traffic & Transport Assessment.

(2) Student Accommodation, City Block 5, North Docklands (Ref. DSDZ3689/15 as amended under Ref. DSDZ2155/18, Ref. DSDZ4385/16 and Reg. Ref. DSDZ2460/17)

- 5.4.6 The City Block 5 Student Accommodation development located at North Docklands (Figure 5.2 above), was originally granted planning permission by Dublin City Council in March 2016. The development proposals include the provision of 2 student accommodation blocks encompassing 970 bed spaces,

ancillary ground floor uses, and 454 bicycle parking spaces. There are no car parking spaces proposed with the exception of 2 no. mobility impaired parking spaces.

- 5.4.7 As there is no general vehicle parking provided, and consequently there will be no vehicle traffic generation (during the network peak hours) from this third-party development, DBFL have therefore not included any vehicle traffic generation from this third-party development in the subject East Road developments' Traffic & Transport Assessment.

(3) Commercial Development, City Block 8, North Docklands (Ref. DSDZ2496/17, Ref. DSDZ2749/16, Ref. DSDZ3350/15)

- 5.4.8 The City Block 8 Commercial development as located at North Docklands (Figure 5.2 above) was granted planning permission by Dublin City Council in November 2015. The development was subsequently amended under Ref. DSDZ2749/16 (September 2016), and Ref DSDZ2496/17 (May 2017), and now includes the provision of 170 residential units.
- 5.4.9 In order to quantify the traffic generation from this third-party development, reference has been made to the Traffic Impact Assessment Report (dated 19th April 2016) that was prepared by O'Connor Sutton Cronin.
- 5.4.10 The TIA report included estimated traffic generation for the development, which are indicated on Figure 8 contained within Appendix B.

(4) Hotel & Office Development, Spencer Place, North Wall Quay (Ref. DSDZ2661/17)

- 5.4.11 This third-party hotel and office development as located at Spencer Place (Figure 5.2 above) was granted planning permission by Dublin City Council in September 2017. The development proposals included the provision of 9,205sqm Hotel and circa 46,184sqm office space; and retail/cafe/restaurant (873sqm).
- 5.4.12 In order to quantify the traffic generation from this third-party development, reference has been made to the Traffic Impact Assessment Report (dated March 2017) that was prepared by CS Consulting Group.
- 5.4.13 The TIA report included estimated traffic generation for the development, which are indicated on Figure 9 contained within Appendix B.

**(5) Residential Development, Block 3 (eastern section), North Lotts
(Ref. DSDZ3357/17, Ref. DSDZ2387/18)**

5.4.14 The City Block 3 Residential development located at North Docklands (Figure 5.2 above) was granted planning permission by Dublin City Council in August 2017 (amended under Ref. DSDZ2387/18). The development proposals include the provision of 360 residential units, 283 vehicle parking spaces and 483 bicycle parking spaces.

5.4.15 In order to quantify the traffic generation from this third-party development, reference has been made to the Traffic Impact Assessment Report (dated October 2016) that was prepared by Roughan & O'Donovan. The TIA report states:-

'Pre-planning discussions were held with Ms. Mary Conway of DCC Planning Department and Mr. Kiaran Sweeney of the Transportation department. The discussions identified that the road network in te North Lotts cannot accommodate further peak hour vehicular traffic and that it is not necessary to undertake a detailed assessment of traffic generation The North Lotts SDZ Planning Scheme identifies that the rate of car ownership in the docklands is low and that commuting tends to be by other modes.'

5.4.16 The TIA goes on to state:-

'A limited quantum of car parking is proposed on site – but it is not envisaged that the cars will be used for commuting. Rather it is anticipated that the excellent accessibility of the site by foot, bicycle and public transport will result in these modes being preferred for commuting – as is the case in the rest of the docklands area. The development may give rise to a handful of vehicular traffic movements during the peak hours, but these would have a negligible impact on the surrounding road network'.

5.4.17 As per the assumptions made within the Traffic Impact Assessment Report, DBFL have not included traffic generation from this third-party development in the subject East Road developments' Traffic & Transport Assessment.

(6) Spencer Dock Development (Ref. DSDZ3367/15)

5.4.18 The Spencer Dock development as located at Block 2B of the North Lotts and Grand Canal Dock Planning Scheme 2014 (Figure 5.2 above) was granted planning permission by Dublin City Council in December 2015. The development

proposals include the provision of 165 residential units, 90 vehicle parking spaces and 186 bicycle parking spaces.

- 5.4.19 In order to quantify the traffic generation from this third-party development, reference has been made to the Transport Assessment Report (dated July 2015) that was prepared by Waterman Moylan Engineering Consultants. The TA report states:-

'A pre-planning consultation was held with Roads and Traffic at the offices of Dublin City Council on Tuesday 9th June 2015. During the course of the meeting the DCC representatives advised that

(a) The overall draft proposals for access and circulation prepared by Waterman Moylan looked satisfactory from the traffic point of view. However, it was not possible to confirm that the proposals would be in compliance with the as yet undefined public realm strategy for Docklands...'

- 5.4.20 The TIA goes on to state:-

'A limited quantum of car parking is proposed on site – but it is not envisaged that the cars will be used for commuting. Rather it is anticipated that the excellent accessibility of the site by foot, bicycle and public transport will result in these modes being preferred for commuting – as is the case in the rest of the docklands area. The development may give rise to a handful of vehicular traffic movements during the peak hours, but these would have a negligible impact on the surrounding road network'.

Having regard to the fact that the existing road network infrastructure is running at capacity during peak hours, it is not reasonable to expect free flow traffic conditions in Docklands and surrounding area. It is reasonable to expect that individual transport choices will factor-in issues such as congestion and ease of access to alternative modes. Notwithstanding these capacity issues, the lands within the Planning Scheme including Spencer Dock has been deemed suitable for development being centrally located, with high quality existing and future public transport links.'

- 5.4.21 As per the assumptions made within the Traffic Impact Assessment Report, DBFL have not included traffic generation from this third-party development in the subject East Road developments' Traffic & Transport Assessment.

- 5.4.22 As per the assumptions made within the Transport Assessment Report, DBFL have not included traffic generation from this third-party development in the subject East Road developments' Traffic & Transport Assessment.

*(7) Commercial Development, City Block 5 & 10, North Docklands
(Ref. DSDZ3632/15, DSDZ3686/16, DSDZ 3776/17)*

- 5.4.23 The Commercial development as located at City Blocks 5 & 10 of the North Lotts & Grand Canal Dock SDZ Planning Scheme (Figure 5.2 above) was granted planning permission by Dublin City Council in October 2017. The development proposals include the provision of 19,263sqm GFA of commercial space connecting to the existing constructed basement beneath the Point Village Square'. 48 vehicle parking spaces and 300 bicycle parking spaces will be provided.
- 5.4.24 In order to quantify the traffic generation from this third-party development, reference has been made to the Mobility Management Plan (dated September 2015) that was prepared by O'Connor Sutton Cronin.
- 5.4.25 The traffic generation for this third-party development is indicated on Figure 10 contained within Appendix B.

(8) Residential Development, City Block 9, Dublin Docklands (Ref. DSDZ3779/17)

- 5.4.26 This third-party residential development as located at City Block 9, Dublin Docklands (Figure 5.2 above) was granted planning permission by Dublin City Council in December 2017. The development proposals included the provision 420 residential units, a crèche (circa 281sqm), and 4 no. café/restaurant/retail units.
- 5.4.27 In order to quantify the traffic generation from this third party development, reference has been made to the Traffic and Transport Assessment Report (dated August 2017) that was prepared by Punch Consulting Engineers..
- 5.4.28 The TTA report included estimated traffic generation for the development, which are indicated on Figure 11 contained within Appendix B.

(9) Commercial Development, City Block 9, North Docklands (Ref. DSDZ3780/17)

- 5.4.29 This commercial development as located at City Block 9, Dublin Docklands (Figure 5.2 above) was granted planning permission by Dublin City Council in December 2017. The development proposals included the provision 35,883sqm commercial office space, 90 vehicle parking spaces and 360 bicycle parking spaces.
- 5.4.30 In order to quantify the traffic generation from this third-party development, reference has been made to the Traffic and Transport Assessment Report (dated August 2017) that was prepared by Punch Consulting Engineers.
- 5.4.31 The TTA report included estimated traffic generation for the development, which are indicated on Figure 11 contained within Appendix B.

Committed Development Summary

- 5.4.32 Beyond the above 9 number third party committed developments considered in this appraisal, DBFL have determined there are no other significant off-site committed developments that would generate a notable impact upon the local road network serving the subject site within the adopted 2035 design year.

5.5 TRIP DISTRIBUTION & ASSIGNMENT

Proposed Development Trip Distribution

- 5.5.1 For the adopted Opening Year of 2020 and Future Horizon Years of 2025 (+5 years) and 2035 (+15 years), the distribution of proposed development traffic as proposed by DBFL is presented in Figure 2 as included in Appendix B of this report. The associated residential vehicle trips have been assigned to the network based on the surveyed traffic movements passing the site on East Road.

5.6 TRAFFIC GROWTH

- 5.6.1 The TTA adopts an Opening Design Year of 2020. In accordance with TII (NRA) Guidance, Future Design years (+5 and +15 years) of 2025 and 2035 have therefore been adopted.

5.6.2 The TII Project Appraisal Guidelines (PAG) have been utilised to determine the traffic growth forecast rates. The traffic growth forecast rates within the PAG ensures local and regional variations and demographic patterns are accounted for. Table 5.3.2 within the PAG provides Annual National Traffic Growth Factors for the different regions within Ireland. The subject Dunboyne site lies within 'Region 1 Dublin with the growth factors as outlined within Table 5.8 below.

Region	Name	Low Growth				Medium Growth				High Growth			
		2013-2030		2030-2050		2013-2030		2030-2050		2013-2030		2030-2050	
		LV	HV	LV	HV	LV	HV	LV	HV	LV	HV	LV	HV
1	Dublin	1.0089	1.0221	1.0004	1.0135	1.0134	1.0237	1.0038	1.0176	1.0149	1.0242	1.0054	1.0195

Table 5.8 National Traffic Growth Forecasts: Annual Growth Factors

(Extract from Table 5.3.2 PAG)

5.6.3 Applying the annual factors (medium growth) as outlined in Table 5.8 above for the adopted Opening Year of 2020 and Future Horizon Years of 2025 (+5 years) and 2035 (+15 years), the following growth rates have been adopted to establish corresponding 2020, 2025 and 2035 baseline network flows: -

- 2018 to 2020 – 1.027 (or 2.7%);
- 2018 to 2025 – 1.098 (or 9.8%); and
- 2018 to 2035 – 1.190 (or 19.0%).

5.6.4 The 'baseline' Do-Nothing traffic movements for the period 2020, 2025 and 2035 are presented in Appendix B.

5.7 ASSESSMENT SCOPE

Assessment Scenarios

- 5.7.1 Two different traffic scenarios have been assessed, namely (a) the 'Base' (Do-Nothing) traffic characteristics and (b) the 'Post Development' (Do-Something) traffic characteristics.
- 5.7.2 The 'Base' traffic scenario takes into account the potential level of traffic that could be generated by the 'committed development', in addition to the existing flows travelling across the network.
- 5.7.3 The proposed development traffic flows are then added to the network's 'Base' (Base + Committed Development) traffic flows to establish the new 'Post Development' traffic flows.

5.7.4 In summary the following scenarios are considered:-

Do Nothing:

- A1 – 2020 Base Flows + Committed Development;
- A2 – 2025 Base Flows + Committed Development; and
- A3 – 2035 Base Flows + Committed Development

Do Something:

- B1 - 2020 Do Nothing (A1) + Proposed Development Flows;
- B2 - 2025 Do Nothing (A2) + Proposed Development Flows; and
- B3 - 2035 Do Nothing (A3) + Proposed Development Flows.

Assessment Periods

5.7.5 The AM and PM peak hour flows have been identified as occurring between 07:30-08:30 and 17:00-18:00 respectively.

Network Vehicle Flows

5.7.6 The following Figures as included in Appendix B present the vehicle flows across the local road network for each of the adopted development scenarios:-

- Figure 16 – 2020 Do Nothing (Scenario A1);
- Figure 17 – 2025 Do Nothing (Scenario A2);
- Figure 18 – 2035 Do Nothing (Scenario A3);
- Figure 19 – 2020 Do Something; (Scenario B1);
- Figure 20 - 2025 Do Something (Scenario B2); and
- Figure 21 - 2035 Something (Scenario B3).

5.8 NETWORK IMPACT

5.8.1 Figure 5.5 below details the amount of two-way vehicle trips to/from the proposed development site that will travel along East Road in the 2035 design year as result of the proposed subject development.

5.8.2 The resulting percentage increase in traffic flows as a result of the traffic generated by the proposed development is established as below the 10% threshold (5% for congested networks) at the adjacent local key junctions.

5.8.3 It can be seen that the proposed subject development would result in the following during the 2035 Future Year (Opening Year +15): -

- Junction 1: East Wall Road/East Road signal-controlled junction - an increase of 0.2% (3 New Vehicle Trips) in the AM peak period, and 1.4% (27 New Vehicle Trips) in the PM peak period.
- Junction 2: East Road/Church Road/Site Access junction - an increase of 3.1% (38 New Vehicle Trips) in the AM peak period, and 5.2% (51 New Vehicle Trips) in the PM peak period; and
- Junction 3: East Road/Sherriff Street Upper/New Wapping St Junction - an increase of 1.77% (31 New Vehicle Trips) in the AM peak period, and 1.4% (22 New Vehicle Trips) in the PM peak period.



Figure 5.5: Increase in Vehicle Trips Generated at Key Local Junctions 2035

5.9 MITIGATION STRATEGY

5.9.1 A package of integrated mitigation measures has been identified to off-set the additional local demand that the proposed development on the subject lands could potentially generate as a result of the forecast increase in vehicle movements by residents/employees/visitors of the scheme. The strategy includes specific measures for both the construction and operational stages of the proposed development.

Construction Stage

5.9.2 The Construction Management Plan and the associated Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP), in addition to the subject applications accompanying Construction and Waste Management Plan will incorporate a range of integrated control measures and associated management initiatives, with the objective of mitigating the impact of the proposed developments on-site construction activities.

5.9.3 The CTMP will be prepared prior to the commencement of construction work on site. This plan will be prepared in consultation with DCC and will be submitted for approval in order to agree on traffic management and monitoring measures some of which are outlined below:

- During the pre-construction phase, the site will be securely fenced off from adjacent properties, public footpaths and roads.
- The surrounding road network will be signed to define the access and egress routes for the development.
- The traffic generated by the construction phase of the development will be strictly controlled in order to minimise the impact of this traffic on the surrounding road network.
- All road works will be adequately signposted and enclosed to ensure the safety of all road users and construction personnel.

5.9.4 A programme of street cleaning (at site frontage and junction with Ballyogan Road) will be implemented.

Operational Stage

5.9.5 With the objective of mitigating the potential impact of the proposed development as predicted in Section 5.8 above during its operational stage, the

following initiatives and associated timescale for their implementation have been identified and subsequently form an integral part of the subject development proposals.

- Management – A number of management measures will be implemented prior to the subject scheme opening which include:-
 - A Mobility Management (MMP) is to be rolled out with the aim of guiding the delivery and management of coordinated initiatives by the scheme promotor. The MMP ultimately seeks to encourage sustainable travel practices for all journeys to and from the proposed development site. It is proposed that two land use specific MMP's are developed under the framework of a 'parent' MMP for the entire site. These two associated MMP's will be developed in partnership with DCC to specifically consider the opportunities of shaping all journeys and promoting sustainable transport habits at both the proposed (i) apartments, and (ii) the Enterprise Hub.
 - The accesses to the under-croft parking areas will be barrier controlled to ensure unpermitted vehicles cannot gain entry. In order to be allocated a dedicated parking space within these under croft parking areas, both tenants and employees based at the site will have to apply to the management company to gain a parking permit and an assigned dedicated parking space, i.e. a tenant/employee is not automatically allocated a parking space when they take up residency or employment at the site.
 - The 7 number parking spaces within the internal court yard area will be restricted to short duration parking only (i.e. 30-60 minutes). A clamping enforcement regime will be in place within the site to ensure these parking restrictions are adhered to.
- Service – The facilitation of a dedicated car share facility (2 spaces) and associated service (by others) on East Road adjacent to the site will reduce the need to own a private motor car thereby contributing to reducing the overall number of vehicle trips generated by the proposed development.
- Facilities – The provision of a total of 112 short term and 698 long term bicycle parking stands/opportunities (810 in total).
- Infrastructure – Prior to 2020 Opening Year Upgrading of the East Road/Church Road/Site Access junction to traffic signal controlled.

6.0 NETWORK ANALYSIS

6.1 INTRODUCTION

- 6.1.1 The operational assessment of the local road network has been undertaken using the Transport Research Laboratory (TRL) computer package TRANSYT for signal-controlled junctions.
- 6.1.2 When considering signalised junctions, a Degree of Saturation (DoS) of greater than 90% (0.90) would indicate a junction to be approaching operational capacity. A 90-minute AM and PM period has been simulated, from 07:15 to 08:45 and 16:45 to 18:15. Traffic flows were entered using an Origin-Destination table for the peak hours.
- 6.1.3 In order to determine if the proposed upgraded site access junction will cater for the predicted level of traffic generation, a traffic modal of the site access junction was analysed for the schemes 2020 opening year and subsequent 2025 and 2035 future design years.

6.2 CHURCH ROAD/EAST ROAD/SITE ACCESS JUNCTION

- 6.2.1 The results of the operational assessment of this proposed upgraded four-arm signal-controlled junction during the weekday morning and evening peaks are summarised in Tables 6.1 to 6.3 below. The arms were labelled as follows within the TRANSYT model:

Arm A: East Road North
Arm B: Site Access
Arm C: East Road South
Arm D: Church Road

- 6.2.2 The assessment has assumed that the 'all red' pedestrian stage is called every cycle during both the AM and PM Peak period. We believe this demand will actually overestimate the number of times the 'Pedestrian' stage will be called. As a result, the following results represent a worst-case assessment, with the junction actually performing better to that recorded within the following TRANSYT analysis.

- 6.2.3 A 100 second cycle time has been assessed, however as previously referred to in Section 4.2 of this report, should Dublin City Council seek to provide additional journey time delays/metering of through traffic on East Road, it will be achievable by adjusting the signal timings at the junction.

2020 Opening Year

- 6.2.4 During the 2020 "Do Something" AM peak hour, with the inclusion of the subject development traffic, the junction simulation model (Table 6.1) results indicate the maximum degree of saturation (DOS) of 72% and a corresponding queue of 12.65 pcus will occur on the East Road northern arm of the junction.
- 6.2.5 For the 2020 "Do Something" PM peak hour, with the inclusion of the subject development traffic, the junction simulation model (Table 6.1) results indicate the maximum degree of saturation (DOS) of 62% and a corresponding queue of 11.67 pcus will occur on the East Road southern arm of the junction. The full output data is included in Appendix C.

Periods		AM		PM	
Arm	Traffic Stream	Do Something		Do Something	
		DOS (%)	Mean Max Queue (pcu)	DOS (%)	Mean Max Queue (pcu)
A		72	12.65	22	3.06
B		39	1.37	24	0.81
C		31	4.25	62	11.67
D		71	7.63	38	1.44

Table 6.1: TRANSYT Results: 2020 Opening Year – Do Something

2025 Future Year

- 6.2.6 During the 2025 "Do Something" AM peak hour, with the inclusion of the subject development traffic, the junction simulation model (Table 6.2) results indicate the maximum degree of saturation (DOS) of 83% and a corresponding queue of 16.21 pcus will occur on the East Road northern arm of the junction.
- 6.2.7 For the 2025 "Do Something" PM peak hour, with the inclusion of the subject development traffic, the junction simulation model (Table 6.2) results indicate the maximum degree of saturation (DOS) of 68% and a corresponding queue of 13.64 pcus will occur on the East Road southern arm of the junction. The full output data is included in Appendix C.

Periods		AM		PM	
Arm	Traffic Stream	Do Something		Do Something	
		DOS (%)	Mean Max Queue (pcu)	DOS (%)	Mean Max Queue (pcu)
A		83	16.21	25	3.60
B		39	1.37	24	0.81
C		34	4.66	68	13.64
D		82	9.90	44	1.73

Table 6.2: TRANSYT Results: 2025 Future Year – Do Something

2035 Future Year

- 6.2.8 During the 2035 “Do Something” AM peak hour, with the inclusion of the subject development traffic, the junction simulation model (Table 6.3) results indicate the maximum degree of saturation (DOS) of 88% and a corresponding queue of 18.61 pcus will occur on the East Road northern arm of the junction.
- 6.2.9 For the 2035 “Do Something” PM peak hour, with the inclusion of the subject development traffic, the junction simulation model (Table 6.3) results indicate the maximum degree of saturation (DOS) of 72% and a corresponding queue of 15.08 pcus will occur on the East Road southern arm of the junction. The full output data is included in Appendix C.

Periods		AM		PM	
Arm	Traffic Stream	Do Something		Do Something	
		DOS (%)	Mean Max Queue (pcu)	DOS (%)	Mean Max Queue (pcu)
A		88	18.61	26	3.80
B		39	1.37	24	0.71
C		36	4.98	72	15.08
D		88	11.55	48	1.90

Table 6.3: TRANSYT Results: 2035 Future Year – Do Something

- 6.2.10 The TRANSYT results (Tables 6.1-6.3) indicate that the site access junction will operate within capacity for the 2020 opening year and the 2025 and 2035 future horizon years. The highest degrees of saturation (Dos) and corresponding queues are being experienced on the East Road northern arm during the AM peak period, and the East Road southern arm during the PM peak period, respectively. DBFL believe these results are consistent with the existing AM and PM travel demands (i.e. in the AM peak period the majority of vehicles are travelling southbound/inbound, whilst in the PM peak period the demand is reversed).

7.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

7.1 SUMMARY

7.1.1 This Traffic and Transport Assessment has been undertaken to quantify the potential influence of the proposed mixed-use development on lands at East Road, upon the operational performance of the local area road network. Our methodology incorporated a number of key inter-related stages, including:-

- Site Audit;
- Planning File Review;
- Policy Review;
- Traffic Surveys;
- Trip Generation, Distribution and Assignment;
- Network Impact; and
- Network Assessment.

7.2 CONCLUSION

7.2.1 The principal findings that can be drawn from this TTA are as follows:

- The site is ideally situated to benefit from a comprehensive range of transport connections which result in the site benefiting from excellent accessibility levels for all modes of travel. Furthermore, the range and proximity of a number of existing (and emerging) public transport interchanges further enhances the sustainability characteristics of the site. These include both the Docklands Rail Station and the LUAS Red Line (Spencer Dock interchange) being only 550m and 650m, respectively, from the proposed development. In addition, Connolly Station and the proposed Clongriffin-Tallaght BRT interchange are within 1.4km from the site, whilst the proposed interchange for the proposed Dart Underground is located at the Docklands Rail Station, approximately 550m from the subject site.
- The subject site on East Road is ideally located to benefit from the enhanced accessibility levels delivered by the emerging BusConnects proposals.

- The NTA's Cycle Network Plan for the Greater Dublin Area includes proposals for the provision of a secondary cycle route along East Road adjacent to the subject.
- The upgrading of the Church Road/East Road/Site Access junction to traffic signal controlled will enable the removal of the traffic signal controls at the rail bridge which will be beneficial for a number of reasons including:-
 - a. the allocation of dedicated traffic signal stages to the two minor arms of the junction (i.e. Church Road and the site access road), will effectively impose journey time delays to the north-south traffic movements on East Road, thereby replicating the traffic calming effects of the traffic signals at the rail bridge.
 - b. Should Dublin City Council seek to provide additional journey time delays/metering of through traffic on East Road, it will be achievable by adjusting the signal timings at the junction.
 - c. The proposed upgraded junction arrangement will provide dedicated pedestrian crossing facilities (for all travel desire lines), thereby removing the existing lengthy uncontrolled crossings and the associated safety risks that they present to pedestrians at this vehicle dominated location.
 - d. The proposed upgraded junction arrangement will improve the existing restricted visibility available for vehicle drivers exiting Church Road, caused by existing ongoing inappropriate parking practices at the junction.
 - e. The proposed upgraded junction arrangement will control the speed at which vehicles can travel through the junction with the provision of reduced junction corner radii thereby providing a marked improvement over the existing situation.
 - f. The proposed upgraded junction arrangement will enable the provision of approximately 82m north-eastbound and 124m south-westbound of cycle lanes along the subject site boundary on East Road. This route is identified as a secondary cycle route in the Greater Dublin Area Cycle Network Plan.

- g. The proposed junction arrangement allows the provision 4 car parking spaces on East Road adjacent to the subject site.
- The resulting percentage increase in traffic flows as a result of the traffic generated by the proposed development is established as below the 10% threshold (5% for congested networks) at the adjacent local key junctions.
- It can be seen (Figure 7.1) that the proposed subject development would result in the following during the 2035 Future Year (Opening Year +15): -

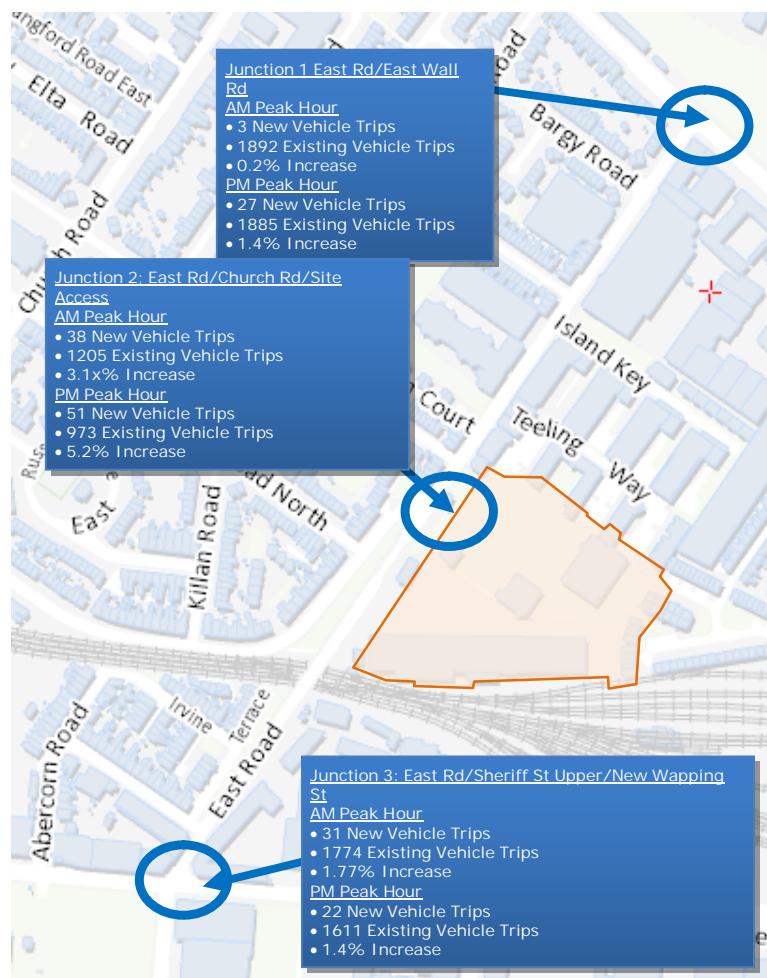


Figure 7.1: Increase in Vehicle Trips Generated at Key Local Junctions 2035

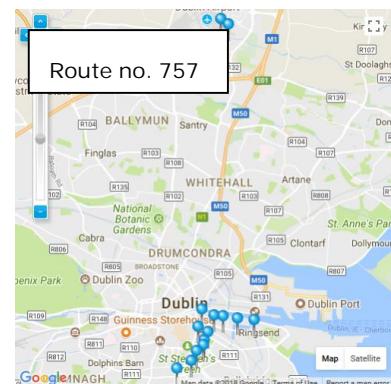
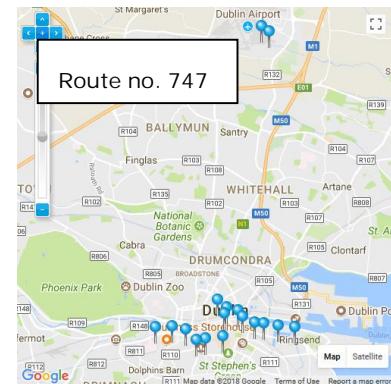
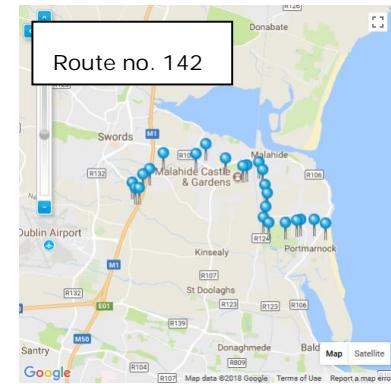
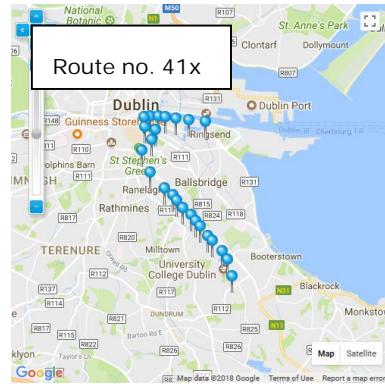
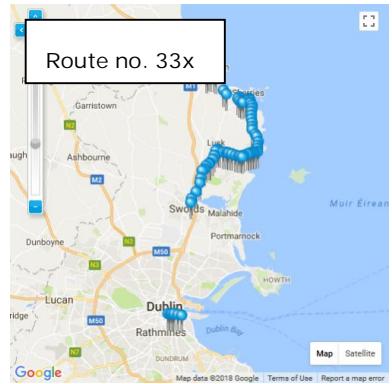
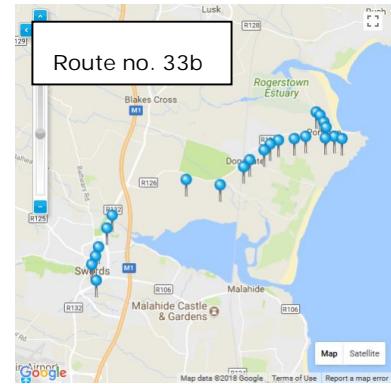
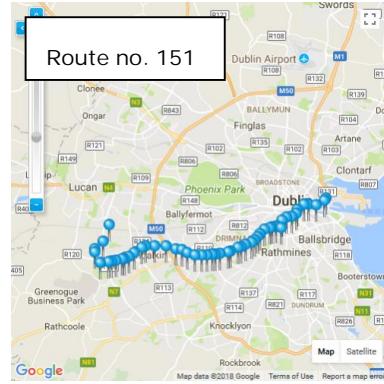
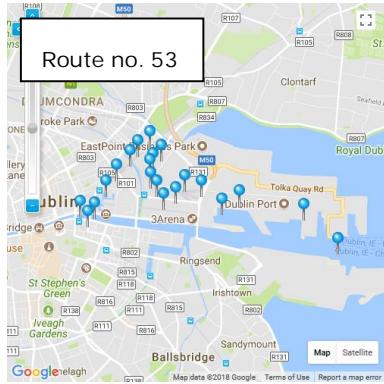
- Junction 1: East Wall Road/East Road signal-controlled junction - an increase of 0.2% (3 New Vehicle Trips) in the AM peak period, and 1.4% (27 New Vehicle Trips) in the PM peak period.
- Junction 2: East Road/Church Road/Site Access junction - an increase of 3.1% (38 New Vehicle Trips) in the AM peak period, and 5.2% (51 New Vehicle Trips) in the PM peak period; and

- Junction 3: East Road/Sherriff Street Upper/New Wapping St Junction
 - an increase of 1.77% (31 New Vehicle Trips) in the AM peak period, and 1.4% (22 New Vehicle Trips) in the PM peak period.
 - The junction analysis of the proposed Site Access junction, operating with a signal-controlled arrangement, reveals that this junction will operate with reserve capacity in the 2020 Opening Year, 2025 and 2035 Future Design years.
 - A mitigation strategy has been identified which includes a package of measures/initiatives aimed at reducing the impact of the development on the surrounding local road network.
- 7.2.2 In conclusion, it is considered that the impact on the surrounding road network, as a result of the proposed development on the East Road lands will be minimal. This is based on the anticipated levels of traffic generated by the proposed development, the existing and future road infrastructure and the information and analysis summarised in the above report. It is concluded that there are no traffic or transportation related reasons that should prevent the granting of planning permission for the proposed development.

APPENDICES

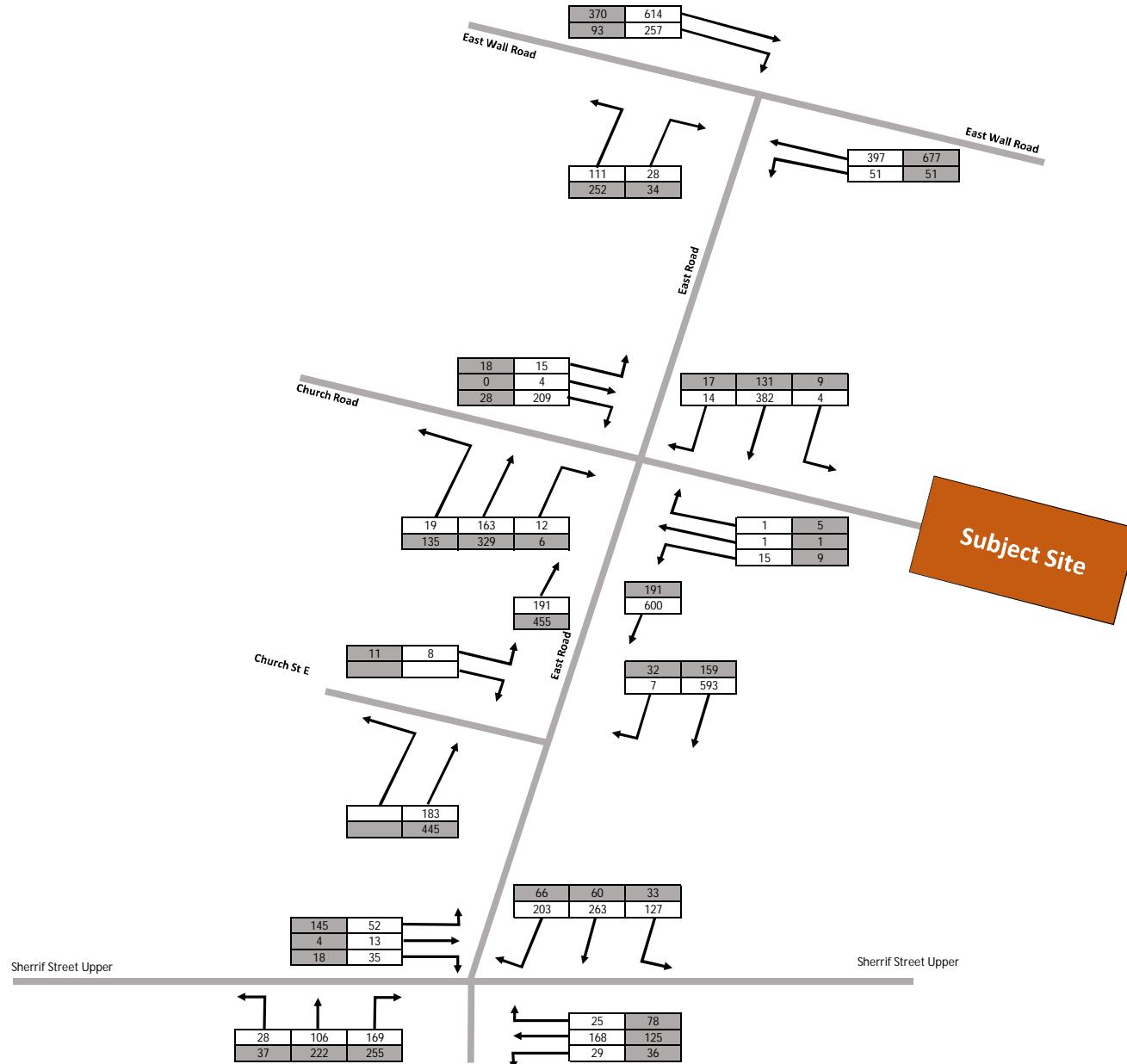
APPENDIX A

Public Transport Bus Routes



APPENDIX B

Traffic Flow Diagrams



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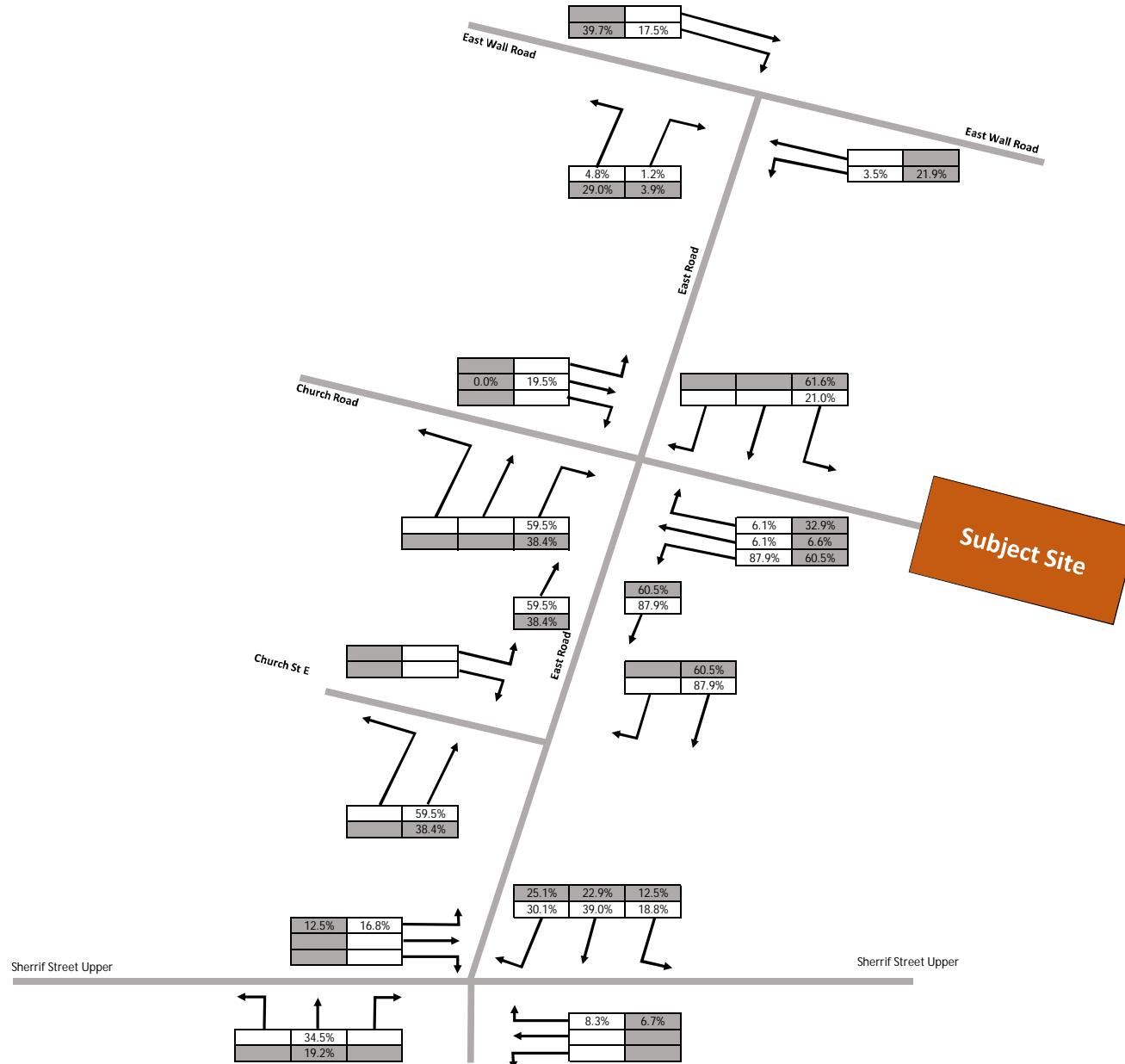
1-3 East Road Dublin

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn: TM
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Figure 1
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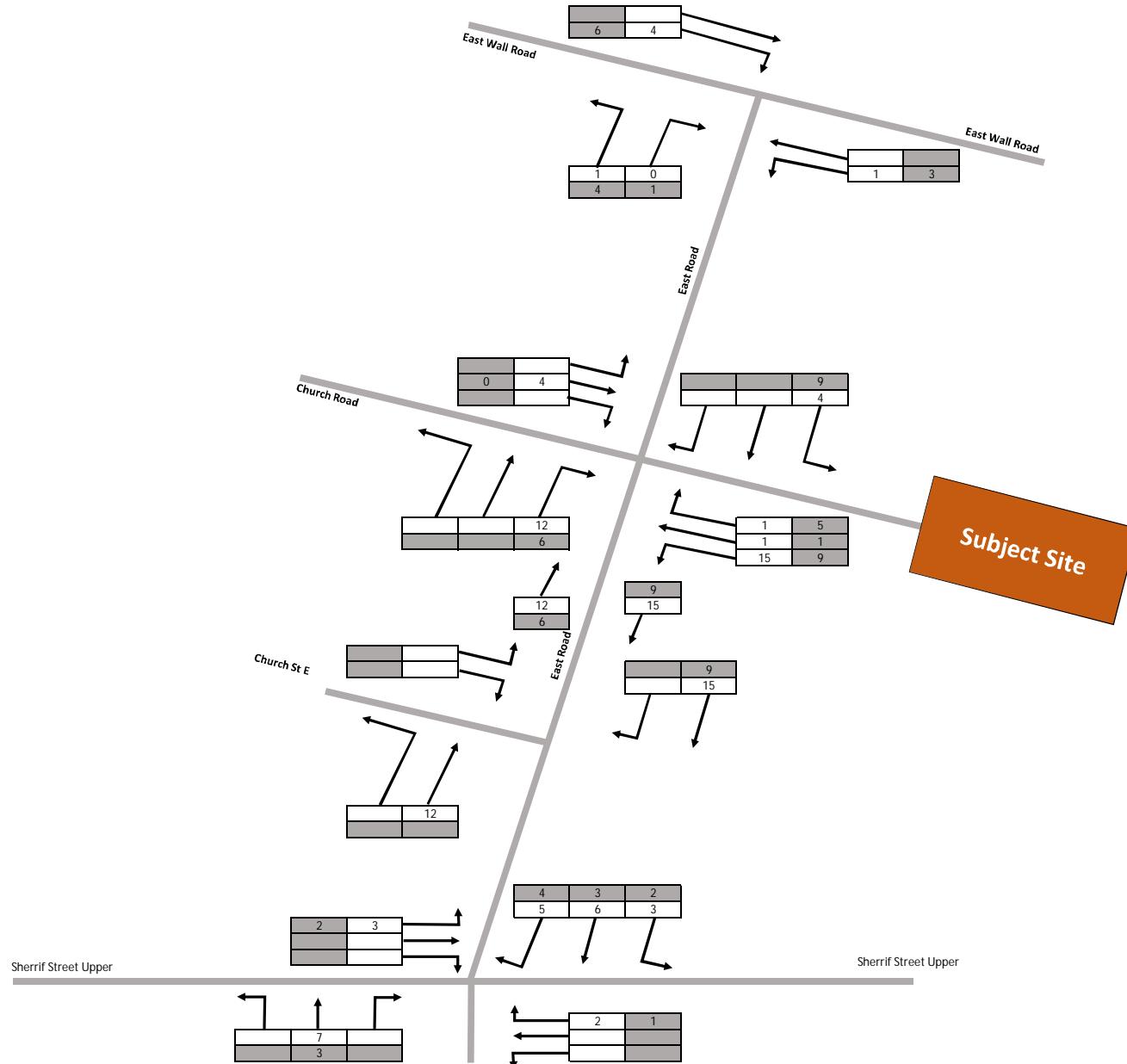
DRG. Title:
Network Traffic Flows
Existing Site % Distribution

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn: TM	Ckd: TJ	Date: 01/05/2018
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Figure 2		
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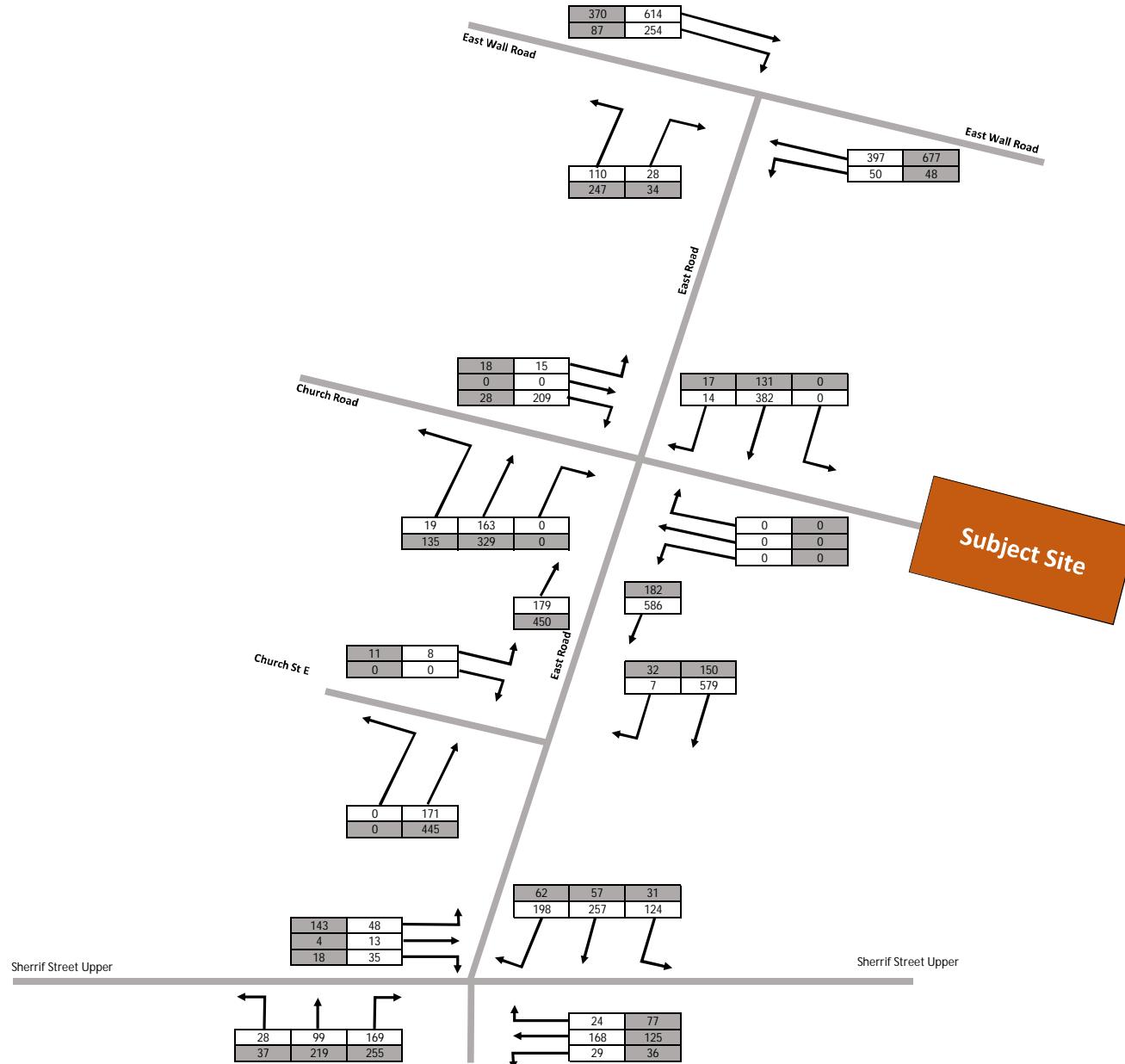
Network Traffic Flows
Existing Site Flows

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)

AM		PM	
Arr	Dep	Arr	Dep
21	17	15	15

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Figure		3
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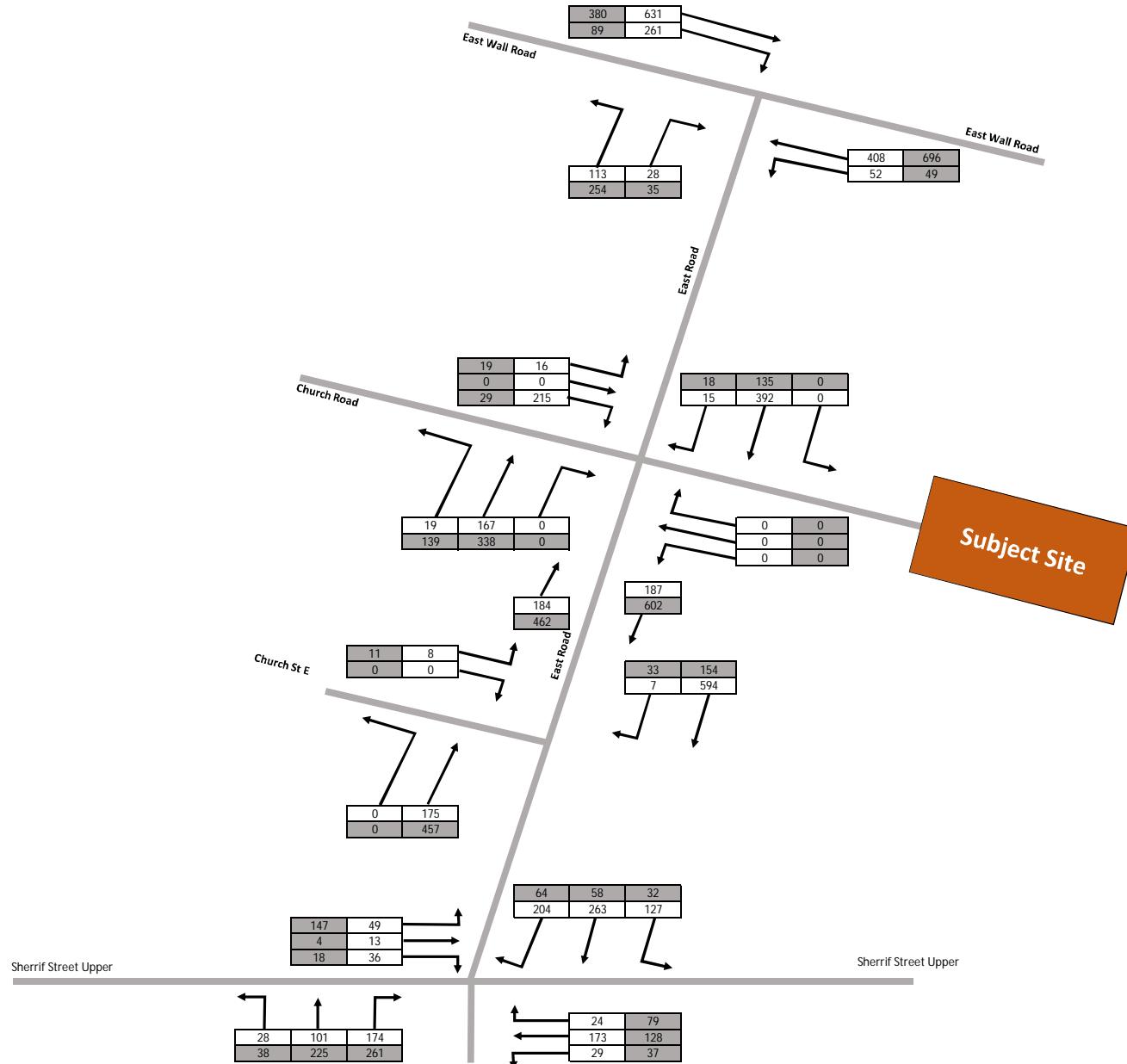
Network Traffic Flows
Base 2018 Flows

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn:	Ckd:	Date:
TM	TJ	01/05/2018
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170200		
Figure		
4		
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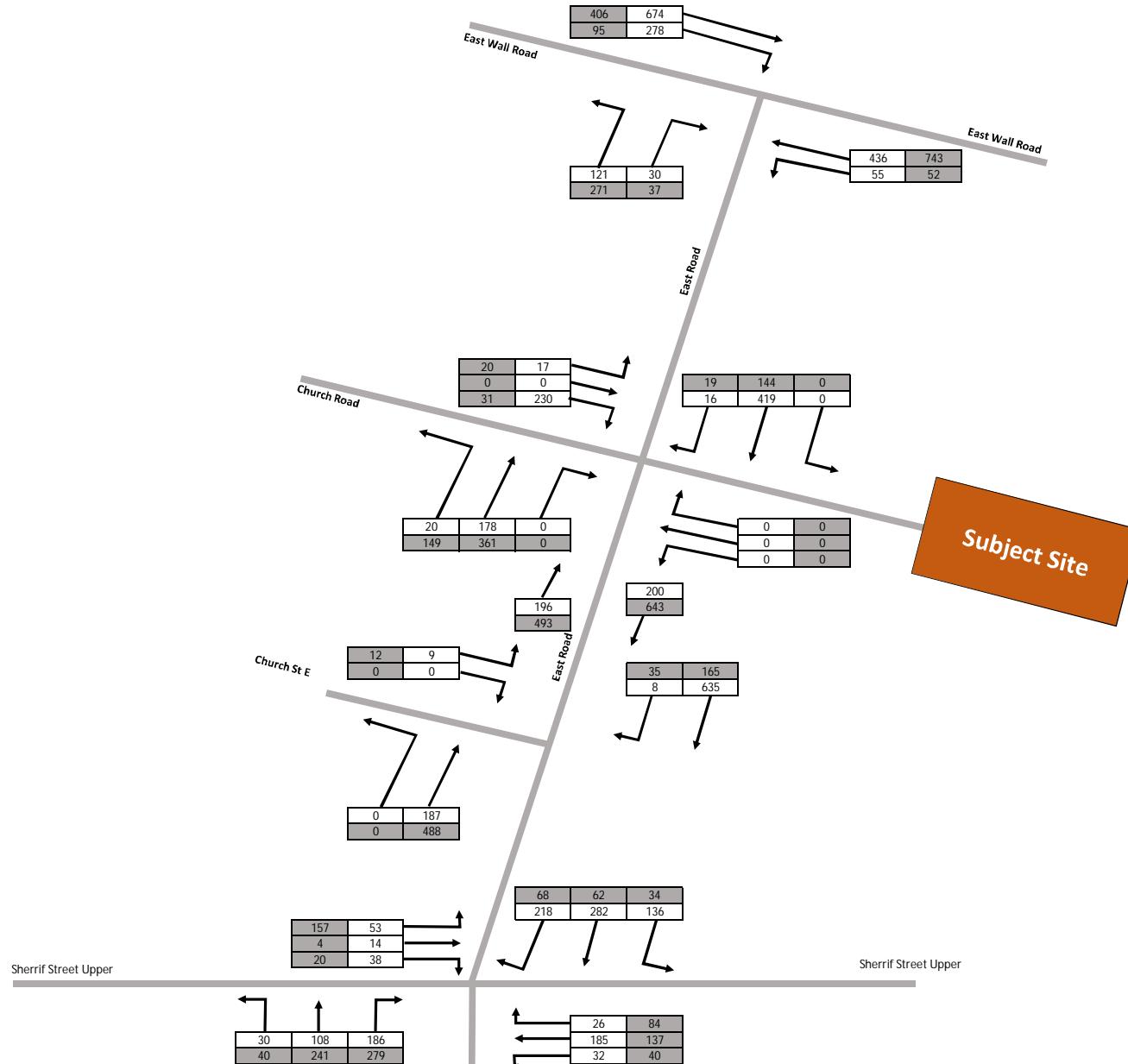
Network Traffic Flows
Base 2020 Flows

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn: TM	Ckd: TJ	Date: 01/05/2018
Ref: 170200		
Figure 5		
Rev:		



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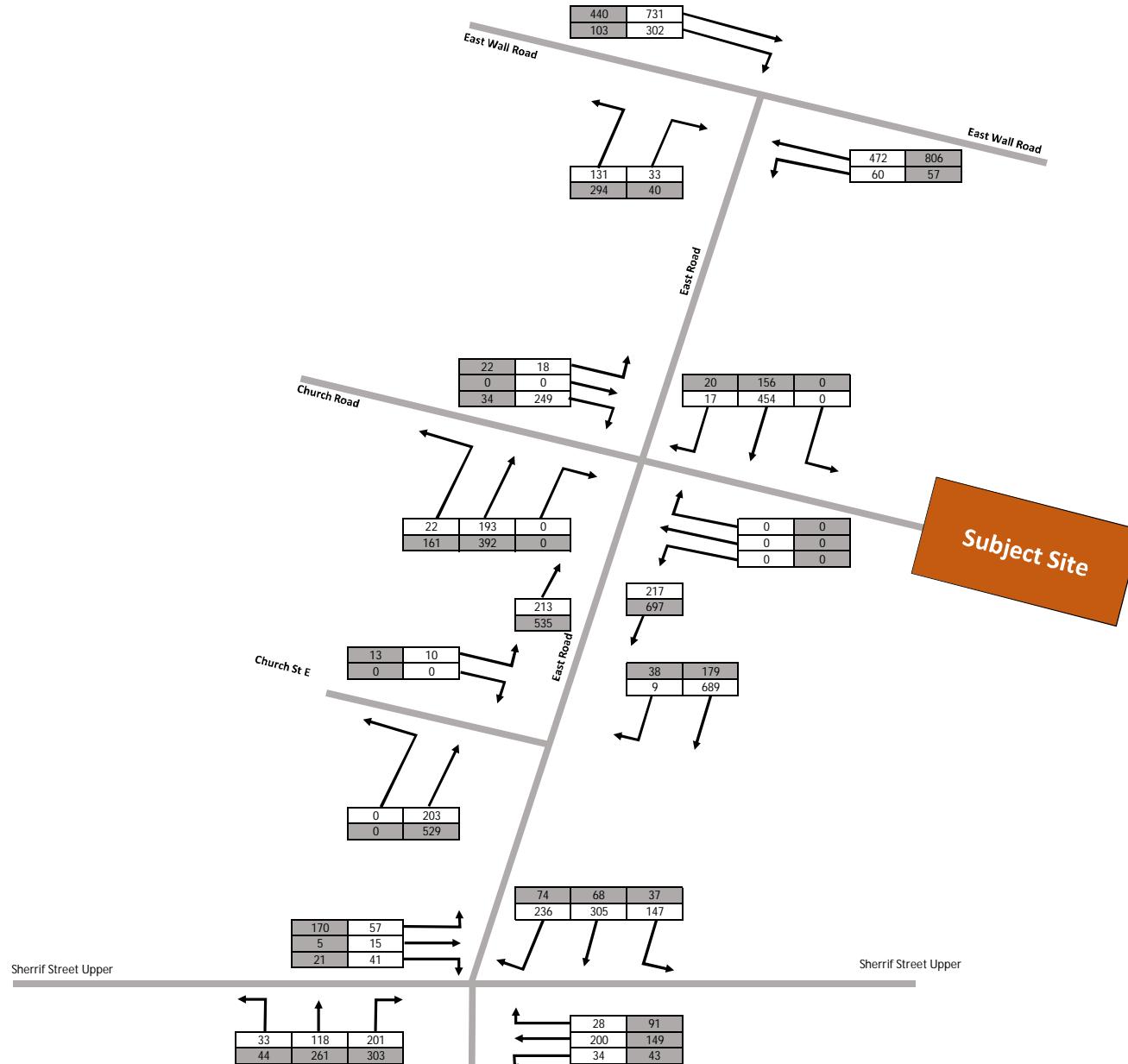
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1-3 East Road Dublin

			Key:	AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)	Dwn: TM
				PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)	Ckd: TJ
				GR 1.097656	Date: 01/05/2018
					Ref: 170200
					Figure 6
					Rev:

DRG. Title:
Network Traffic Flows
Base 2025 Flows



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DRG. Title:

Network Traffic Flows
Base 2035 Flows

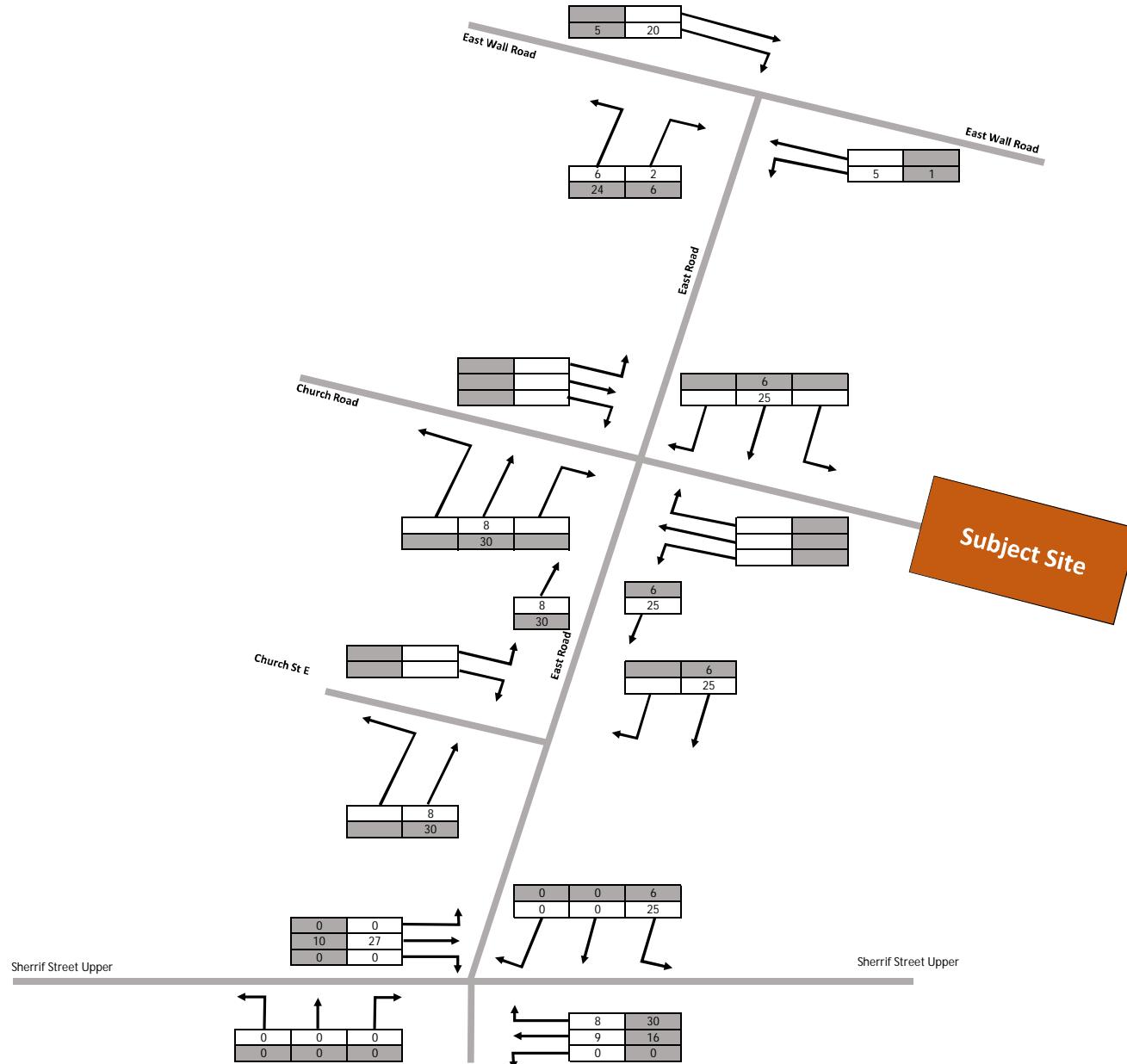
Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



GR 1.190242

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Figure 7		
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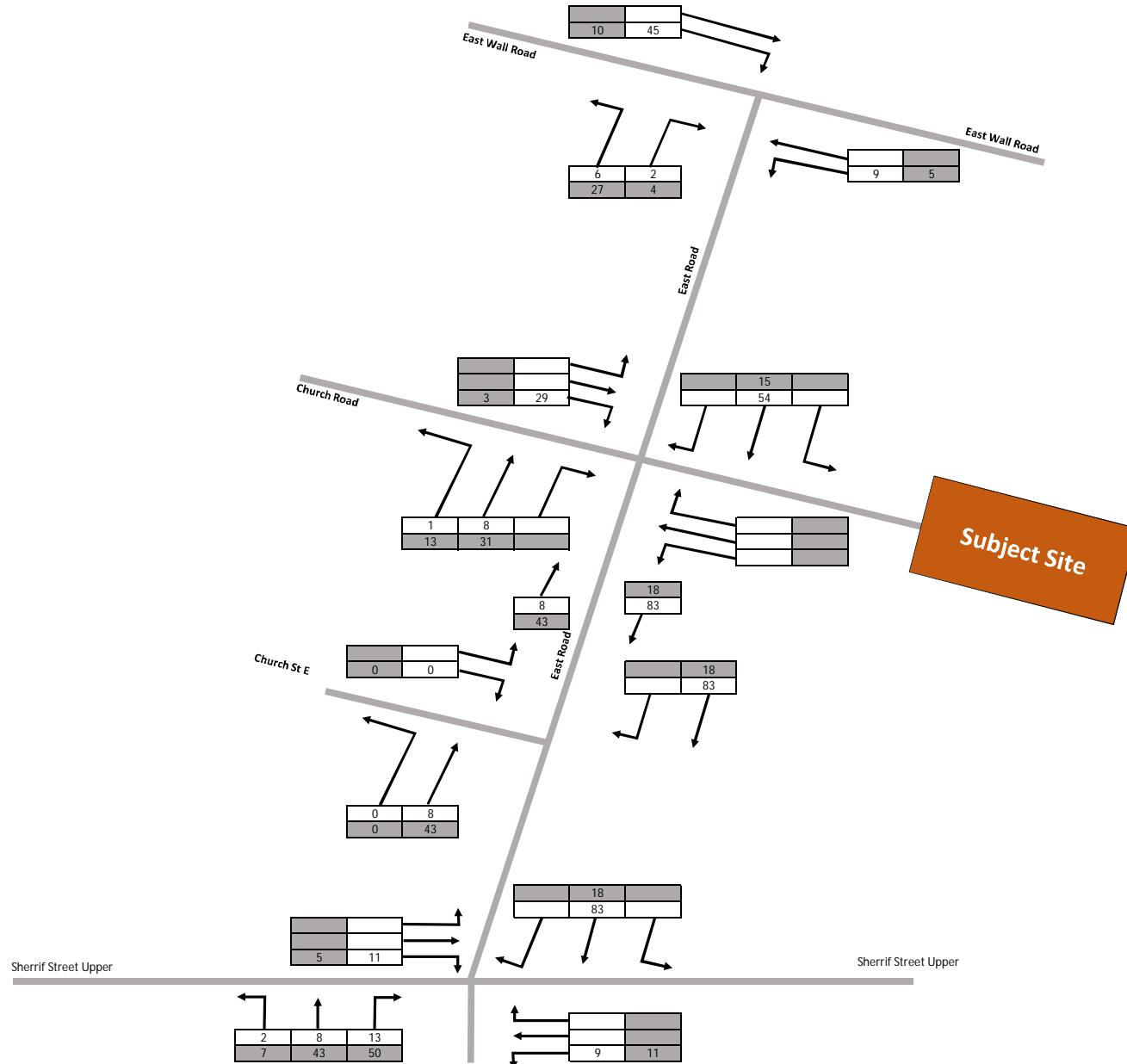
DRG. Title:
Network Traffic Flows
Committed Development 3

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn:	TM	Ckd:	TJ	Date:	01/05/2018
Ref:				170200	
Figure				8	
Rev:					



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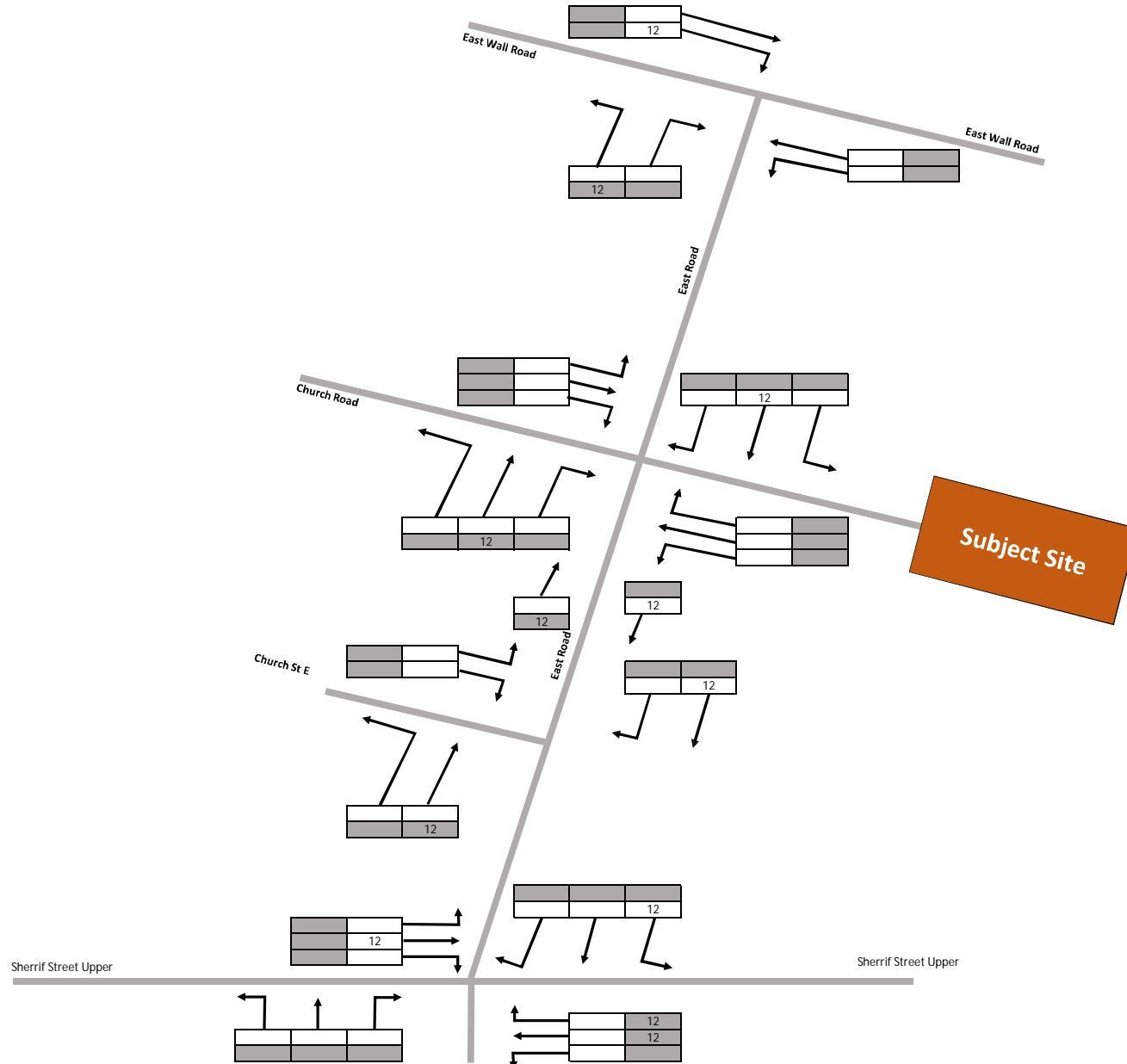
DRG. Title:
Network Traffic Flows
Committed Development 4

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn:	TM	Ckd:	TJ	Date:	01/05/2018
Ref:				170200	
Figure				9	
Rev:					



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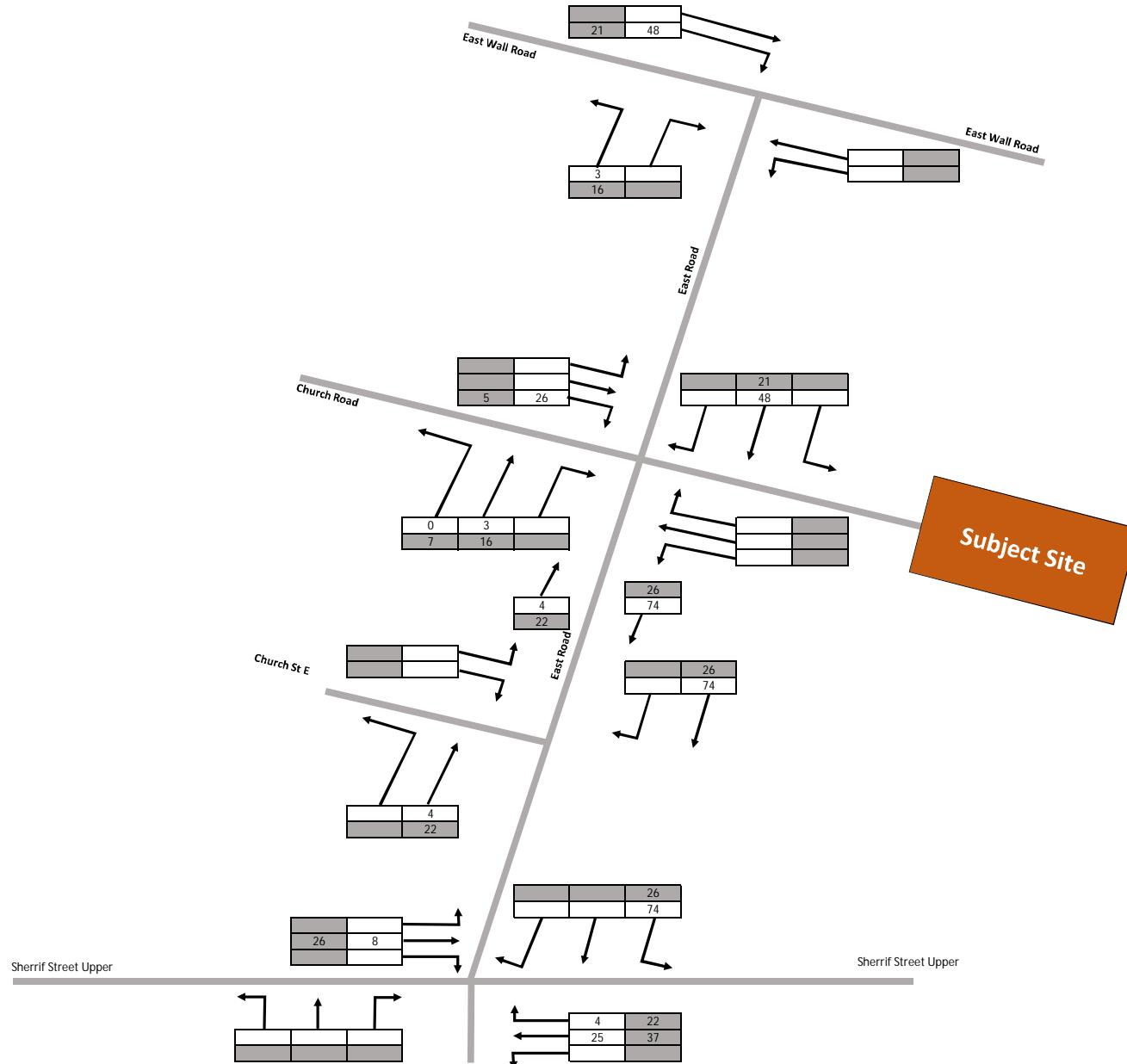
DRG. Title:
Network Traffic Flows
Committed Development 7

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn:	TM	Ckd:	TJ	Date:	01/05/2018
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Figure				10	
Rev:					



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DRG. Title:
Network Traffic Flows
Committed Developments 8 & 9

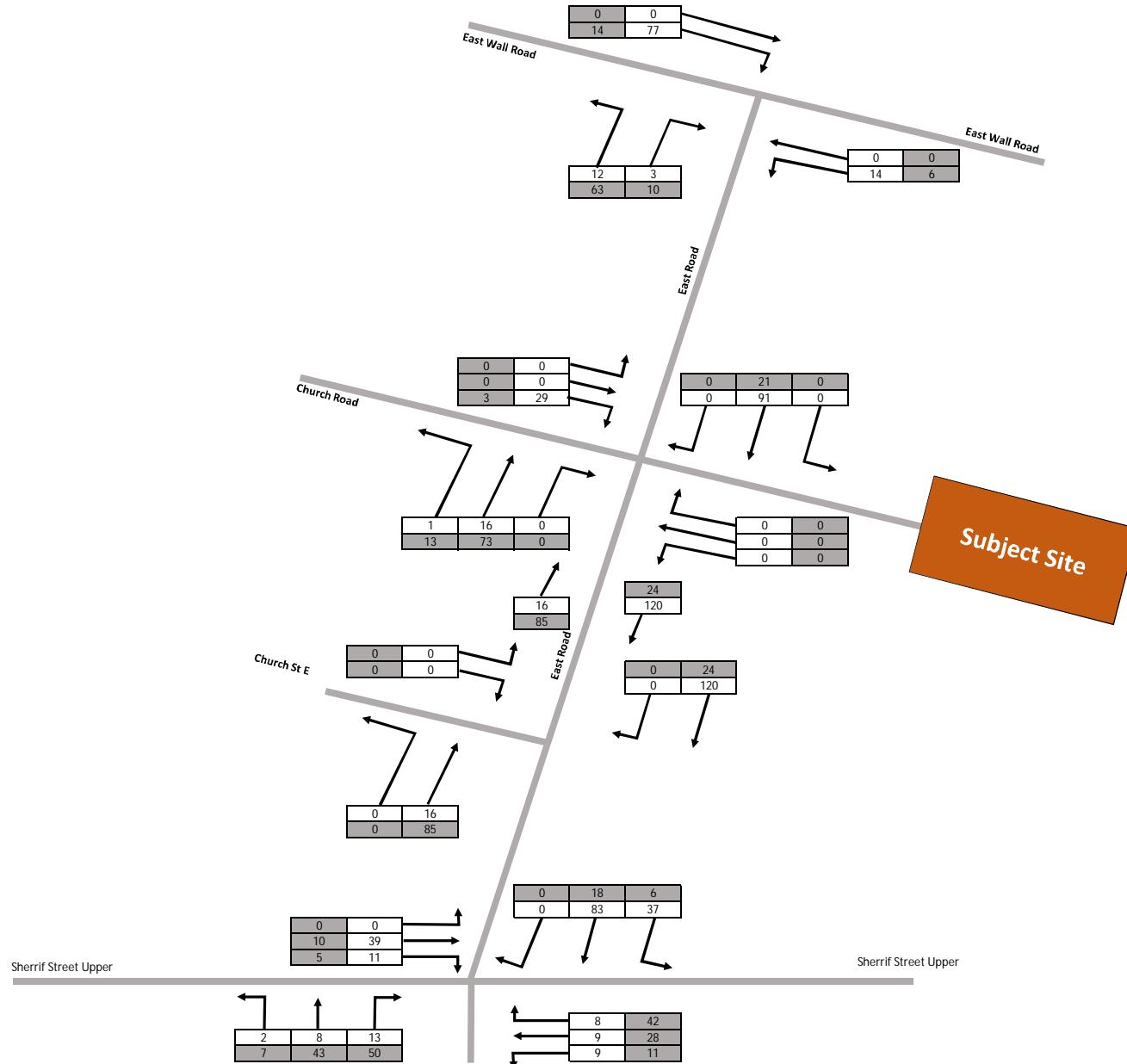
Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



2021 Opening Year

Dwn:	TM	Ckd:	TJ	Date:	01/05/2018
Ref:				170200	
Figure				11	
Rev:					



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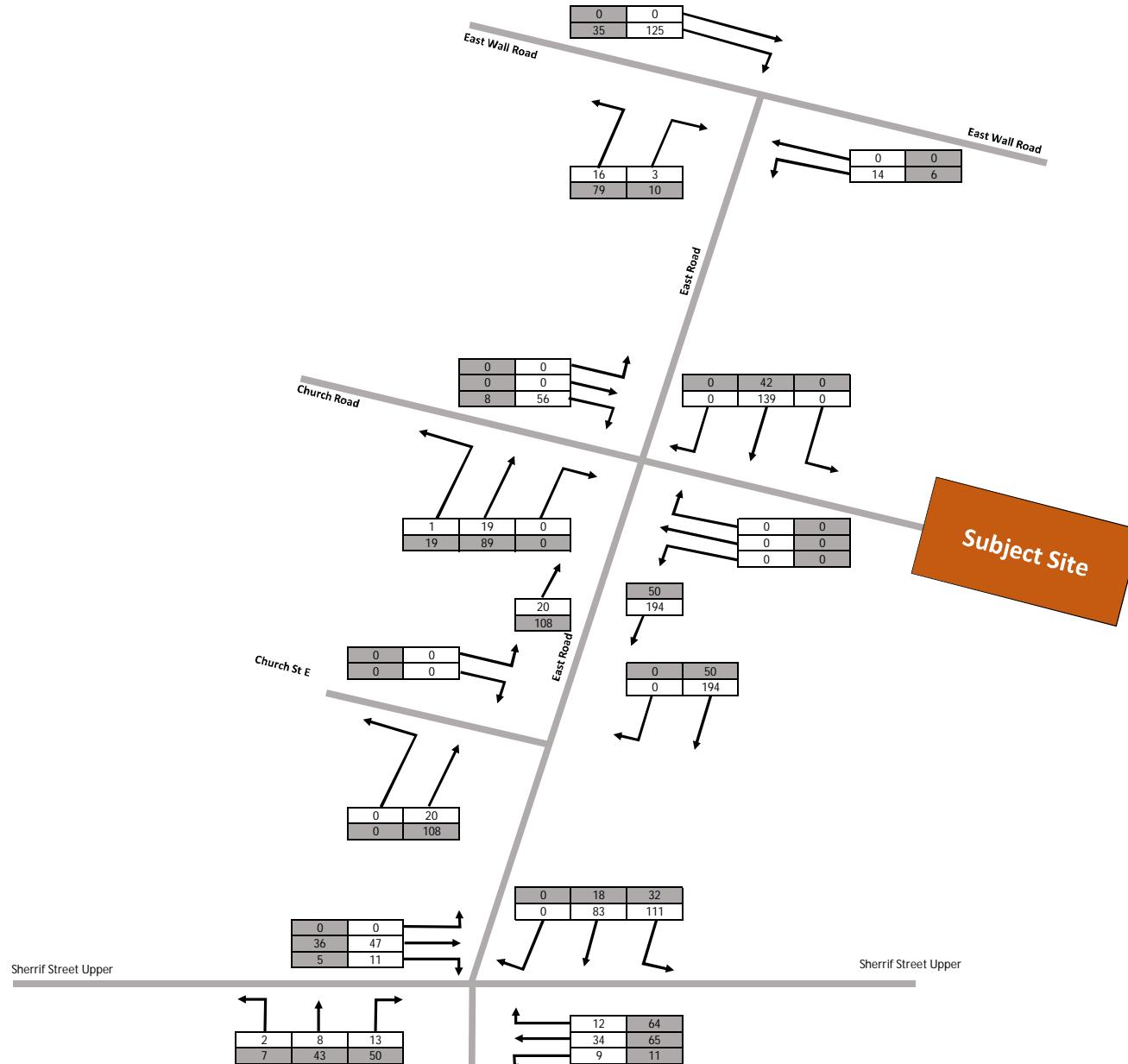
DRG. Title:
Network Traffic Flows
Committed Development Total 2020

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn:	TM	Ckd:	TJ	Date:	01/05/2018
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Figure	12				
Rev:					



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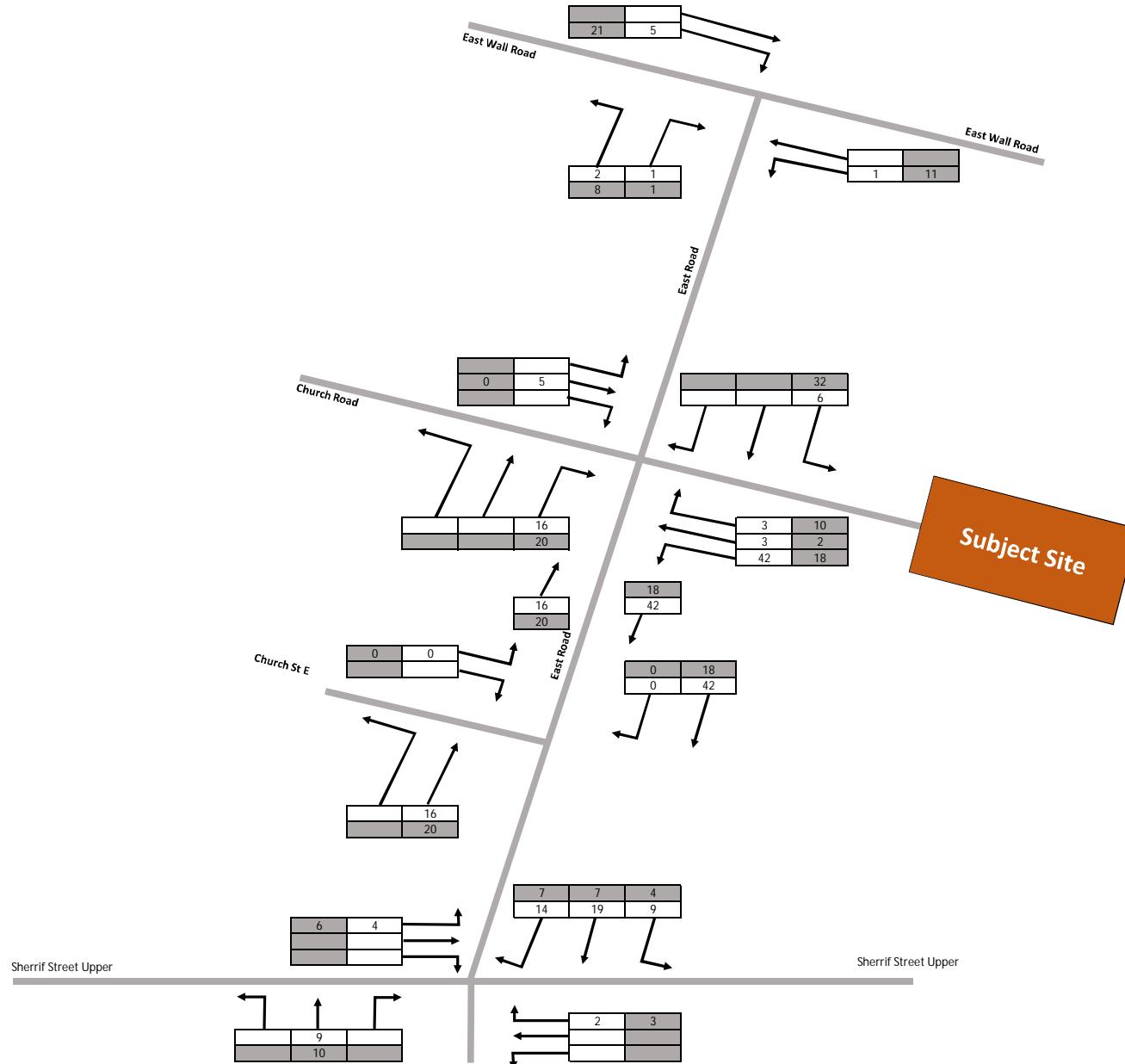
Project:
1-3 East Road Dublin
DRG. Title:
Network Traffic Flows
Committed Development Total Future Year

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn:	TM	Ckd:	TJ	Date:	01/05/2018
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Figure					13
Rev:					



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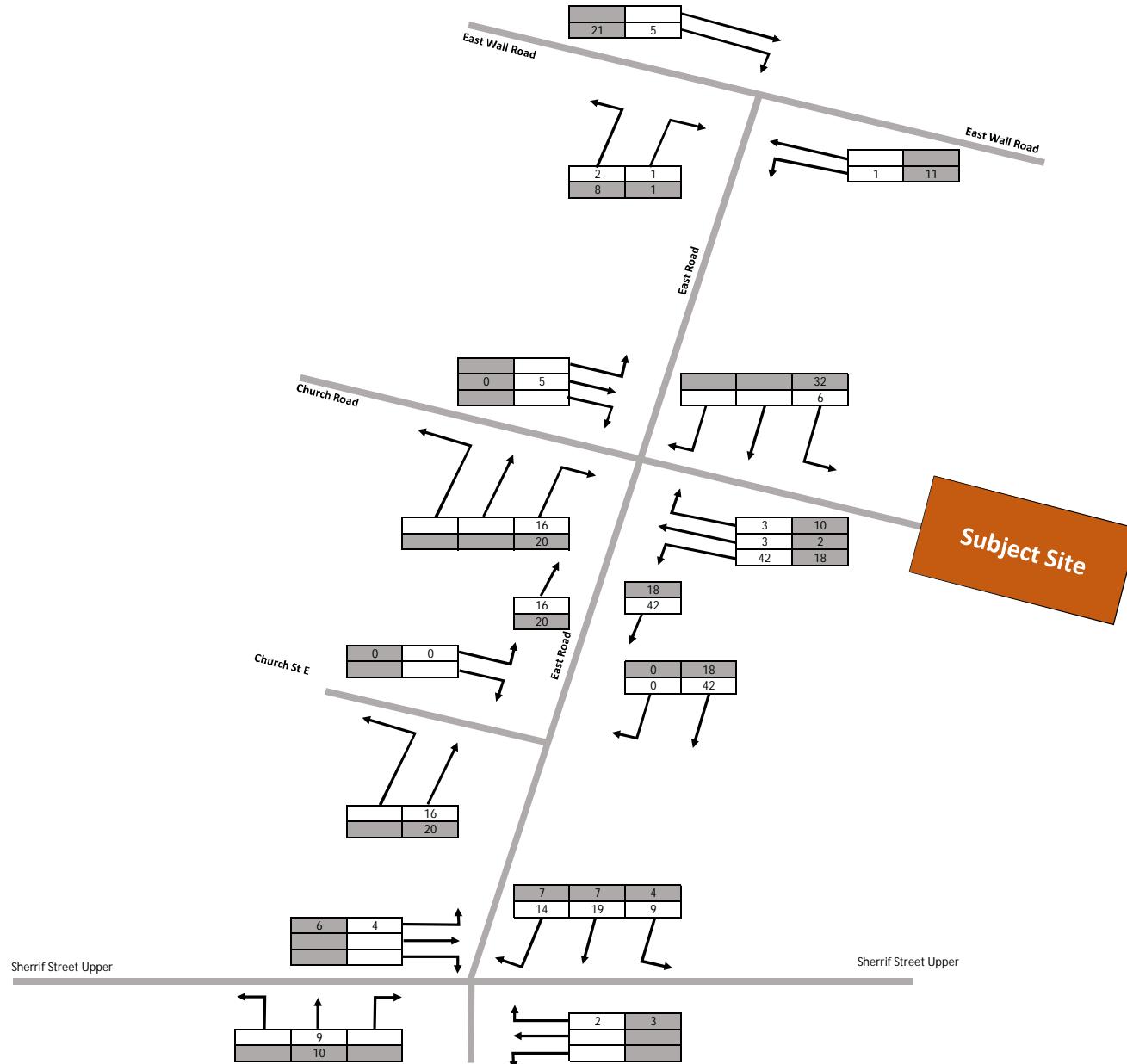
DRG. Title:
Network Traffic Flows
Development Flows 2020

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)

AM Peak		PM Peak	
Arr	Dep	Arr	Dep
27	48	52	29

Dwn: TM	Ckd: TJ	Date: 01/05/2018
Ref:		170200
Figure		14
Rev:		



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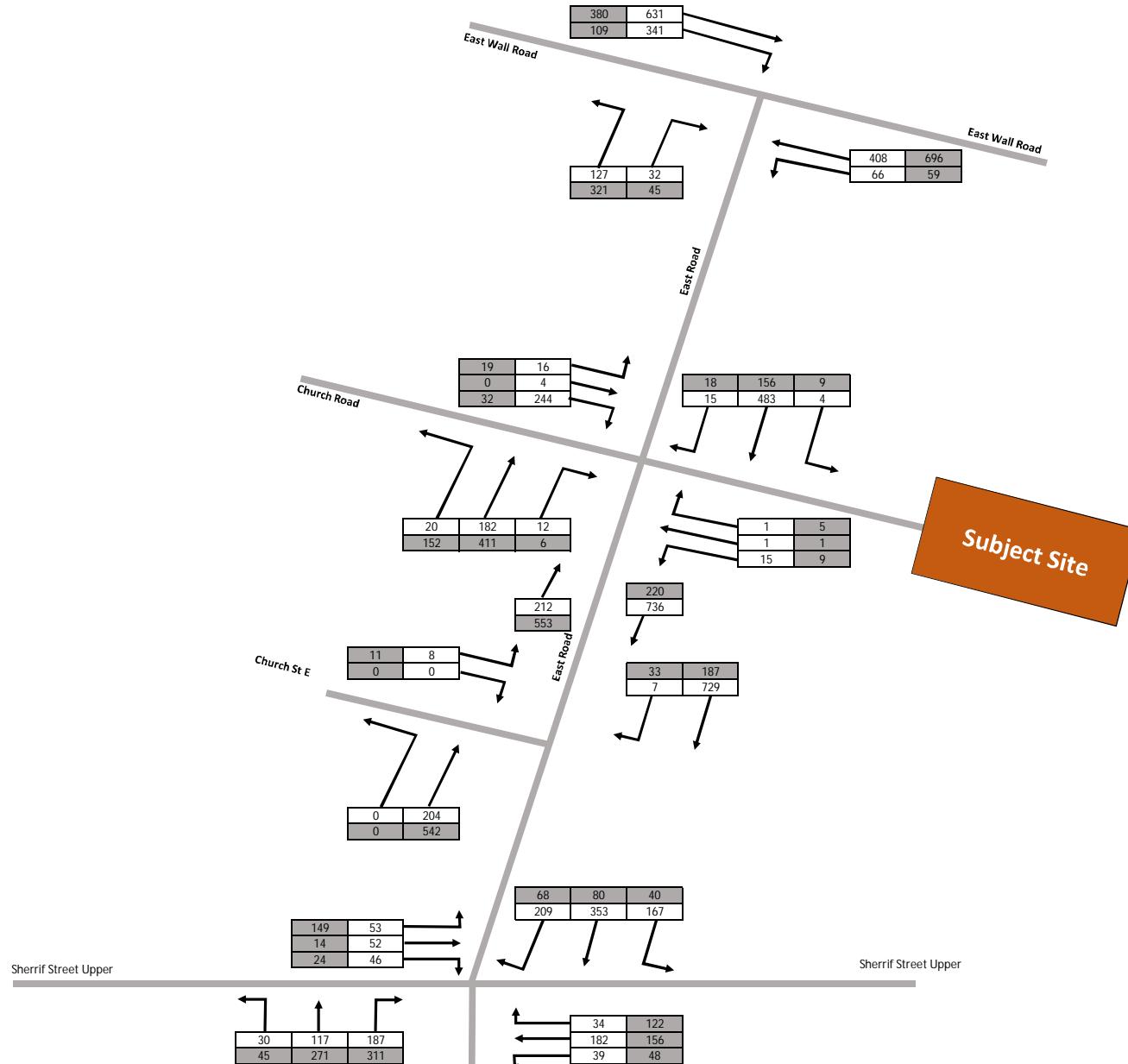
Project:
1-3 East Road Dublin
DRG. Title:
Network Traffic Flows
Development Flows 2025 & 2035

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)

AM Peak		PM Peak	
Arr	Dep	Arr	Dep
27	48	52	29

Dwn: TM	Ckd: TJ	Date: 01/05/2018
Ref:		170200
Figure		15
Rev:		



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DRG. Title:

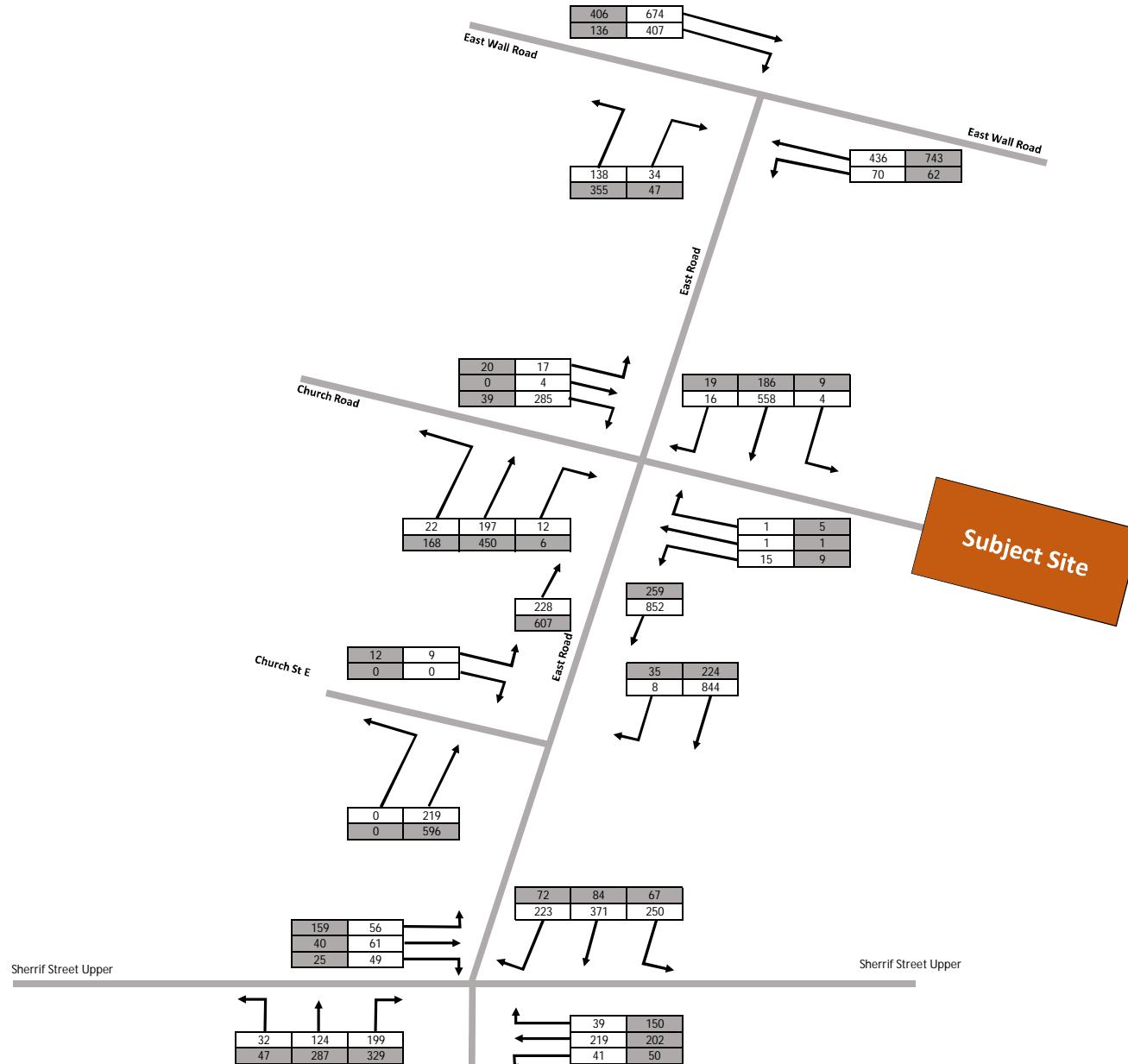
Network Traffic Flows
2020 Do Nothing

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn:	TM	Ckd:	TJ	Date:	01/05/2018
Ref:	170200				
Figure	16				
Rev:					



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DRG. Title:

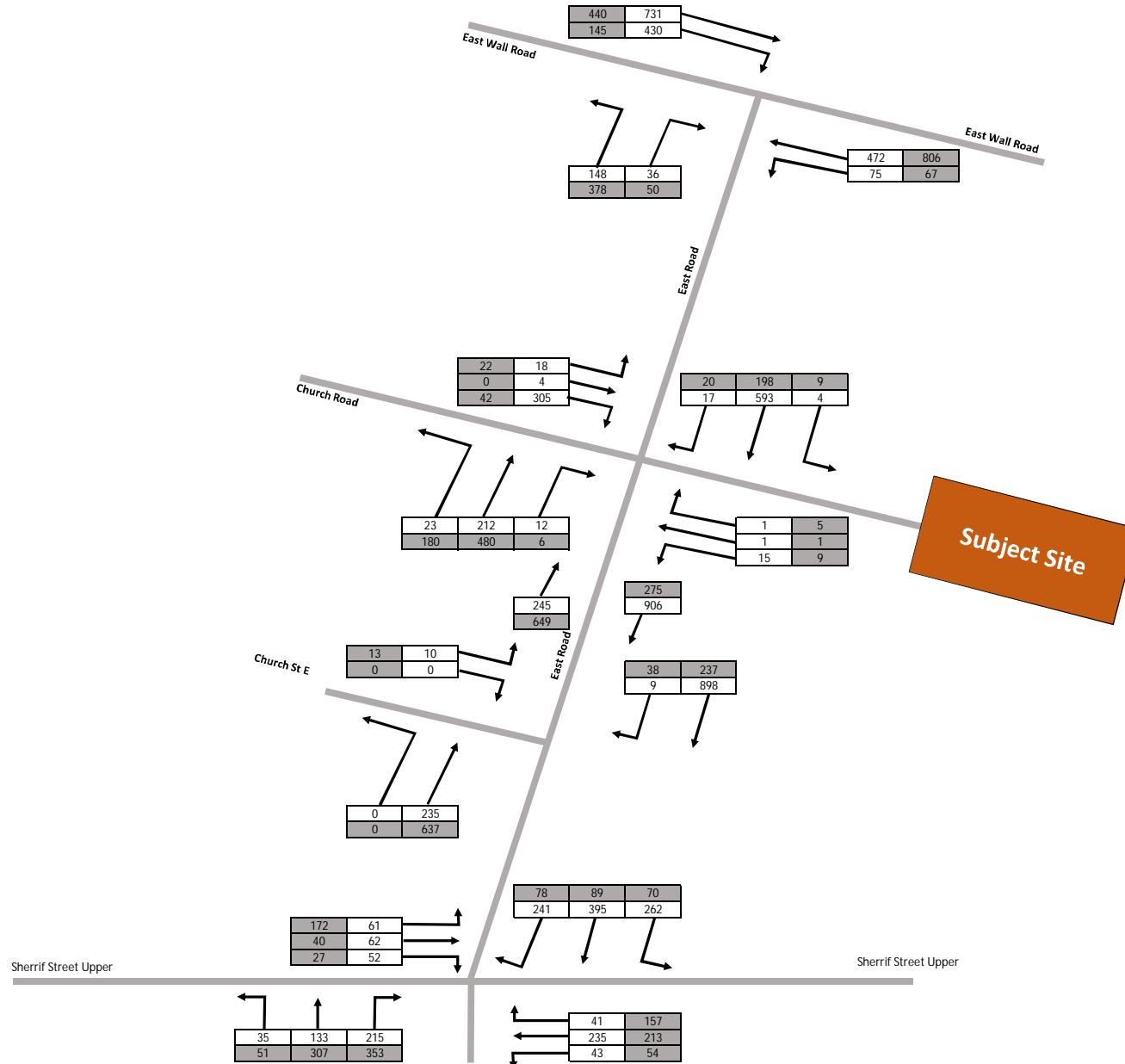
Network Traffic Flows
2025 Do Nothing

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn:	TM	Ckd:	TJ	Date:	01/05/2018
Ref:				170200	
Figure				17	
Rev:					



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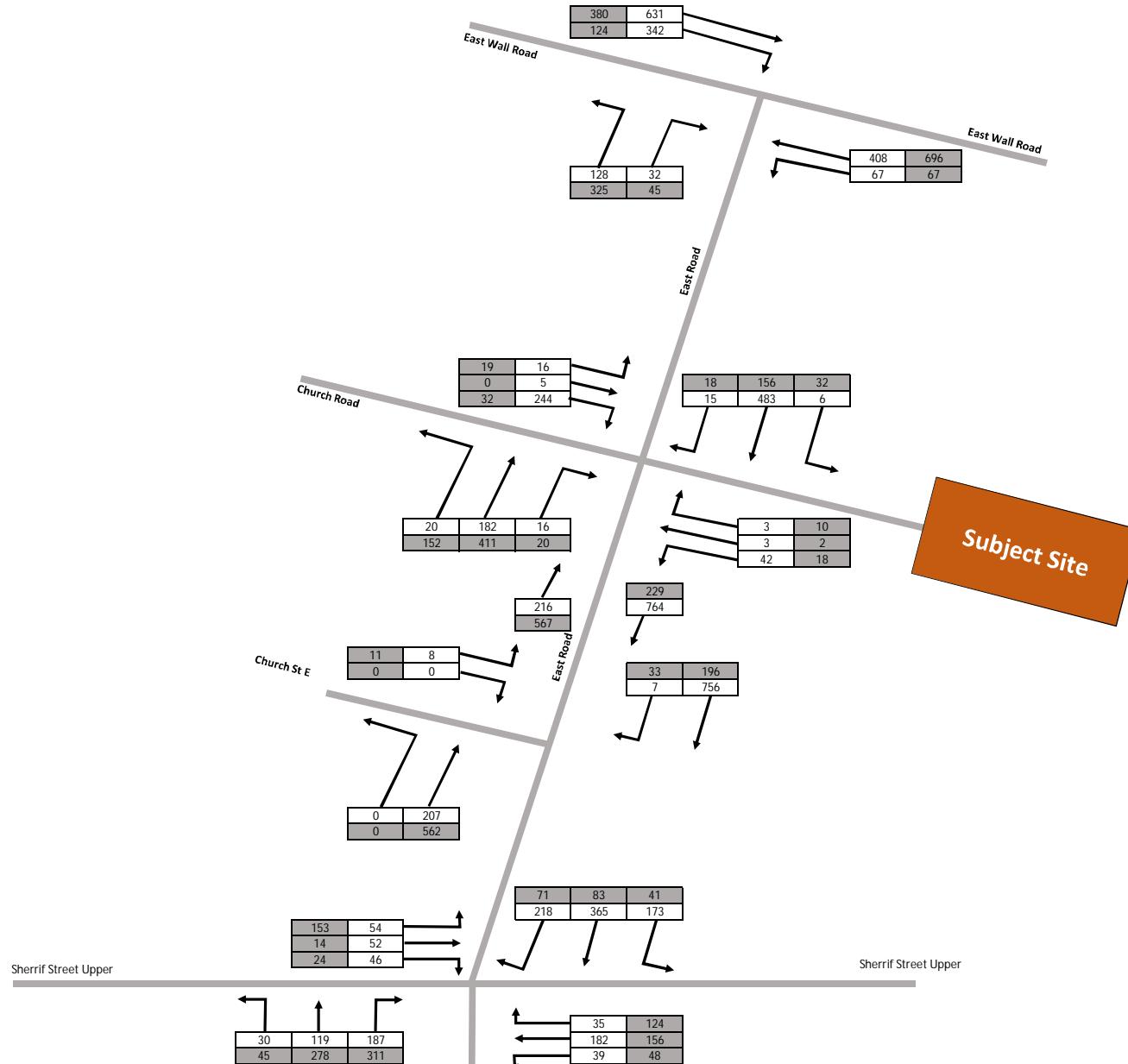
Network Traffic Flows
2035 Do Nothing

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn:	TM	Ckd:	TJ	Date:	01/05/2018
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Figure	18				
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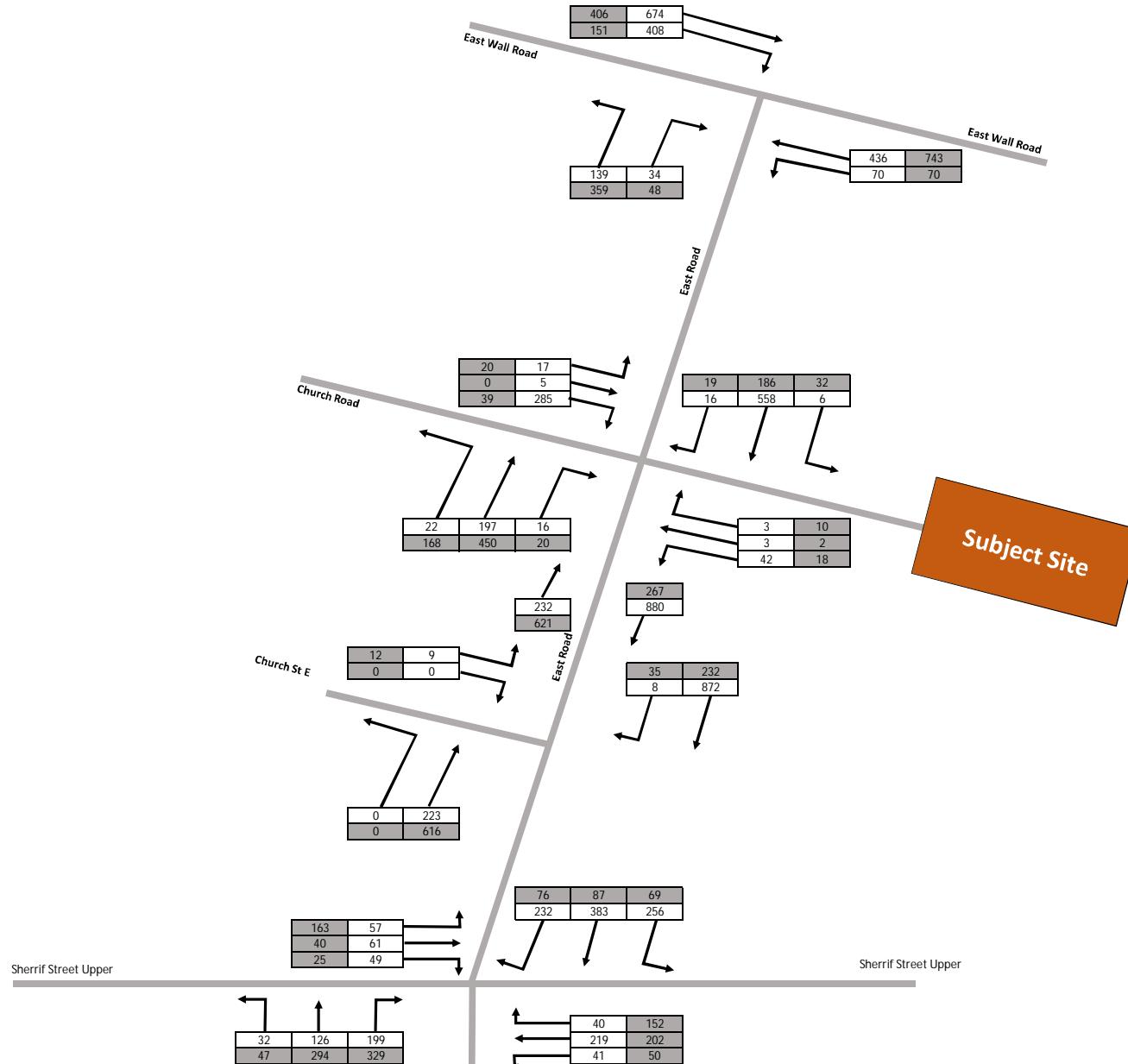
Network Traffic Flows
2020 Do Something

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn:	TM	Ckd:	TJ	Date:	01/05/2018
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Figure				19	
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DRG. Title:

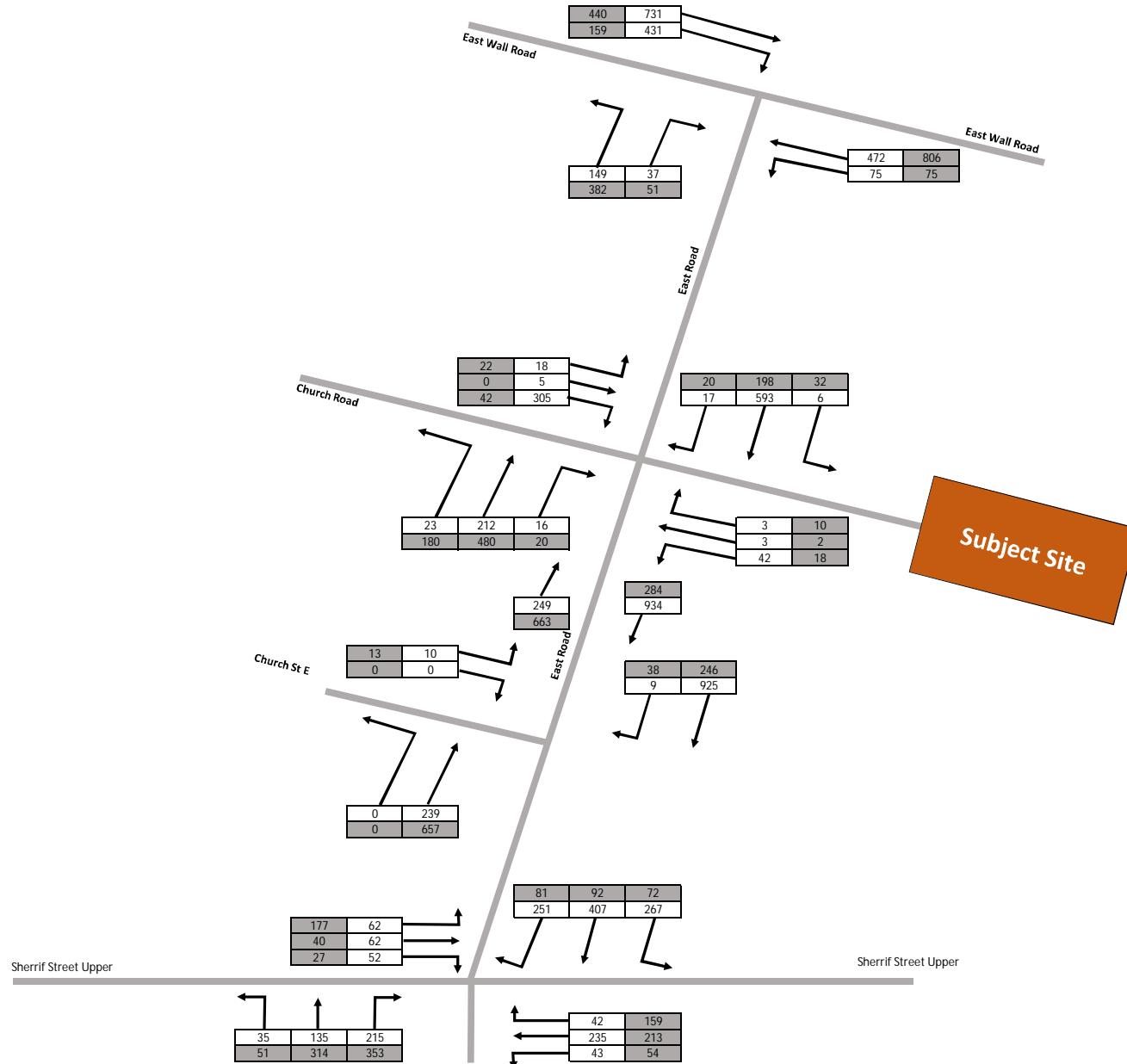
Network Traffic Flows
2025 Do Something

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



Dwn:	TM	Ckd:	TJ	Date:	01/05/2018
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Figure				20	
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Project:

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DRG. Title:

Network Traffic Flows
2035 Do Something

Key:

AM Peak Hour (0730 - 0830)
PM Peak Hour (1700 - 1800)



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Figure	21				
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APPENDIX C

TRANSYT Output Files

TRANSYT 15

Version: 15.5.1.7048

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Filename: Site Access Junction (No flares with storage)_Nov 2018 Planning.t15

Path: G:\2017p170200\Calcs\Traffic Calcs\Transyt

Report generation date: 13/12/2018 08:59:02

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>>A3 - AM 2025 DS : D3 - AM 2025 DS* ;
>>A4 - PM 2025 DS : D4 - PM 2025 DS* ;
>>A5 - AM 2035 DS : D5 - AM 2035 DS* ;
>>A6 - PM 2035 DS : D6 - PM 2035 DS* ;

```

File summary

File description

File title	(untitled)
Location	
Site number	
UTCRRegion	
Driving side	Left
Date	28/05/2018
Version	
Status	(new file)
Identifier	
Client	
Jobnumber	
Enumerator	HEADOFFICE(Haley)
Description	

Model and Results

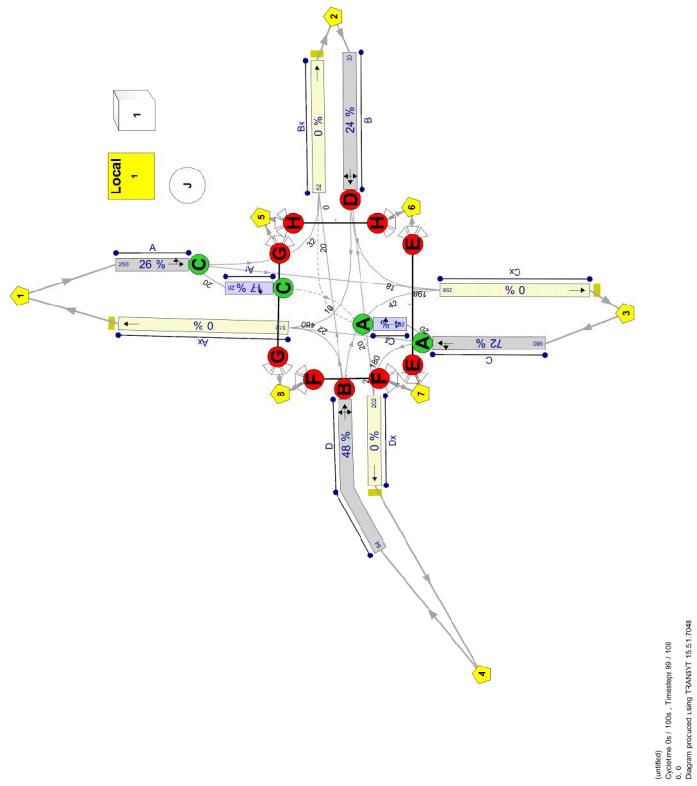
Enable controller	Speed units	Distance units	Fuel economy units	Fuel rate units	Mass units	Traffic units	Flow units perHour	Average delay units	Total delay units	Rate of delay perHour
£	kph	m	mpg	l/h	kg	PCU		s	-Hour	

Units

Sorting

Show names instead of IDs	Sorting direction	Sorting type	Ignore prefixes when sorting	Analysis/demand set ID	Link grouping	Source grouping	Colour Analysis/Demand Sets
	Ascending	Numerical			Normal	Normal	✓

Network Diagrams



(Untitled)
Cycles: 0/1 (0%), Timestamp: 69 / 100
0.0
Diagram produced using TRANSYT 15.5.1.7048

A1 - AM 2020 DS

D1 - AM 2020 DS*

Summary

Data Errors and Warnings

No errors or warnings

Run Summary

Analysis set used	Run start time	Run finish time	Mode setting	Network cycle time (HH:mm)	Performance Index x £ per hr	Total network delay (PCU-hr)	Highest DOS (%)	Number of oversaturated items	Percentage of over saturated items (%)	Item with worst signalled FRC	Item with worst unsignalled PR	He with worst PR
1 08:58:35	13/12/2018 08:58:35	07:30 13/12/2018	AM 2020 DS	07:30 08:58:35	100 169.65	11:13 71.72	A/1 A/1	0 0	0 0	A/1 Cx/1	A/1 Cx/1	A/1 Cx/1

Analysis Set Details

Name	Description	Demand sets	Include in report	Locked
AM 2020 DS		D1	✓	

Demand Set Details

Name	Description	Composite	Demand sets	Start time (HH:mm)	Locked
AM 2020 DS				07:30	

Network Options

Network cycle time (s)	Restrict to SCCOT cycle times	Time segment length (min)	Number of time segments	Modelled time period (min)
100		60	1	60

Network timings

Start displacement (s)	End displacement (s)	Phase minimum broken penalty (£)	Phase maximum broken penalty (£)	Intergreen broken penalty (£)	Starting Red-with-Amber (s)	Cruise times or speeds
2	3	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	2	

Signals options

Traffic model	Vehicle flow scaling factor (%)	Pedestrian flow scaling factor (%)	Cruise times or speeds
Platoon Dispersion (PDM)	100	100	

Advanced

Phase minimum broken penalty (£)	Phase maximum broken penalty (£)	Intergreen broken penalty (£)	Starting Red-with-Amber (s)
10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	2

Traffic options

Traffic model	Vehicle dispersion (PDM)	Pedestrian dispersion (PDM)	Cruise times or speeds
Platoon Dispersion (PDM)	100	100	

Advanced

Resolution	DOS threshold (%)	Cruise scaling factor (%)	Use link stop weightings	Exclude pedestrians from results calculation	Random delay mode	Type of random parameter	PCU Length (m)	Calculate results for Path Segments	Generate PDM Data
1	90	100	✓	✓	Complex	Uniform (TRANSYT)	5.75	✓	

Arms and Traffic Streams

Modelling

Arms		
Arm	Name	Description
A	(untitled)	J
B	(untitled)	J
C	(untitled)	J
D	(untitled)	J
A _r	(untitled)	J
A _x	(untitled)	J
B _x	(untitled)	J
C _r	(untitled)	J
C _x	(untitled)	J
D _x	(untitled)	

Modelling - Advanced

Traffic Stream		
Arm	Name	Description
A	1	(untitled)
B	1	(untitled)
C	1	(untitled)
D	1	(untitled)
A _r	1	(untitled)
A _x	1	(untitled)
B _x	1	(untitled)
C _r	1	(untitled)
C _x	1	(untitled)
D _x	1	(untitled)

Traffic Streams

Arm	Traffic Stream	Name	Description	Auto length	Length (m)	Has Saturation Flow	Saturation flow (PCU/hr)	Saturation flow source	Is signal controlled	Is give way	Traffic type	Allow Nearside Turn On Red
A	1	(untitled)		300.00	✓		1802	✓			Normal	
B	1	(untitled)		150.00	✓		Sum of lanes	1547	✓		Normal	
C	1	(untitled)		300.00	✓		Sum of lanes	1781	✓		Normal	
D	1	(untitled)		300.00	✓		Sum of lanes	1692	✓		Normal	
A _r	1	(untitled)		5.75	✓		Sum of lanes	2005	✓		Normal	
A _x	1	(untitled)		300.00	✓		Sum of lanes	2005	✓		Normal	
B _x	1	(untitled)		5.75	✓		Sum of lanes	2005	✓		Normal	
C _r	1	(untitled)		300.00	✓		Sum of lanes	2005	✓		Normal	
C _x	1	(untitled)		300.00	✓		Sum of lanes	2005	✓		Normal	
D _x	1	(untitled)		300.00	✓		Sum of lanes	2005	✓		Normal	

Lanes

Arm	Traffic Stream	Lane	Name	Description	Use RR67	Surface condition	Site quality factor	Gradient (%)	Width (m)	Use connector turning radius	Proportion that turn (%)	Turning radius (m)	Nearside lane	Saturation flow (PCU/hr)
A	1	1	(untitled)		✓	N/A	N/A	0	3.00		25	6.00	✓	1802
B	1	1	(untitled)		✓	N/A	N/A	0	3.00		95	6.00	✓	1547
C	1	1	(untitled)		✓	N/A	N/A	0	3.00		30	6.00	✓	1781
D	1	1	(untitled)		✓	N/A	N/A	0	3.00		93	10.60	✓	1692
A _r	1	1	(untitled)		✓	N/A	N/A	0	2.50		0	6.00		2005
A _x	1	1	(untitled)		✓	N/A	N/A	0	2.50					
B _x	1	1	(untitled)		✓	N/A	N/A	0	2.50		0	8.50		2005
C _r	1	1	(untitled)		✓	N/A	N/A	0	2.50					
C _x	1	1	(untitled)		✓	N/A	N/A	0	2.50		0	8.50		2005
D _x	1	1	(untitled)		✓	N/A	N/A	0	2.50					

Signals

Modelling - Advanced

Arm	Traffic Stream	Service	Type of Vehicle-in-service	Vehicle-in-service NetworkDefault	Type of random parameter	Random parameter NetworkIDefault	Cycle time
A	1	1	0.50	✓	100		100

Entry Sources

Arm	Traffic Stream	Service	Type of Vehicle-in-service	Vehicle-in-service NetworkDefault	Type of random parameter	Random parameter NetworkIDefault	Cycle time
A	1	1	36.00		30.00		30.00
B	1	1	18.00		30.00		30.00
C	1	1	36.00		30.00		30.00
D	1	1	36.00		30.00		30.00

Sources

Arm	Traffic Stream	Source Stream	Destination traffic stream	Cruise time for Normal Traffic (s)	Cruise speed for Normal Traffic (kph)	Auto turning radius	Traffic item style	Turning radius (m)
A _r	1	A ₁	A _{r1}	1.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight Movement
A _x	1	C ₁	A _{x1}	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight Movement
B _x	1	D ₁	B _{x1}	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight Movement
C _r	1	C ₁	C _{r1}	1.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight Movement
C _x	1	A ₁	C _{x1}	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight Movement
D _x	1	B ₁	D _{x1}	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight Movement
A _x	1	B ₁	A _{x1}	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	57.17
B _x	1	A ₁	B _{x1}	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	67.46
C _x	1	B ₁	C _{x1}	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	87.33
D _x	1	C ₁	D _{x1}	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	50.78
A _x	1	D ₁	A _{x1}	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	56.71
B _x	1	C ₁	B _{x1}	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	52.48
C _x	1	D ₁	C _{x1}	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	92.66
D _x	1	A ₁	D _{x1}	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	97.03

Give Way Data

Arm	Traffic traffic	Opposed traffic	Use Step-wise Opposed Turn Model	Number of storage spaces	Use connector turning radius	Radius of turn (m)	Visibility restricted
A _r	1	All traffic	✓	1	100	10.00	
C _r	1	All traffic	✓	1	100	8.00	

Pedestrian Crossings - Conflicts

Traffic Stream	Description	Controlling type	Controlling from traffic stream	Controlling to traffic stream	Percentage opposing (%)	Upstream signals visible	Conflict shift	Conflict duration
1	TrafficStreamMovement	C ₁	A _{x1}	A _{x1}	100	2	2	6
	TrafficStreamMovement	A _{x1}	C _{x1}	C _{x1}	100	2	2	6
	TrafficStreamMovement	A _{x1}	B _{x1}	B _{x1}	100	2	2	6

Pedestrian Crossings**Pedestrian Crossings**

Crossing	Name	Description	Traffic node	Allow walk on red	Crossing type	Length (m)	Cruise time (seconds)	Cruise speed (kph)
1	(united)		Farside	11.00		7.33	5.40	
2	(united)		Farside	6.40		4.27	5.40	
3	(united)		Farside	11.10		7.40	5.40	
4	(united)		Farside	11.10		7.40	5.40	

Pedestrian Crossings - Signals

Crossing	Controller stream	Phase	Second phase enabled
1	1	G	
2	1	H	
3	1	E	
4	1	F	

Pedestrian Crossings - Sides

Crossing	Side	Saturation flow (Ped/hr)
(ALL)	(ALL)	11000

Pedestrian Crossings - Modelling

		Assignment Cost Weighting (%)		Exclude from results calculation		Max queue storage (Ped)		Has queue limit		Has degree of saturation limit	
		Crossing (ALL)	Side (ALL)	Weighting (%)	100	100		0.00			

Local OD Matrix Options

OD Matrix	Name	Use for point to point table	Auto calculate	Allocation mode	Path	Matrix to copy flows from	Copy flows to rows	Allow looped paths on traffic nodes	Allow looped paths on arms	Allow paths pass exit locations	Path length limit multiplier
1	1	(united)	✓	✓	✓			✓		✓	1.25
2	2	(united)									
3	3	(united)									
4	4	(united)									

Locations

OD Matrix	Location	Name	Entities	Exits	Colour
1	1	(united)	A _{r1}		#0000FF
	2	(united)	B _{r1}		#00FFFF
	3	(united)	C _{r1}		#FFFFFF
1	4	(united)	D _{r1}		#FF0000
	5	(united)			
	6	(united)			
	7	(united)			
	8	(united)			

Pedestrian Crossings - Sides**Pedestrian Crossings - Sides****Pedestrian Crossings - Sides****Pedestrian Crossings - Sides**

Normal Paths and Flows

OD Matrix	Path	Description	From location	To location	Path items	Allocation type	Normal Calculated Flow (PCU/hr)
4	1		2	3	B/1, Cx/1	Normal	42
12	2		4	5	B/1, Dx/1	Normal	3
26	1		3	4	A/1, Cx/1	Normal	483
28	1		2	4	A/1, Bx/1	Normal	6
29	3		4	5	C/1, Dx/1	Normal	20
32	3		2	5	C/1, Cr/1, Bx/1	Normal	16
1	33	1	4	5	A/1, Ar/1, Dx/1	Normal	15
34	4		3	6	D/1, Cx/1	Normal	244
35	4		2	6	D/1, Bx/1	Normal	5
36	2		1	6	B/1, Ax/1	Normal	3
37	4		1	6	D/1, Ar/1	Normal	16
38	3		1	6	C/1, Ar/1	Normal	182

Pedestrian Paths and Flows

OD Matrix	Path	Description	From location	To location	Path items	Allocation type	Pedestrian calculated flow (Ped/hr)
16	16		6	7	3:2E; 3:2X	Normal	20
17	17		7	6	3:1E; 3:2X	Normal	20
18	18		7	8	4:2E; 4:1X	Normal	0
19	19		8	7	4:1E; 4:2X	Normal	0
1	20		5	8	1:2E; 1:1X	Normal	20
21	21		8	5	1:1E; 1:2X	Normal	0
22	22		5	6	2:1E; 2:2X	Normal	20
23	23		6	5	2:2E; 2:1X	Normal	0

Signal Timings

Network Default: 100s cycle time; 100 steps

Controller Stream 1

Controller Stream	Name	Description	Use sequence	Cycle time (s)	Cycle time source	NetworkDefault	Line Number	Site number	Grid reference	Gaining delay type
1	(untitled)		1	100						Absolute

Controller Stream 1 - Properties

Controller Stream	Allow offset optimisation	Allow green split optimisation	Optimisation level	Auto redistribute	Enable stage constraint
1	✓	✓	Offsets And Green Spills	✓	

Phases

Controller Stream	Phase	Name	Minimum green (s)	Maximum green (s)	Relative start displacement (s)	Relative end displacement (s)	Type	Blackout Time (s)
	A (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	B (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	C (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
1	D (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	E (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	F (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	G (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	H (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0

Library Stages

Controller Stream	Library Stage	Phases in stage	User stage minimum (s)
	1	A, C	1
1	2	B	1
	3	D	1
	4	E, F, G, H	1

Stage Sequences

Controller Stream	Sequence	Name	Multiple cycling	Stage IDs	Stage ends
	1	(untitled)	Single	1, 2, 3, 4	35, 82, 74, 88
	2	(untitled)	Single	1, 4, 2, 3	0, 31, 63, 91
	3	(untitled)	Single	1, 3, 4, 2	0, 29, 59, 91
	4	(untitled)	Single	1, 2, 4, 3	0, 31, 63, 91
	5	(untitled)	Single	1, 4, 3, 2	0, 29, 57, 87
	6	(untitled)	Single	1, 3, 2, 4	0, 29, 57, 87

Intergreen Matrix for Controller Stream 1

	To	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
	From	1	2	3	4				
	1	6	5	5	6	7			
	2	5	5	5	7	5	6		
	3	5	6	6	7	5	5		
	4	5	5	6	7	5			

Banned Stage transitions for Controller Stream 1

	To	1	2	3	4
	From	1	2	3	4
	1	6	6	7	
	2	5	5	7	
	3	5	6	7	
	4	5	5	6	

Interstage Matrix for Controller Stream 1

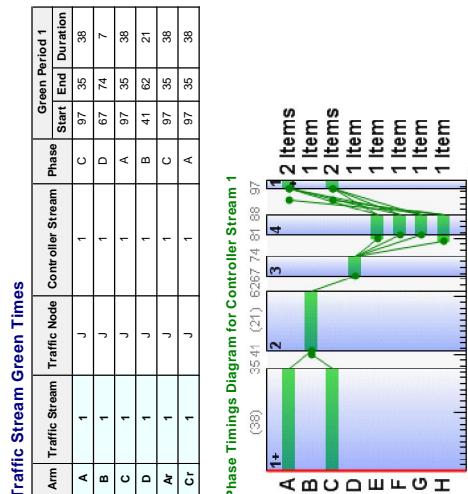
	To	1	2	3	4
	From	2	5	0	7
	1	0	6	6	7
	2	5	0	5	7
	3	5	0	7	
	4	9	9	0	

Resultant Stages

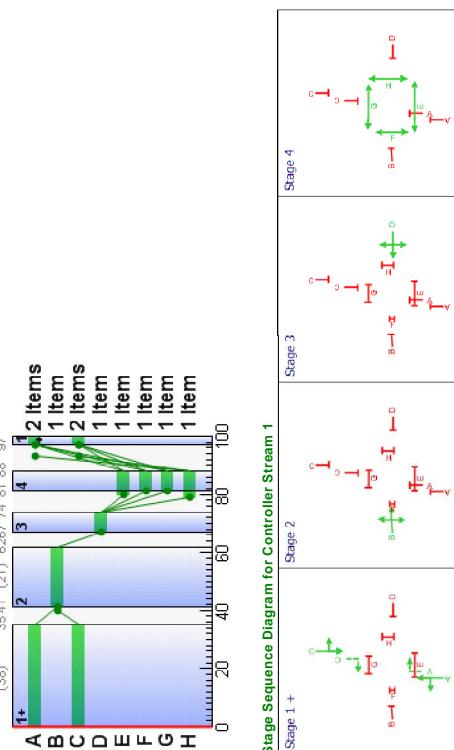
Controller Stream	Resultant Stage	Is base stage	Library Stage ID	Phases in this stage	Stage start (s)	Stage end (s)	User stage minimum (s)	Stage minimum (s)
	1	✓	1	2	0	97	38	7
	2	✓	3	2	41	62	1	7
	3	✓	4	3	67	74	1	7
	4	✓	4	4	81	88	7	7

Resultant Phase Green Periods

Controller Stream	Phase	Green period	Is base green period	Start time (s)	End time (s)	Duration (s)
1	A	1	v	97	35	38
	B	1	v	41	62	21
	C	1	v	97	35	38
	D	1	v	67	74	7
	E	1	v	80	88	8
	F	1	v	81	88	7
	G	1	v	81	88	7
	H	1	v	79	88	9



Phase Timings Diagram for Controller Stream 1



Traffic Stream Results

Traffic Stream Results: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Arm	Traffic Stream	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)		Flow discrepancy (PCU/hr)		Adjusted flow warning	Calculated capacity (PCU/hr)	Calculated capacity (PCU/hr)	Degree of saturation (%)	DOS Threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean modulus of error	Actual green time (per cycle)
			Calculated flow out (PCU/hr)	Calculated flow out (PCU/hr)	Flow discrepancy (PCU/hr)	Flow warning (PCU/hr)								
07:30-08:30	A	1	504	504	0	0		1802	703	124	39		25	0.00
	B	1	48	48	0	0		1547	695	31	187		132	0.00
	C	1	218	218	0	0		1781	372	71	26		0.00	38
	D	1	265	265	0	0		1682	393	4	2259		0.00	21
	Ar	1	15	15	0	0		1008					1.21	38
	Ax	1	201	201	0	0		Unrestricted	Unrestricted	0			0.82	100
08:30-09:30	Bx	1	27	27	0	0		Unrestricted	Unrestricted	0			0.62	100
	Cr	1	16	16	0	0		285	111	14			525	1.21
	Cx	1	768	768	0	0		Unrestricted	Unrestricted	0			Unrestricted	0.47
	Dx	1	38	38	0	0		Unrestricted	Unrestricted	0			Unrestricted	0.83
	Ey	1	100	100	0	0		Unrestricted	Unrestricted	0			Unrestricted	0.47
	Fz	1	100	100	0	0		Unrestricted	Unrestricted	0			Unrestricted	0.47

Traffic Stream Results: Stalls and delays

Time | Controlled

Segment	Concurrent stream	Phase 1 max penalty (& per hr)	Intergen switch penalty (& per hr)	Storage constraint overrun penalty (& per hr)	Cost or connection penalties (& per hr)
07:30-08:30	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Traffic Stream Results: Queues and blocking

Time Segment	Amm Stream	Traffic Stream	Initial queue (PCU)	Mean max queue (PCU)	Max queue storage (PCU)	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Wasted time total (s per cycle)	Estimated blocking
	A	1	0.00	12.65	52.17	24.25	0.00	0.00	
	B	1	0.00	1.37	26.09	5.27	0.00	5.00	
	C	1	0.00	4.25	52.17	8.15	0.00	0.00	
	D	1	0.00	7.63	52.17	14.62	0.00	0.00	
07:30-08:30	Ax	1	0.00	0.22	1.00	22.33	0.00	23.00	
	Bx	1	0.00	0.00	52.17	0.00	0.00	34.00	
	Cx	1	0.00	0.39	1.00	39.14	0.00	91.00	
	Dx	1	0.00	0.00	52.17	0.00	0.00	7.00	
					52.17	0.00	0.00	1.00	
						70.00			

Pedestrian Crossing Results

Time Segment	Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Actual green (s (per cycle))	Mean delay per Ped (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1	1	0	0	11000	7	43.71	0.00
	1	2	3	20	11000	7	3.45	3.45
	1	2	2	20	11000	9	41.86	0.51
07:30-08:30	2	2	0	0	11000	9	0.00	0.00
	3	1	2	20	11000	8	42.78	0.51
	3	2	2	20	11000	8	42.78	0.51
	4	1	0	0	11000	7	0.00	0.00
	4	2	0	0	11000	7	0.00	0.00

Pedestrian Crossings: Pedestrian summary

Time Segment	Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated Flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Adjusted flow discrepancy warning (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	DOS threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean modulus of error or error (per cycle)	Actual green (s (per cycle))	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1	1	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3365	0.00	
	2	1	20	20	0	11000	770	3		4355	9	42.78	13.50	
07:30-08:30	3	1	20	20	0	11000	990	0	Unrestricted	0.00	9	580	11.61	
	3	2	20	20	0	11000	890	2		3860	8	42.78	156.15	
	4	1	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	0	A/1	
	4	2	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	0	A/1	

Pedestrian Crossings: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Side	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Flow discrepancy warning (Ped/hr)	Adjusted sat flow (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	DOS threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean modulus of error or error (per cycle)	Actual green (s (per cycle))	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1	1	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3365	0.00	
	2	1	20	20	0	11000	770	3		4355	9	42.78	13.50	
07:30-08:30	3	1	20	20	0	11000	990	0	Unrestricted	0.00	9	580	11.61	
	3	2	20	20	0	11000	890	2		3860	8	42.78	156.15	
	4	1	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	0	A/1	
	4	2	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	0	A/1	

Network Results: Vehicle summary

Segment	Time	Degree of saturation (%)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Actual green (s (per cycle))	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
07:30-08:30	07:30-08:30	72	0	2101	580	17.44	144.55	13.50	156.15
07:30-08:30	07:30-08:30	3	80	62	580	17.44	42.78	13.50	156.15

Network Results: Pedestrian summary

Segment	Time	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated Flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Actual green (s (per cycle))	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
07:30-08:30	07:30-08:30	72	0	2101	580	17.44	144.55	13.50
07:30-08:30	07:30-08:30	3	80	62	580	17.44	42.78	13.50

Network Results: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Calculated flow out (PCU/hr)	Flow discrepancy (PCU/hr)	Adjusted flow warning	Degree of saturation (%)	DOS Threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Actual green (s per cycle))
07:30-08:30	2181	0			72		25	642

Network Results: Stops and delays

Time Segment	Mean Cruise Time per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Total stops (Stops per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)
07:30-08:30	34.06	18.37	11.13	158.05	42.94	936.45

Network Results: Queues and blocking

Time Segment	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Wasted time total (s per cycle))
07:30-08:30	39.14	0.00	231.00

Network Results: Advanced

Time Segment	Degre of saturation penalty (£ per hr)	Ped gap accepting penalty (£ per hr)	Warmed up error	Warmed up Factor	PCU Factor	Cost of traffic penalties (£ per hr)	Controller stream penalties (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
07:30-08:30	0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	169.65

Traffic Stream Results**Final Prediction Table**

Arm	Traffic Stream	Name	Traffic Controller node	Phase	SIGNALS			FLOWS			PERFORMANCE			QUEUES
					Total stops (s per hr)	Mean stops per Veh (%)	Mean stops per Veh (s)	Calculated satflow entering (PCU/hr)	Calculated satflow (PCU/hr)	Actual green total (s per cycle))	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Degree of saturation (%)	Wasted time per cycle (s)	
A	1 (united)	J	1	C	504	1802	3.8	0.00	72	25	68.22	32.22	88.66	12.65
B	1 (united)	J	1	D	48	1547	7	5.00	39	132	70.78	52.78	101.71	1.37
C	1 (united)	J	1	A	218	1781	3.8	0.00	31	187	58.39	22.39	68.85	4.25
D	1 (united)	J	1	B	265	1692	21	0.00	71	26	83.59	47.69	101.86	7.63
Ax	1 (united)	J	1	C	15	1008	3.8	23.00	4	2259	3.75	2.75	45.27	0.22
Bx	1 (united)	J	1	C	201	Unrestricted	100	34.00	0	Unrestricted	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Cx	1 (united)	J	1	A	16	285	3.8	7.00	14	525	20.53	19.53	87.32	0.39
Dx	1 (united)	J	1	F	38	769	100	1.00	0	Unrestricted	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Point to Point Journey Time**Average Journey Time (s) for Local Matrix: 1**

		To	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	0.0	104.2	104.2	105.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	106.13	0.0	106.8	106.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	94.4	114.9	0.0	94.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
From 4	119.7	119.7	119.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	47.1	52.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Path Journey Time**Path Journey Time****Network Results**

	Distance travelled (PCU-km/hr)	Time spent (PCU-hr/hr)	Mean journey speed (kph)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
Normal traffic	613.98	30.65	20.03	10.18	144.55	11.61	0.00	156.15
Bus	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tram	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pedestrians	0.87	1.12	0.78	0.95	13.50	0.00	0.00	13.50
TOTAL	614.85	31.77	19.35	11.13	158.05	11.61	0.00	169.65

• < = adjusted flow warning (if stream links traffic streams are over-saturated)

• * = Traffic Stream - Normal, Bus or Tram Stop or Delay weighting has been set to a value other than 100%

• ^ = Traffic Stream - Normal, Bus or Tram Stop or Delay Path weighting has been set to a value other than 100%

• + = average link traffic stream excess queue is greater than 0

• P.I. = PERFORMANCE INDEX

Path	From Location	To Location	Normal Calculated Flow (PCU/hr)	Pedestrian calculated flow (Ped/hr)	Normal journey time (s)	Pedestrian journey time (s)	Calculated Total Flow (PCU/hr)	Avg journey time (s)	Time spent (PCU-hr/hr)	Mean journey speed (kph)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
4	2	3	42	3	106.78	106.78	42	106.78	30.65	20.03	10.18	144.55	11.61	0.00	156.15
12	2	4	20		51.18		20	51.18							
16	6	7	20		51.18		20	51.18							
17	7	8	0		0.00		0	0.00							
18	7	8	0		0.00		0	0.00							
19	8	7	0		0.00		0	0.00							
20	5	8	20		52.04		20	52.04							
21	8	5	0		0.00		0	0.00							
22	5	6	20		47.13		20	47.13							
23	6	5	0		0.00		0	0.00							
24	1	3	483		104.22		483	104.22							
25	3	4	20		54.39		20	54.39							
26	3	2	182		114.93		182	114.93							
27	3	2	16		107.97		16	107.97							
28	4	3	244		119.69		244	119.69							
29	4	2	5		119.69		5	119.69							
30	2	1	3		104.22		3	104.22							
31	1	2	6		6		6	6							
32	3	2	16		94.39		16	94.39							
33	1	4	15		119.69		15	119.69							
34	4	3	244		119.69		244	119.69							
35	4	2	5		119.69		5	119.69							
36	2	1	3		106.78		3	106.78							
37	4	1	16		119.69		16	119.69							
38	3	1	182		94.39		182	94.39							

A2 - PM 2020 DS

D2 - PM 2020 DS*

Summary

Data Errors and Warnings

No errors or warnings

Run Summary

Analysis set used	Run start time	Run finish time	Mode setting	Network Cycle Time (s)	Performance Index x € per hr	Total network delay (PCU-hr)	Highest DOS (%)	Number of oversaturated items	Percentage of over saturated items (%)	Item with worst signalised PRSC	Item with worst unsignalised PRSC	He with worst PRSC
2	13/12/2018 08:58:35	13/12/2018 08:58:37		17:00	100	93.59	6.06	61.76	C/1	0	0	C/1

Analysis Set Details

Name	Description	Demand sets	Include in report	Locked
PM 2020 DS		D2	✓	

Demand Set Details

Name	Description	Composite	Demand sets	Start time (HH:mm)	Locked
PM 2020 DS				17:00	

Network Options

Network cycle time (s)	Restrict to SCCOT cycle times	Time segment length (min)	Number of time segments	Modelled time period (min)
100		60	1	60

Network timings

Start displacement (s)	End displacement (s)	Pedestrian flow scaling factor (%)	Vehicle Monetary Value Of Stops (€ per PCU-hr)	Vehicle Monetary Value Of Stops (€ per 100 stops)	Pedestrian monetary value of delay (€ per Ped-hr)
2	3		14.20	2.60	14.20

Signals options

Traffic model	Vehicle Dispersion (PM)	Vehicle flow scaling factor (%)	Pedestrian flow scaling factor (%)	Cruise times or speeds
Platoon Dispersion (PM)	100	100	100	Cruise Speeds

Advanced

Phase minimum broken penalty (€)	Phase maximum broken penalty (€)	Intergreen broken penalty (€)	Starting Red-with-Amber (s)
10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	2

Traffic options

Traffic model	Vehicle Dispersion (PM)	Vehicle flow scaling factor (%)	Pedestrian flow scaling factor (%)	Cruise times or speeds
Platoon Dispersion (PM)	100	100	100	Cruise Speeds

Advanced

Resolution	DOS Threshold (%)	Cruise scaling factor (%)	Use link stop weightings	Exclude pedestrians from results calculation	Random delay mode	Type of random parameter	PCU Length (m)	Calculate results for Path Segments	Generate PDM Data
1	90	100	✓	✓	Complex	Uniform (TRANSYT)	5.75	✓	

Arms and Traffic Streams

Modelling

Arms		
Arm	Name	Description
A	(untitled)	J
B	(untitled)	J
C	(untitled)	J
D	(untitled)	J
A _r	(untitled)	J
A _x	(untitled)	J
B _x	(untitled)	J
C _r	(untitled)	J
C _x	(untitled)	J
D _x	(untitled)	

Traffic Streams

Traffic Streams		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Name
A	1	(untitled)
B	1	(untitled)
C	1	(untitled)
D	1	(untitled)
A _r	1	(untitled)
A _x	1	(untitled)
B _x	1	(untitled)
C _r	1	(untitled)
C _x	1	(untitled)
D _x	1	(untitled)

Modelling - Advanced

Modelling - Advanced		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Initial queue (PCU)
(All)	1	0.00

Normal - Modelling

Normal - Modelling		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Stop weighting (%)
(All)	1	100

Flows

Flows		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Total Flow (PCU/hr)
A	1	206
B	1	30
C	1	583
D	1	51
A _r	1	18
A _x	1	440
B _x	1	52
C _r	1	20
C _x	1	206
D _x	1	172

Signals

Signals		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Controller stream
A	1	1
B	1	1
C	1	1
D	1	1
A _r	1	C
A _x	1	D
B _x	1	A
C _r	1	B
C _x	1	C
D _x	1	A

Entry Sources

Entry Sources			
Arm	Traffic Stream	Cruise time for Normal Traffic (s)	Cruise speed for Normal Traffic (kph)
A	1	36.00	30.00
B	1	18.00	30.00
C	1	36.00	30.00
D	1	36.00	30.00

Sources

Arm	Traffic Stream	Source	Source traffic stream	Destination traffic stream	Cruise time for Normal Traffic (s)	Cruise speed for Normal Traffic (kph)	Auto turning radius	Traffic item style	Turning radius (m)
A _r	1	1	A _r 1	A _r 1	1.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
A _x	1	1	C ₁	A _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
B _x	1	1	D ₁	B _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
C _r	1	1	C _r 1	C _r 1	1.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
C _x	1	1	A _r 1	C _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
D _x	1	1	B ₁	D _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
A _x	1	2	B ₁	A _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	57.17
B _x	1	2	A _r 1	B _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	67.46
C _x	1	2	B ₁	C _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	87.33
D _x	1	2	C ₁	D _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	50.78
A _x	1	3	D ₁	A _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	56.71
B _x	1	3	C _r 1	B _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	52.48
C _x	1	3	D ₁	C _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	92.66
D _x	1	3	A _r 1	D _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	97.03

Give Way Data

Arm	Traffic traffic	Opposed	Use Step-wise Opposed Turn Model	Number of storage spaces	Use connector turning radius	Radius of turn (m)	Visibility restricted
A _r	1	All traffic	✓	1	100	10.00	
C _r	1	All traffic	✓	1	100	8.00	

Pedestrian Crossings - Conflicts

Traffic Stream	Description	Controlling type	Controlling from traffic stream	Controlling to traffic stream	Percentage opposing (%)	Upstream signals visible	Conflict shift	Conflict duration
1	TrafficStreamMovement	C ₁	A _x 1	A _x 1	100		2	6
	TrafficStreamMovement	A _x 1	C _x 1	C _x 1	100		2	6
	TrafficStreamMovement	A _x 1	B _x 1	B _x 1	100		2	6

Pedestrian Crossings

Crossing	Name	Description	Traffic node	Allow walk on red	Crossing type	Length (m)	Cruise time (seconds)	Cruise speed (kph)
1	(united)		Farside	11.00		7.33	5.40	
2	(united)		Farside	6.40		4.27	5.40	
3	(united)		Farside	11.10		7.40	5.40	
4	(united)		Farside	11.10		7.40	5.40	

Pedestrian Crossings - Signals

Crossing	Controller stream	Phase	Second phase enabled
1	1	G	
2	1	H	
3	1	E	
4	1	F	

Pedestrian Crossings - Sides

Crossing	Side	Saturation flow (Ped/hr)
(All)	(All)	11000

Pedestrian Crossings - Modelling

Local OD Matrix - Local Matrix: 1			
Crossing	Side	Delay weighting (%)	Assignment Cost Weighting (%)
(All)	(All)	100	100

Local Matrix Options

OD Matrix	Name	Use for point to point table	Auto calculate	Allocation mode	Path	Matrix to copy flows from	Copy flows to	Limit paths by length	Path number limit
1	(united)	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	1.25

Normal Input Flows (PCU/hr)

		To							
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	0	32	155	18	0	0	0	0	0
2	10	0	18	2	0	0	0	0	0
3	411	20	0	152	0	0	0	0	0
From	4	19	0	32	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bus Input Flows not shown as they are blank.

Tram Input Flows not shown as they are blank.

Pedestrian Input Flows (PCU/hr)

		To							
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
From	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Locations

Off Matrix	Location	Name	Entities	Exits	Colour
1	1	(united)	A _r 1		#0000FF
	2	(united)	B ₁		#00FFFF
	3	(united)	C _r 1		C _r 1
	4	(united)	D ₁		#FFFF00

Normal Paths and Flows

OD Matrix	Path	Description	From location	To location	Path items	Allocation type	Normal Calculated Flow (PCU/hr)
4	1		2	3	B/1, Cx/1	Normal	18
12	2		4	2	B/1, Dx/1	Normal	2
26	1		3	3	A/1, Cx/1	Normal	156
28	1		2	1	A/1, Bx/1	Normal	32
29	3		4	1	C/1, Dx/1	Normal	152
32	3		2	2	C/1, Cr/1, Bx/1	Normal	20
1	33	1	4	4	A/1, Ar/1, Dx/1	Normal	18
34	4		3	2	D/1, Cx/1	Normal	32
35	4		2	2	D/1, Bx/1	Normal	0
36	2		1	1	B/1, Ax/1	Normal	10
37	4		1	1	D/1, Ar/1	Normal	19
38	3		1	1	C/1, Ar/1	Normal	411

Pedestrian Paths and Flows

OD Matrix	Path	Description	From location	To location	Path items	Allocation type	Pedestrian calculated flow (Ped/hr)
16	16		6	7	3:IE; 3:IX	Normal	20
17	17		7	6	3:IE; 3:2X	Normal	20
18	18		7	8	4:IE; 4:IX	Normal	0
19	19		8	7	4:IE; 4:2X	Normal	0
1	20		5	8	1:IE; 1:IX	Normal	20
21	21		8	5	1:IE; 1:2X	Normal	0
22	22		5	6	2:IE; 2:2X	Normal	20
23	23		6	5	2:IE; 2:IX	Normal	0

Signal Timings

Network Default: 100s cycle time; 100 steps

Controller Stream 1

Controller Stream	Name	Description	Use sequence	Cycle time (s)	Cycle time source	NetworkDefault	Line Number	Site number	Grid reference	Gaining delay type
1	(untitled)		1	100						Absolute

Controller Stream 1 - Properties

Controller Stream	Allow offset optimisation	Allow green split optimisation	Optimisation level	Auto redistribute	Enable stage constraint
1	✓	✓	Offsets And Green Spills	✓	

Phases

Controller Stream	Phase	Name	Minimum green (s)	Maximum green (s)	Relative start displacement (s)	Relative end displacement (s)	Type	Blackout Time (s)
	A (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	B (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	C (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
1	D (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	E (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	F (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	G (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	H (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0

Library Stages

Controller Stream	Library Stage	Phases in stage	User stage minimum (s)
	1	A, C	1
1	2	B	1
	3	D	1
	4	E, F, G, H	1

Stage Sequences

Controller Stream	Sequence	Name	Multiple cycling	Stage IDs	Stage ends
	1	(untitled)	Single	1, 2, 3, 4	48, 61, 73, 87
	2	(untitled)	Single	1, 4, 2, 3	0, 31, 63, 91
	3	(untitled)	Single	1, 3, 4, 2	0, 29, 59, 91
	4	(untitled)	Single	1, 2, 4, 3	0, 31, 63, 91
	5	(untitled)	Single	1, 4, 3, 2	0, 29, 57, 87
	6	(untitled)	Single	1, 3, 2, 4	0, 29, 57, 87

Intergreen Matrix for Controller Stream 1

		To	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
		To	1	2	3	4				
		To	1	2	3	4				
		From	2							
				3						
					4					

Banned Stage transitions for Controller Stream 1

		To	1	2	3	4
		To	1	2	3	4
		To	1	2	3	4
		From	2			
			3			
				4		

Interstage Matrix for Controller Stream 1

		To	1	2	3	4
		To	1	2	3	4
		To	1	2	3	4
		From	2	0	5	7
			3	5	0	7
			4	9	9	0

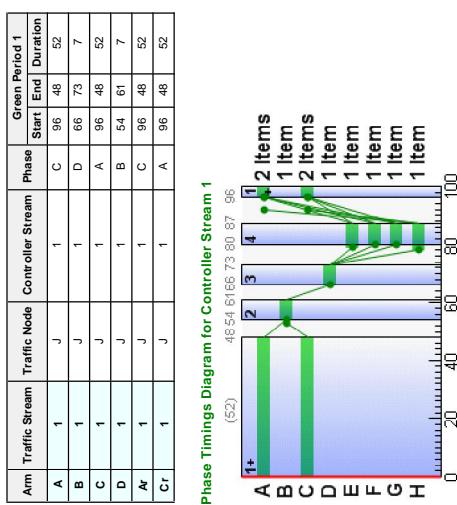
Resultant Stages

Controller Stream	Resultant Stage	Is base stage	Library Stage ID	Phases in this stage	Stage start (s)	Stage end (s)	User stage minimum (s)	Stage minimum (s)
	1	✓	1		96	48	1	7
	2	✓	2		54	61	1	7
	3	✓	3		66	73	7	7
	4	✓	4	E,F,G,H	80	87	7	7

Resultant Phase Green Periods

Controller Stream	Phase	Green period	Is base green period	Start time (s)	End time (s)	Duration (s)
1	A	1	✓	96	98	52
	B	1	✓	54	61	7
	C	1	✓	96	48	52
	D	1	✓	66	73	7
	E	1	✓	79	87	9
	F	1	✓	80	87	7
	G	1	✓	80	87	7
	H	1	✓	78	87	9

Traffic Stream Green Times

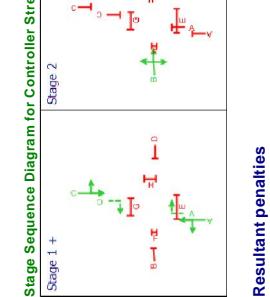


Traffic Stream Results

Traffic Stream Results: Vehicle summary											
Time		Arm		Traffic Stream		Practical reserve capacity (%)		Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)		Calculated sat flow (PCU/hr)	
Segment		Time		Degree of saturation (%)		Actual green (s per cycle)		Mean delay per Veh (s)		Mean utilised storage (%)	
A	1	22	317	206	1902	52	12.99	3.06	5.87	10.56	1.33
B	1	24	271	30	1547	7	47.82	0.51	3.12	5.66	0.36
C	1	62	46	583	1781	52	19.48	11.67	22.37	44.80	5.14
D	1	38	139	51	1692	7	51.60	1.44	2.77	10.38	0.64
17:00-18:00	A	1	8	1020	18	423	52	13.59	0.36	35.79	0.97
Ax	1	0	Unrestricted	440	Unrestricted	100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Bx	1	0	Unrestricted	52	Unrestricted	100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Cx	1	3	2834	20	1272	62	1.67	0.20	20.31	0.13	0.17
Cx	1	0	Unrestricted	206	Unrestricted	100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Dx	1	0	Unrestricted	172	Unrestricted	100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Traffic Stream Results: Flows and signals											
Time		Arm		Traffic Stream		Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)		Flow out discrepancy (PCU/hr)		Adjusted flow warning	
Segment		Time		Degree of saturation (%)		Calculated capacity (PCU/hr)		Calculated capacity (PCU/hr)		Degree of saturation (%)	
A	1	206	0	1802	955	22	24	12.99	22	317	0.00
B	1	30	0	1547	1781	944	62	47.82	46	46	0.00
C	1	583	0	1692	135	38	139	19.48	139	0.00	7
D	1	51	0	423	224	8	1020	51.60	1020	0.93	52
17:00-18:00	A	18	0	Unrestricted	0	0	Unrestricted	0	0	0.64	100
Ax	1	440	0	Unrestricted	0	0	Unrestricted	0	0	0.74	100
Bx	1	52	0	Unrestricted	0	0	Unrestricted	0	0	0.93	52
Cx	1	20	0	1272	3	0	2834	1.67	3	0.93	52
Cx	1	206	0	Unrestricted	0	0	Unrestricted	0	0	0.45	100
Dx	1	172	0	Unrestricted	0	0	Unrestricted	0	0	0.72	100

Traffic Stream Results: Stops and delays											
Time		Arm		Traffic Stream		Mean Cruise Time per Veh (s)		Mean Delay per Veh (s)		Total stops (Stops per hr)	
Segment		Time		Degree of saturation (%)		Calculated capacity (PCU/hr)		Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)		Weighted cost of stops (& per hr)	
A	1	36.00	12.99	51.61	106.32	1.33					
B	1	18.00	47.82	56.6	28.92	0.36					
C	1	36.00	19.48	44.80	410.17	5.14					
D	1	36.00	51.60	10.38	51.31	0.64					
17:00-18:00	A	1	13.59	0.97	70.71	12.73	0.08				
Ax	1	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Bx	1	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Cx	1	1.00	167	0.13	29.96	5.99	0.04				
Cx	1	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Dx	1	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				



Time Segment	Controller stream	Phase min max penalty (& per hr)	Intergreen broken penalty (& per hr)	Stage constraint broken penalty (& per hr)	Cost of controller stream penalties (& per hr)
17:00-18:00	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Resultant penalties

Traffic Stream Results: Queues and blocking

Time Segment	Amm Stream	Traffic Initial queue (PCU)	Mean max queue (PCU)	Max queue storage (PCU)	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Wasted time total (s per cycle)	Estimated blocking
	A	1 0.00	3.05	52.17	5.37	0.00	0.00	
	B	1 0.00	0.81	26.09	3.12	0.00	6.00	
	C	1 0.00	11.67	52.17	22.37	0.00	0.00	
	D	1 0.00	1.44	52.17	2.77	0.00	5.00	
17:00-18:00	Ax	1 0.00	0.36	1.00	35.79	0.00	21.00	
	Bx	1 0.00	0.00	52.17	0.00	0.00	15.00	
	Cx	1 0.00	0.20	1.00	20.31	0.00	58.00	
	Dx	1 0.00	0.00	52.17	0.00	0.00	32.00	
				52.17	0.00	0.00	12.00	
					0.00	0.00	36.00	

Traffic Stream Results: Queues and blocking

Time Segment	Amm Stream	Degree of saturation penalty (£ per hr)	Pad gap accepting penalty (£ per hr)	Warmed up error	Warmed up	Max Queue (PCU)	Max End of Green Queue (PCU)	Cost of penalties (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	A	1 0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	3.06	0.03	2.72	11.89
	B	1 0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	0.81	0.04	0.81	6.02
	C	1 0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	11.67	0.50	8.11	49.94
	D	1 0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	1.44	0.11	1.42	1.00
17:00-18:00	Ax	1 0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	0.36	0.00	0.01	1.04
	Bx	1 0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Cx	1 0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.01	0.17
	Dx	1 0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
						0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pedestrian Crossing Results

Time Segment	Crossing Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Mean delay per Ped (s)	Mean max queue (Ped)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1 1	0	0	11000	7	43.71	0.52	3.45	3.45
	1 2	3	20	11000	7	41.86	0.51	3.30	3.30
	2 1	2	20	11000	9	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
17:00-18:00	2 2	0	0	11000	9	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3 1	2	20	11000	8	42.78	0.51	3.37	3.37
	3 2	2	20	11000	8	42.78	0.51	3.37	3.37
	4 1	0	0	11000	7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4 2	0	0	11000	7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pedestrian Crossings: Pedestrian summary

Time Segment	Crossing Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Flow discrepancy warning (Ped/hr)	Adjusted sat flow (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Degree of saturation (%)	DOS threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean reserve capacity (Ped/hr)	Total DOS (%)	Highest DOS (hr/mm)	Network delay per Ped (s)	Start time (HH:mm)	Run start time	Run finish time	Mean Delay per Veh (s per cycle)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1 1	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3365	0.00	7									
17:00-18:00	2 1	20	20	0	0	11000	770	3		4355	0.00	9											
	3 1	20	20	0	0	11000	990	0	Unrestricted	0.00	9	3860	0.00	8									
	4 1	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3860	0.00	8									
	4 2	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3860	0.00	8									

Pedestrian Crossings: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Crossing Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Flow discrepancy warning (Ped/hr)	Adjusted sat flow (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Degree of saturation (%)	DOS threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean reserve capacity (Ped/hr)	Total DOS (%)	Highest DOS (hr/mm)	Network delay per Ped (s)	Start time (HH:mm)	Run start time	Run finish time	Mean Delay per Veh (s per cycle)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1 1	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3365	0.00	7									
17:00-18:00	2 1	20	20	0	0	11000	990	2		4355	0.00	9											
	3 1	20	20	0	0	11000	990	0	Unrestricted	0.00	9	3860	0.00	8									
	4 1	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3860	0.00	8									
	4 2	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3860	0.00	8									

Network Results: Vehicle summary

Time Segment	Crossing Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean Delay per Veh (s per cycle))	Actual green (s per cycle))	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	17:00-18:00	62	0	1778	622	10.34	72.49	7.59	7.59	13.50	80.09
17:00-18:00	3	80	0	1778	622	42.78	10.34	72.49	7.59	13.50	80.09

Network Results: Pedestrian summary

Generated on 13/12/2018 09:02:28 using TRANSYT 15 (15.5.1-7048)

Network Results: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Calculated flow out (PCU/hr)	Flow discrepancy (PCU/hr)	Adjusted flow warning	Degree of saturation (%)	DOS Threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Actual green (s per cycle))
17:00-18:00	1858	1858	0		62		46	684

Final Prediction Table**Traffic Stream Results**

Network Results: Stops and delays		Network Results: Queues and blocking		Network Results: Advanced		Pedestrian Crossing Results	
Time Segment	Mean Cruise Time per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Mean stops per Veh (%)	Total stops (Stops per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)
17:00-18:00	33.77	11.73	6.06	85.96	33.12	615.44	7.59
Time Segment	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Wasted time total (s per cycle))				
17:00-18:00	35.79	0.00	185.00				
Time Segment	Ped gap accepting penalty (£ per hr)	Warmed up error	PCU Factor	Cost of traffic penalties (£ per hr)	Controller stream penalties (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)	
17:00-18:00	0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	1.00	0.00	93.59

Point to Point Journey Time**Average Journey Time (s) for Local Matrix: 1**

		To	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	0.0	85.0	85.0	99.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	101.3	0.0	101.8	101.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	91.5	94.1	0.0	91.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
From	4	123.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	47.1	0.0	52.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Path Journey Time

Path	From Location	To Location	Normal Calculated Flow (PCU/hr)	Pedestrian calculated flow (Ped/hr)	Normal journey time (s)	Pedestrian journey time (s)	Calculated Total Flow (PCU/hr)	Mean journey speed (kph)	Time spent (PCU-hr/hr)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
4	2	3	18	18	101.82	101.82	2	101.82	22.37	23.15	5.11	72.49	7.59	0.00	80.09
12	2	4	2		20	51.18									
16	6	7			20	51.18									
17	7	6			0	0.00									
18	7	8			0	0.00									
19	8	7			0	0.00									
20	5	8			20	52.04									
21	8	5			0	0.00									
22	5	6			20	47.13									
23	6	5			0	0.00									
26	1	3			156	84.99									
28	1	2			32	84.99									
29	3	4			152	91.48									
32	3	2			20	94.15									
33	1	4			18	99.59									
34	4	3			32	123.60									
35	4	2			0	0.00									
36	2	1			10	101.82									
37	4	1			19	123.60									
38	3	1			411	91.48									

• < = adjusted flow warning (upstream link traffic streams are over-saturated)

• * = Traffic Stream - Normal, Bus or Tram Stop or Delay weighting has been set to a value other than 100%

• ^ = Traffic Stream - Normal, Bus or Tram Stop or Delay Path weighting has been set to a value other than 0

• + = average link traffic stream excess queue is greater than 0

• P.I. = PERFORMANCE INDEX

A3 - AM 2025 DS

D3 - AM 2025 DS*

Summary

Data Errors and Warnings

No errors or warnings

Run Summary

Analysis set used	Run start time	Run finish time	Mode setting	Network Cycle Time (s)	Performance Index x € per hr	Total DOS delay (PCU-hr)	Item with highest DOS (%)	Number of oversaturated items	Percentage of over saturated items (%)	Item with worst unsignalised PRc	Item with worst unsignalised PRc
3 08:58:37	13/12/2018 08:58:38	07:30	100	220.97	14.35	82.53	A/1	0	0	A/1	A/1

Analysis Set Details

Name	Description	Demand sets	Include in report	Locked
AM 2025 DS		D3	✓	

Demand Set Details

Name	Description	Composite	Demand sets	Start time (HH:mm)	Locked
AM 2025 DS				07:30	

Network Options

Network cycle time (s)	Restrict to SCCOT cycle times	Time segment length (min)	Number of time segments	Modelled time period (min)
100		60	1	60

Network timings

Start displacement (s)	End displacement (s)	Pedestrian flow scaling factor (%)	Vehicle Monetary Value Of Stops (€ per PCU-hr)	Vehicle Monetary Value Of Stops (€ per 100 stops)	Pedestrian monetary value of delay (€ per Ped-hr)
2	3		14.20	2.60	14.20

Signals options

Traffic model	Vehicle Dispersion (PDM)	Vehicle flow scaling factor (%)	Pedestrian flow scaling factor (%)	Cruise times or speeds
Platoon	100	100	100	Cruise Speeds

Advanced

Phase minimum broken penalty (€)	Phase maximum broken penalty (€)	Intergreen broken penalty (€)	Starting Red-with-Amber (s)
10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	2

Traffic options

Traffic model	Vehicle Dispersion (PDM)	Vehicle flow scaling factor (%)	Pedestrian flow scaling factor (%)	Cruise times or speeds
Platoon	100	100	100	Cruise Speeds

Advanced

Resolution	DOS Threshold (%)	Cruise scaling factor (%)	Use link stop weightings	Exclude pedestrians from results calculation	Random delay mode	Type of random parameter	PCU Length (m)	Calculate results for Path Segments	Generate PDM Data
1	90	100	✓	✓	Complex	Uniform (TRANSYT)	5.75	✓	

Arms and Traffic Streams

NAME		Traffic node	Description	Name	Arm	Arm
A	(united)	J				
B	(united)	J				
C	(united)	J				
D	(united)	J				
A'	(united)	J				
Ax	(united)	J				
Bx	(united)	J				
Cx	(united)	J				
Dx	(united)	J				

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Modelling

Arm	Traffic Stream	Traffic model	Stop weighting multiplier (%)	Delay weighting multiplier (%)	Assignment Cost Weighting (%)	Exclude from results calculation	Max queue storage (FCU)	Has queue limit	Has degree of saturation limit
A	1	NetworkDefault	100	100	100		0.00		
B	1	NetworkDefault	100	100	100		0.00		
C	1	NetworkDefault	100	100	100		0.00		
D	1	NetworkDefault	100	100	100		0.00		
Ar	1	NetworkDefault	100	100	100		1.00		
Ax	1	NetworkDefault	100	100	100		0.00		
Bx	1	NetworkDefault	100	100	100		0.00		
Cr	1	NetworkDefault	100	100	100		1.00		
Cx	1	NetworkDefault	100	100	100		0.00		
Dx	1	NetworkDefault	100	100	100		0.00		

Modelling - Advanced

Arm	Traffic Stream	Initial queue (FCU)	Type of Vehicle-in-Service	Vehicle in-service parameter	Type of random parameter	Random parameter	Auto cycle time	Cycle time
(ALL)	1	(0.0)	NetworkDefault	Not Included	NetworkDefault	0.150	✓	100

Normal - Modelling

Flows			
Arm	Traffic Stream	Total Flow (PCU/hr)	Normal Flow (PCU/hr)
(ALL)		1	100
A	1	580	580
B	1	48	48
C	1	235	235
D	1	307	307
Ar	1	16	16
Ax	1	217	217
Bx	1	27	27
Cr	1	16	16
Cx	1	895	895
Dx	1	41	41

Flows

Arm	Traffic Stream	Total Flow (PCU/hr)	Normal Flow (PCU/hr)
A	1	580	580
B	1	48	48
C	1	235	235
D	1	307	307
Ar	1	16	16
Ax	1	217	217
Bx	1	27	27
Cr	1	16	16
Cx	1	895	895
Dx	1	41	41

1

Signals				
Arm	Traffic Stream	Controller stream	Phase	Second phase enabled
A	1	1	C	
B	1	1	D	
C	1	1	A	
D	1	1	B	
A _r	1	1	C	
C _r	1	1	A	

Entry Sources

Arm	Traffic Stream	Cruise time for Normal Traffic (s)	Cruise speed for Normal Traffic (kph)
A	1	36.00	30.00
B	1	18.00	30.00
C	1	36.00	30.00
D	1	36.00	30.00

Sources

Arm	Traffic Stream	Source	Source traffic stream	Destination traffic stream	Cruise time for Normal Traffic (s)	Cruise speed for Normal Traffic (kph)	Auto turning radius	Traffic item style	Turning radius (m)
A-	1	A/1		A/r/1	1.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
Ax	1	C/1		Ax/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
Bx	1	D/1		Bx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
Cr	1	C/r/1		C/r/1	1.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
Cx	1	A/1		Cx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
Dx	1	B/1		Dx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
Ax	1	B/1		Ax/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	57.17
Bx	1	A/1		Bx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	67.46
Cx	1	B/1		Cx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	87.33
Dx	1	C/1		Dx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	50.78
Ax	1	D/1		Ax/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	56.71
Bx	1	C/1		Bx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	52.48
Cx	1	D/1		Cx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	92.66
Dx	1	A/1		Dx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	97.03

Give Way Data

Arm	Traffic traffic	Opposed	Use Step-wise Opposed Turn Model	Number of storage spaces	Use connector turning radius	Radius of turn (m)	Visibility restricted
A-	1	All traffic	✓	1	100	10.00	
C/r	1	All traffic	✓	1	100	8.00	

Pedestrian Crossings

Traffic Stream	Description	Controlling type	Controlling from traffic stream	Controlling to traffic stream	Percentage opposing (%)	Upstream signals visible	Conflict shift	Conflict duration
1	TrafficStreamMovement	C/1	Ax/1	Ax/r/1	100		2	6
	TrafficStreamMovement	A/1	Cx/1	Cx/r/1	100		2	6
	TrafficStreamMovement	A/1	Bx/1	Bx/r/1	100		2	6

Pedestrian Crossings

Crossing	Name	Description	Traffic node	Allow walk on red	Crossing type	Length (m)	Cruise time (seconds)	Cruise speed (kph)
1	(united)		Farside	11.00		7.33	5.40	
2	(united)		Farside	6.40		4.27	5.40	
3	(united)		Farside	11.10		7.40	5.40	
4	(united)		Farside	11.10		7.40	5.40	

Pedestrian Crossings - Signals

Crossing	Controller stream	Phase	Second phase enabled
1	1	G	
2	1	H	
3	1	E	
4	1	F	

Pedestrian Crossings - Sides

Crossing	Side	Saturation flow (Ped/hr)
(All)	(All)	11000

Pedestrian Crossings - Modelling

Local OD Matrix - Local Matrix: 1			
Crossing		Side	Delay weighting (%)
(All)		(All)	100
Local Matrix Options			
OD Matrix	Name	Use for point to point table	Auto calculate
1	(united)	✓	✓
Normal Input Flows (PCU/hr)			
	To		
	1	2	3
	2	3	4
	3	1	2
From	4	5	2
	6	0	0
	7	0	0
	8	0	0

Bus Input Flows not shown as they are blank.

Tram Input Flows not shown as they are blank.

Pedestrian Input Flows (PCU/hr)

To	
1	2
2	0
3	0
From	4
5	0
6	0
7	0
8	0

Locations

OD Matrix	Location	Name	Entities	Exits	Colour
1	1	A/r/1			#0000FF
	2	(united)	B/r/1		#00FFFF
	3	(united)	C/r/1		#FFFF00
1	4	(united)	D/r/1		#FF0000
	5	(united)			
	6	(united)			
	7	(united)			
	8	(united)			

OD Matrix	Path	Description	From location	To location	Path items	Allocation type	Normal Calculated Flow (PCU/hr)
4	2		3	B1, Cx1	Normal	42	
12	2		4	B1, Dx1	Normal	3	
26	1		3	A1, Cx1	Normal	568	
28	1		2	A1, Bx1	Normal	6	
29	3		4	C1, Dx1	Normal	22	
32	3		2	C1, Cr1, Bx1	Normal	16	
1	33	1	4	A1, Ar1, Dx1	Normal	16	
34	4		3	D1, Cx1	Normal	295	
35	4		2	D1, Bx1	Normal	5	
36	2		1	B1, Ax1	Normal	3	
37	4		1	D1, Ax1	Normal	17	
38	3		1	C1, Ax1	Normal	197	

OD Matrix	Path	Description	From location	To location	Path items	Allocation type	Pedestrian calculated flow (Ped/hr)
	16		6	7	3:xE:3:IX	Normal	20
	17		7	6	3:IE:3:2X	Normal	20
	18		7	8	4:xE:4:IX	Normal	0
1	19		8	7	4:IE:4:2X	Normal	0
20	5		8	7:xE:1:IX	Normal	20	
21	8		5	1:xE:1:2X	Normal	0	
22	5		6	2:xE:2:2X	Normal	20	
23	6		5	2:xE:2:IX	Normal	0	

Network Default: 100s cycle time - 100 streams

Network Default: 100s cycle time - 100 streams

Controller Stream	Name	Description	Use sequence	Cycle time source	Cycle time [s]
1	(unfilled)		1	NetworkDefault	100

Controller Stream	Manufacturer name	Type	Model number	[Telephone] Line Number	Site number	Grid reference	Gaining delay type
1	Unspecified						Absolute

Controller Stream	Allow offset optimisation	Allow green split optimisation	Optimisation level	Auto redistribute	Enable stage constraint
1	✓	✓	Offsets And Green Spills	✓	

Controller Stream	Phase	Name	Minimum green [s]	Maximum green [s]	Relative start displacement [s]	Relative end displacement [s]	Type	Blackout Time [s]
	A (unfilled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	B (unfilled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	C (unfilled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
1	D (unfilled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	E (unfilled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	F (unfilled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	G (unfilled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	H (unfilled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0

Controller Stream	Sequence	Name	Multiple cycling	Stage IDs	Stage ends
	1 (unfilled)	Single	1, 2, 3, 4	A, C	1
	2 (unfilled)	Single	1, 4, 2, 3	B	1
	3 (unfilled)	Single	1, 3, 4, 2	D	1
1	4 (unfilled)	Single	1, 2, 4, 3	E, F, G, H	1

Controller Stream	Sequence	Name	Multiple cycling	Stage IDs	Stage ends
	1 (unfilled)	Single	1, 2, 3, 4	A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H	7
	2 (unfilled)	Single	5, 5, 5, 6	A	7
	3 (unfilled)	Single	6, 6, 7, 5	B	6
	4 (unfilled)	Single	6, 7, 7, 5	C	5
From	5 (unfilled)	Single	5, 5, 5, 6	D	5
	6 (unfilled)	Single	1, 3, 2, 4	E	7
	7 (unfilled)	Single	9, 9, 9, 9	F	5
	8 (unfilled)	Single	9, 9, 9, 9	G	5
	9 (unfilled)	Single	9, 9, 9, 9	H	6

Controller Stream	Sequence	Name	Multiple cycling	Stage IDs	Stage ends
	1 (unfilled)	Single	1, 2, 3, 4	1	4
	2 (unfilled)	Single	6, 6, 7, 7	From	5
	3 (unfilled)	Single	5, 5, 7, 7	5	7
	4 (unfilled)	Single	5, 5, 7, 7	4	0

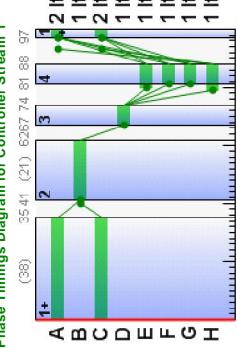
Resultant Phase Green Periods

Controller Stream	Phase	Green period	Is base green period	Start time (s)	End time (s)	Duration (s)
1	A	1		✓	37	35
	B	1		✓	41	62
	C	1		✓	37	35
	D	1		✓	67	74
	E	1		✓	80	88
	F	1		✓	81	88
	G	1		✓	81	88
	H	1		✓	79	88

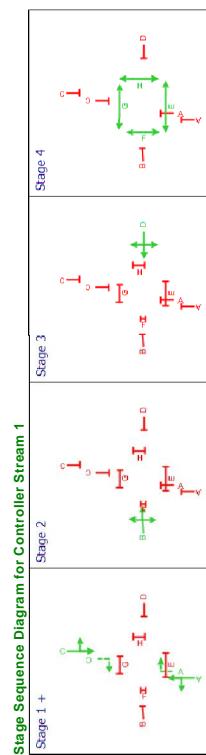
Traffic Stream Green Times

Arm	Traffic Stream	Traffic Node	Controller Stream	Phase	Start	End	Duration
A	1	J	1	C	97	35	38
B	1	J	1	D	67	74	7
C	1	J	1	A	97	35	38
D	1	J	1	B	41	62	21
Ar	1	J	1	C	97	35	38
Cx	1	J	1	A	97	35	38

Phase Timings Diagram for Controller Stream 1



Stage Sequence Diagram for Controller Stream 1



Traffic Stream Results: Stops and delays

Time Segment	Arm	Traffic Stream	Calculated flow per out flow (PCU/hr)	Flow out warning (PCU/hr)	Adjusted calculated capacity (PCU/hr)	Calculated capacity (PCU/hr)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (& per hr)	Total stops (Stops per hr)	Mean stops per Veh (%)	DOS Thos sat exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean modulus of error	Actual green (s per cycle)
07:30-08:30	A	1	580	580	0	1802	703	83	39	124	39	9	0.00	7
	B	1	48	48	0	1547	0	1781	695	34	166	34	0.00	38
	C	1	235	235	0	1692	307	0	372	82	9	0.00	21	21
	D	1	307	307	0	960	16	0	374	4	2005	4	1.21	38
	Ar	1	16	16	0	Unrestricted	0	0	Unrestricted	0	Unrestricted	0	0.83	100
	Bx	1	217	217	0	Unrestricted	0	0	Unrestricted	0	Unrestricted	0	0.61	100
	Cr	1	16	16	0	Unrestricted	0	0	Unrestricted	0	Unrestricted	0	1.21	38
	Cx	1	885	885	0	Unrestricted	41	0	Unrestricted	0	Unrestricted	0	0.45	100
Dx	1	41	41	0	Unrestricted	0	0	Unrestricted	0	Unrestricted	0	0.82	100	0.00

Time Segment	Arm	Traffic Stream	Calculated flow per out flow (PCU/hr)	Flow out warning (PCU/hr)	Adjusted calculated capacity (PCU/hr)	Calculated capacity (PCU/hr)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (& per hr)	Total stops (Stops per hr)	Mean stops per Veh (%)	DOS Thos sat exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean modulus of error	Actual green (s per cycle)
07:30-08:30	A	1	36.00	36.00	52.78	0.70	9.99	101.71	98.64	10.71	572.11	48.82	0.61	7.17
	B	1	18.00	36.00	22.76	1.49	21.10	69.81	113.36	41.02	6.56	0.00	0.04	2.06
	C	1	1.00	1.00	0.91	0.17	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	D	1	36.00	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Ar	1	36.00	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Bx	1	36.00	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Cr	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Cx	1	36.00	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Dx	1	36.00	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Resultant penalties

Time Segment	Controller stream	Phase min max penalty (& per hr)	Intergreen broken penalty (& per hr)	Stage constraint broken penalty (& per hr)	Cost of controller stream penalties (& per hr)
07:30-08:30	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Traffic Stream Results: Queues and blocking

Time Segment	Amm Stream	Traffic Stream	Initial queue (PCU)	Mean max queue (PCU)	Max queue storage (PCU)	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Wasted time total (s per cycle)	Estimated blocking
	A	1	0.00	16.21	52.17	31.06	0.00	0.00	
	B	1	0.00	1.37	26.09	5.27	0.00	5.00	
	C	1	0.00	4.65	52.17	8.32	0.00	0.00	
	D	1	0.00	9.90	52.17	18.97	0.00	0.00	
07:30-08:30	Ax	1	0.00	0.21	1.00	20.72	0.00	23.00	
	Bx	1	0.00	0.00	52.17	0.00	0.00	31.00	
	Cx	1	0.00	0.46	1.00	46.14	0.00	91.00	
	Dx	1	0.00	0.00	52.17	0.00	0.00	1.00	
					52.17	0.00	0.00	65.00	

Traffic Stream Results: Advanced

Time Segment	Amm Stream	Traffic Stream	Degree of saturation penalty (£ per hr)	Pad gap accepting penalty (£ per hr)	Warmed up	Warmed up error	Max Queue (PCU)	Max End of Green Queue EoTS (PCU)	Cost of penalties (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	A	1	0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	16.25	1.91	0.00	96.46
	B	1	0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	1.38	0.12	0.00	3.35
	C	1	0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	4.66	0.09	4.07	1.00
	D	1	0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	9.97	1.86	8.52	1.00
07:30-08:30	Ax	1	0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	0.21	1.00	0.00	0.21
	Bx	1	0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
	Cx	1	0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	0.46	0.06	0.06	2.15
	Dx	1	0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
							1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pedestrian Crossing Results

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Mean delay per Ped (s)	Mean max queue (Ped)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1	1	0	0	11000	7	43.71	0.52	3.45	3.45
	1	2	3	20	11000	7	43.71	0.51	3.30	3.30
	2	1	2	20	11000	9	41.86	0.51	3.30	3.30
07:30-08:30	2	2	0	0	11000	9	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3	1	2	20	11000	8	42.78	0.51	3.37	3.37
	3	2	2	20	11000	8	42.78	0.51	3.37	3.37
	4	1	0	0	11000	7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4	2	0	0	11000	7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pedestrian Crossings: Pedestrian summary

Time Segment	Segment	Time	Degree of saturation (%)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
07:30-08:30	1	07:30-08:30	83	0	2372	580	62	42.78	20.64	193.12	13.40	14.34	207.47
	2	07:30-08:30	3	80	2372	580	62	42.78	20.64	193.12	13.40	14.34	207.47
	3	07:30-08:30	3	08:58:37	220.97	14.55	82.53	A/1	0	0	0	0	A/1
	4	07:30-08:30	7	11000	08:58:38	07:30	100	0	0	0	0	0	A/1

Pedestrian Crossings: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Adjusted sat flow (Ped/hr)	Flow discrepancy warning (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Degree of saturation (%)	DOS threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean modulus of error or error (per cycle))	Actual green (s per cycle))	Mean delay per Red (s)	Mean delay per Veh (s)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
07:30-08:30	1	1	0	0	11000	770	0	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3365	0.00	7	3.45	3.45	
	2	1	20	20	0	11000	770	3	Unrestricted	0.00	9	4355	0.00	9	3.30	3.30	
	3	1	20	20	0	11000	990	2	Unrestricted	0.00	9	3860	0.00	8	3.37	3.37	
	4	1	0	0	11000	770	0	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3860	0.00	8	0.00	0.00	
	2	0	0	0	11000	770	0	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3860	0.00	8	0.00	0.00	

Network Results: Vehicle summary

Time Segment	Segment	Time	Degree of saturation (%)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
07:30-08:30	1	07:30-08:30	83	0	2372	580	62	42.78	20.64	193.12	13.40	14.34	207.47
	2	07:30-08:30	3	80	2372	580	62	42.78	20.64	193.12	13.40	14.34	207.47
	3	07:30-08:30	3	08:58:37	220.97	14.55	82.53	A/1	0	0	0	0	A/1

Network Results: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Calculated flow out (PCU/hr)	Flow discrepancy (PCU/hr)	Adjusted flow warning	Degree of saturation (%)	DOS Threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Actual queue (s per cycle))
07:30-08:30	2452	2452	0		83		9	642

Final Prediction Table**Traffic Stream Results**

Network Results: Stops and delays		Network Results: Queues and blocking		Network Results: Advanced	
Time Segment	Mean Cruise Time per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Total delay (PCU-h/m)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Mean stops per Veh (%)
07:30-08:30	34.26	21.36	14.55	205.62	47.15
					1156.02
					Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)
					14.34

Network Results: Stops and delays		Network Results: Queues and blocking		Network Results: Advanced	
Time Segment	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Wasted time total (s per cycle))		
07:30-08:30	46.14	0.00	216.00		

Network Results: Stops and delays		Network Results: Queues and blocking		Network Results: Advanced	
Time Segment	Pen gap accepting up penalty (£ per hr)	Warmed up error	PCU Factor	Cost of traffic penalties (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
07:30-08:30	0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	220.97

Point to Point Journey Time**Average Journey Time (s) for Local Matrix: 1**

		To						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	0.0	111.0	111.0	114.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	106.13	0.0	106.8	106.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	94.8	128.3	0.0	94.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
From 4	130.2	130.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	47.1	52.0	0.0	0.0
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.2	0.0	0.0
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Path Journey Time

Path	From Location	To Location	Normal Calculated Flow (PCU/hr)	Pedestrian calculated flow (Ped/hr)	Normal journey time (s)	Pedestrian journey time (s)	Calculated Total Flow (PCU/hr)	Calculated Total Journey time (s)	Avg journey time (s)	Mean speed (kph)	Time spent (PCU-hr/hr)	Distance travelled (PCU-km/hr)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
4	2	3	42.	42.	106.78	106.78	3	106.78	36.77	18.90	13.60	193.12	14.34	0.00	0.00	207.47	
12	2	4	3		20	51.18				0.00	0.00						
16	6	7			20	51.18				0.00	0.00						
17	7	6			0	0.00				0.00	0.00						
18	7	8			0	0.00				1.12	0.78	0.95	13.50	0.00			13.50
19	8	7			0	0.00				0.00	0.00						
20	5	8			20	52.04				0.00	0.00						
21	8	5			0	0.00				0.00	0.00						
22	5	6			20	47.13				0.00	0.00						
23	6	5			0	0.00				0.00	0.00						
26	1	3	558			111.03				558	111.03						
28	1	2	6			111.03				6	111.03						
29	3	4			22	94.76				0.00	0.00						
32	3	2	16			128.35				16	128.35						
33	1	4	16			114.78				16	114.78						
34	4	3	285			130.23				285	130.23						
35	4	2	5			130.23				5	130.23						
36	2	1	3			106.78				3	106.78						
37	4	1	17			130.23				17	130.23						
38	3	1	197			94.76				197	94.76						

Pedestrian Crossing Results

Pedestrian		Side		Name		Traffic node		Controller stream		Phase		Calculated Flow Entering (Ped/hr)		Calculated satflow (Ped/hr)		Actual green flow (Ped/hr)		Practical reserve capacity (%)		Degree of saturation (%)		Performance	
1	1	1	(united)	1	G	0	11000	7	0	Unrestricted	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100	100	100	100	
2	1	2	(united)	1	H	20	11000	7	3	3.35	55.04	43.71	0.52	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
3	1	2	(united)	1	E	20	11000	8	2	4.35	47.13	41.96	0.51	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
4	1	2	(united)	1	F	0	11000	7	0	Unrestricted	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100	100	100	100	

Network Results

Normal traffic		Bus		Tram		Pedestrians		TOTAL	
694.98	36.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	1.12	695.86	37.89

* = adjusted for warning (upstream links/traffic streams are over-saturated)

• = Traffic Stream - Normal, Bus or Tram Stop or Delay weighting has been set to a value other than 100%

▲ = Traffic Stream - Normal, Bus or Tram Stop or Delay Path weighting has been set to a value other than 0

+ = average link/traffic stream excess queue is greater than 0

• P.I. = PERFORMANCE INDEX

A4 - PM 2025 DS D4 - PM 2025 DS*

Summary

Data Errors and Warnings

No errors or warnings

Run Summary

Analysis set used	Run start time	Run finish time	Mode setting	Network Cycle Time (s)	Performance Index x £ per hr	Total network delay (PCU-hr)	Highest DOS (%)	Number of oversaturated items	Percentage of over saturated items (%)	Item with worst signalised PRc	Item with worst unsignalised PRc	He with worst PRc
4	13/12/2018 08:58:38	13/12/2018 08:58:39		17:00	100	107.81	6.97	67.59	C/1	0	0	C/1

Analysis Set Details

Name	Description	Demand sets	Include in report	Locked
PM 2025 DS		D4	✓	

Demand Set Details

Name	Description	Composite	Demand sets	Start time (HH:mm)	Locked
PM 2025 DS				17:00	

Network Options

Network cycle time (s)	Restrict to SCCOT cycle times	Time segment length (min)	Number of time segments	Modelled time period (min)
100		60	1	60

Network timings

Start displacement (s)	End displacement (s)	Phase minimum broken penalty (£)	Phase maximum broken penalty (£)	Intergreen broken penalty (£)	Starting Red-with-Amber (s)	Cruise times or speeds
2	3	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	2	

Signals options

Traffic model	Vehicle flow scaling factor (%)	Pedestrian flow scaling factor (%)	Cruise times or speeds
Platoon Dispersion (PDM)	100	100	

Advanced

Phase minimum broken penalty (£)	Phase maximum broken penalty (£)	Intergreen broken penalty (£)	Starting Red-with-Amber (s)
10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	2

Traffic options

Traffic model	Vehicle dispersion (PDM)	Pedestrian dispersion (PDM)	Cruise times or speeds
Platoon Dispersion (PDM)	100	100	

Advanced

Resolution	DOS Threshold (%)	Cruise scaling factor (%)	Use link stop weightings	Exclude pedestrians from results calculation	Random delay mode	Type of random parameter	PCU Length (m)	Calculate results for Path Segments	Generate PDM Data
1	90	100	✓	✓	Complex	Uniform (TRANSYT)	5.75	✓	

Normal Traffic parameters

Dispersion type

Dispersion coefficient

Default

35

Bus parameters

Name

PCU Factor

Normal

1.00

Normal Traffic Types

Name

PCU Factor

Default

1.00

Run parameters

Name

PCU Factor

Train

1.00

Dispersion coefficient

0

Acceleration (ms^-2)

0.34

Travel time coefficient

15

Travel time coefficient

30

Travel time coefficient

35

Name	PCU Factor	Dispersion coefficient	Dispersion coefficient	Acceleration (ms^-2)	Travel time coefficient	Travel time coefficient	Travel time coefficient
Train	1.00	0	0	0	0.34	0.34	0.34

Pedestrian parameters

Dispersion type

Default

Optimisation options

Enable optimisation

✓

Auto redistribute

✓

Optimisation level

Offsets And Green Splits

Enable GUT Profile accuracy

✓

Advanced

Optimisation type

Hill climb increments

Output profile accuracy

✓

Use enhanced optimisation

✓

Optimisation order

1

Master controller

Offsets relative to master controller

Offsets relative to master controller

Do nothing

Economics

Vehicle Monetary Value Of Delay (£ per PCU-hr)	Vehicle Monetary Value Of Stops (£ per 100 stops)	Pedestrian monetary value of delay (£ per Ped-hr)
14.20	2.60	14.20

Traffic Nodes

Traffic node

Name

(untitled)

Description

J

Arms and Traffic Streams

Modelling

Arms		
Arm	Name	Description
A	(untitled)	J
B	(untitled)	J
C	(untitled)	J
D	(untitled)	J
A _r	(untitled)	J
A _x	(untitled)	J
B _x	(untitled)	J
C _r	(untitled)	J
C _x	(untitled)	J
D _x	(untitled)	

Traffic Streams

Traffic Streams		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Name
A	1	(untitled)
B	1	(untitled)
C	1	(untitled)
D	1	(untitled)
A _r	1	(untitled)
A _x	1	(untitled)
B _x	1	(untitled)
C _r	1	(untitled)
C _x	1	(untitled)
D _x	1	(untitled)

Modelling - Advanced

Modelling - Advanced		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Initial queue (PCU)
(All)	1	0.00

Normal - Modelling

Normal - Modelling		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Stop weighting (%)
(All)	1	100

Flows

Flows		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Total Flow (PCU/hr)
A	1	237
B	1	30
C	1	638
D	1	638
A _r	1	59
A _x	1	19
B _x	1	480
C _r	1	52
C _x	1	243
D _x	1	189

Lanes

Lanes		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Name
A	1	(untitled)
B	1	(untitled)
C	1	(untitled)
D	1	(untitled)
A _r	1	(untitled)
A _x	1	(untitled)
B _x	1	(untitled)
C _r	1	(untitled)
C _x	1	(untitled)
D _x	1	(untitled)

Signals

Signals		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Controller stream
A	1	1
B	1	1
C	1	1
D	1	1
A _r	1	1
A _x	1	1
B _x	1	1
C _r	1	1
C _x	1	1
D _x	1	1

Entry Sources

Entry Sources		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Cruise time for Normal Traffic (s)
A	1	36.00
B	1	18.00
C	1	36.00
D	1	36.00

Cruise speed for Normal Traffic (kph)

Arm	Traffic Stream	Cruise speed for Normal Traffic (kph)
A	1	30.00
B	1	30.00
C	1	30.00
D	1	30.00

Sources

Pedestrian Crossings - Modelling

Traffic Stream	Source	Destination traffic stream	Cruise time for Normal Traffic (s)	Cruise speed for Normal Traffic (kph)	Auto turning radius	Traffic turn style	Turning radius (m)
Stream	Stream	Stream					
Ar-Ar	1	1	A/1	A/x/1	1.00	30.00	Straight Movement
Ax-Ax	1	1	C/1	A/x/1	36.00	30.00	Straight Movement
3x-3x	1	1	D/1	B/x/1	36.00	30.00	Straight Movement
2x-2x	1	1	C/1	C/x/1	1.00	30.00	Straight Movement
2x-2x	1	1	A/1	C/x/1	36.00	30.00	Straight Movement
2x-2x	1	1	B/1	D/x/1	36.00	30.00	Straight Movement
4x-4x	1	2	B/1	A/x/1	36.00	30.00	Offside
3x-3x	1	2	A/1	B/x/1	36.00	30.00	Nearside
2x-2x	1	2	B/1	C/x/1	36.00	30.00	Nearside
2x-2x	1	2	C/1	D/x/1	36.00	30.00	Nearside
4x-4x	1	3	D/1	A/x/1	36.00	30.00	Nearside
3x-3x	1	3	C/x/1	B/x/1	36.00	30.00	Offside
2x-2x	1	3	D/1	C/x/1	36.00	30.00	Offside
2x-2x	1	3	A/x/1	D/x/1	36.00	30.00	Offside

Positive Way Data

Gavia Way Data - All Movements - Conflicts

Traffic Stream							Event Data - All Interactions			
ID	Description	Controlling type		Controlling from traffic stream		Controlling to traffic stream	Percentage opposing (%)	Upstream signals visible	Conflict shift	Conflict duration
		TrafficStreamMovement	C1	C1	A1	Dx1				
1	TrafficStreamMovement	C1		A1		Av1	1.00	2	6	
	TrafficStreamMovement	A1		Cx1		Bx1	1.00	2	6	
	TrafficStreamMovement	A1		Bx1			1.00	7	6	

Pedestrian Crossings

Pedestrian Crossings						
Crossing	Name	Description	Traffic node	Allow walk on red	Crossing type	Cruise speed (kph)
1	(untitled)		Fairside	11.00	7.33	5.40
2	(untitled)		Fairside	6.40	4.27	5.40
3	(untitled)		Fairside	11.10	7.40	5.40
4	(untitled)		Fairside	11.10	7.40	5.40

卷之三

Destributor Crossings - Signals			
Crossing	Controller stream	Phase	Second phase enabled
1	1	G	
2	1	H	
3	1	E	
4	1	F	

Baudotian Crossings - Sidas

Crossing	Side	Saturation flow (Ped/hr)
(All)	(All)	11000

Pedestrian Crossings - Modelling

Pedestrian Crossings - Modelling

Normal Input Flows (BCI)(hr)

But layout flaws not shown as above are blank.

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Locations						
OD Matrix	Location	Name	Entries	Exits	Colour	
1	1	(untitled)	A/1	A/1	#000FFF	
	2	(untitled)	B/1	B/1	#00FFFF	
	3	(untitled)	C/1	C/1	#FFFFFF	
	4	(untitled)	D/1	D/1	#FF0000	
	5	(untitled)	1:2X-2:1E	1:2X-2:1X	#00FFFFFF	
	6	(untitled)	2:2E-3:2E	2:2X-3:2X	#FF00FFF	
	7	(untitled)	3:1E-4:2E	3:1X-4:2X	#00B60000	

Normal Paths and Flows

OD Matrix	Path	Description	From location	To location	Path items	Allocation type	Normal Calculated Flow (PCU/hr)
4	1		2	3	B/1, Cx/1	Normal	18
12	2		2	4	B/1, Dx/1	Normal	2
26	1		3	3	A/1, Cx/1	Normal	186
28	1		2	2	A/1, Bx/1	Normal	32
29	3		4	4	C/1, Dx/1	Normal	168
32	3		2	2	C/1, Cr/1, Bx/1	Normal	20
1	33	1	4	4	A/1, Ar/1, Dx/1	Normal	19
34	4		3	3	D/1, Cx/1	Normal	39
35	4		2	2	D/1, Bx/1	Normal	0
36	2		1	1	B/1, Ax/1	Normal	10
37	4		1	1	D/1, Av/1	Normal	20
38	3		1	1	C/1, Ar/1	Normal	450

Pedestrian Paths and Flows

OD Matrix	Path	Description	From location	To location	Path items	Allocation type	Pedestrian calculated flow (Ped/hr)
16	16		6	7	3:2E; 3:Y	Normal	20
17	17		7	6	3:1E; 3:2X	Normal	20
18	18		7	8	4:2E; 4:Y	Normal	0
19	19		8	7	4:1E; 4:2X	Normal	0
1	20	5	5	8	1:2E; 1:Y	Normal	20
21	21		8	5	1:1E; 1:2X	Normal	0
22	22	5	6	6	2:1E; 2:2X	Normal	20
23	23		6	5	2:2E; 2:1X	Normal	0

Signal Timings

Network Default: 100s cycle time; 100 steps

Controller Stream 1

Controller Stream	Name	Description	Use sequence	Cycle time (s)	Cycle time source	NetworkDefault	Line Number
1	(untitled)		1	100			

Controller Stream 1 - Properties

Controller Stream	Allow offset optimisation	Allow green split optimisation	Optimisation level	Auto redistribute	Enable stage constraint	Gaining delay type
1	✓	✓	Offsets And Green Spills	✓		Absolute

Phases

Controller Stream	Phase	Name	Minimum green (s)	Maximum green (s)	Relative start displacement (s)	Relative end displacement (s)	Type	Blackout Time (s)
	A (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	B (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	C (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
1	D (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	E (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	F (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	G (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	H (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0

Library Stages

Controller Stream	Library Stage	Phases in stage	User stage minimum (s)
	1	A, C	1
	1	2	B
	1	3	D
	4	E, F, G, H	1

Stage Sequences

Controller Stream	Sequence	Name	Multiple cycling	Stage IDs	Stage ends
	1	(untitled)	Single	1, 2, 3, 4	48, 61, 73, 87
	2	(untitled)	Single	1, 4, 2, 3	0, 31, 63, 91
	3	(untitled)	Single	1, 3, 4, 2	0, 29, 59, 91
	4	(untitled)	Single	1, 2, 4, 3	0, 31, 63, 91
	5	(untitled)	Single	1, 4, 3, 2	0, 29, 57, 87
	6	(untitled)	Single	1, 3, 2, 4	0, 29, 57, 87

Intergreen Matrix for Controller Stream 1

	To	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
	From	1	2	3	4				
	1	6	5	5	6	7			
	2	5	5	5	7	5	6		
	3	5	6	6	7	5	5		
	4	5	5	6	7	5	5		

Banned Stage transitions for Controller Stream 1

	To	1	2	3	4
	From	1	2	3	4
	1	6	6	7	
	2	5	5	7	
	3	5	6	7	
	4	5	5	6	

Interstage Matrix for Controller Stream 1

	To	1	2	3	4
	From	2	5	0	7
	1	0	6	6	7
	2	5	0	5	7
	3	5	0	7	
	4	9	9	0	

Resultant Stages

Controller Stream	Resultant Stage	Is base stage	Library Stage ID	Phases in this stage	Stage start (s)	Stage end (s)	User stage minimum (s)	Stage minimum (s)
	1	✓	1	2			1	7
	1	3	2	3			1	7
	1	4	3	4			1	7
	2		4	4			87	7

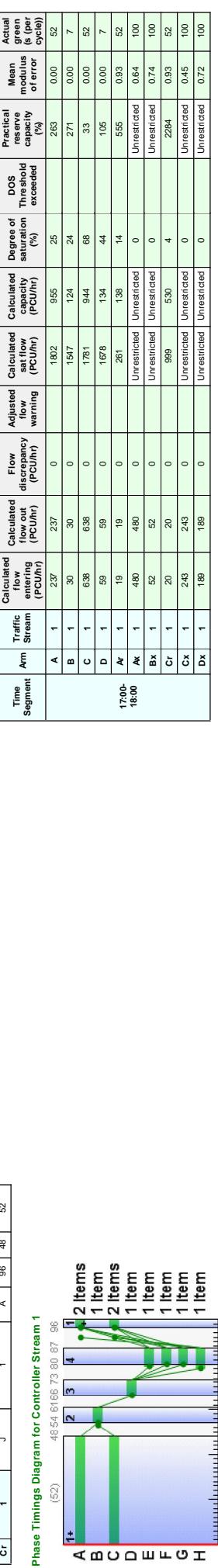
Resultant Phase Green Periods

Controller Stream	Phase	Green period	Is base green period	Start time (s)	End time (s)	Duration (s)
1	A	1		✓	36	48
	B	1		✓	54	61
	C	1		✓	56	48
	D	1		✓	66	73
	E	1		✓	79	87
	F	1		✓	80	87
	G	1		✓	80	87
	H	1		✓	78	87

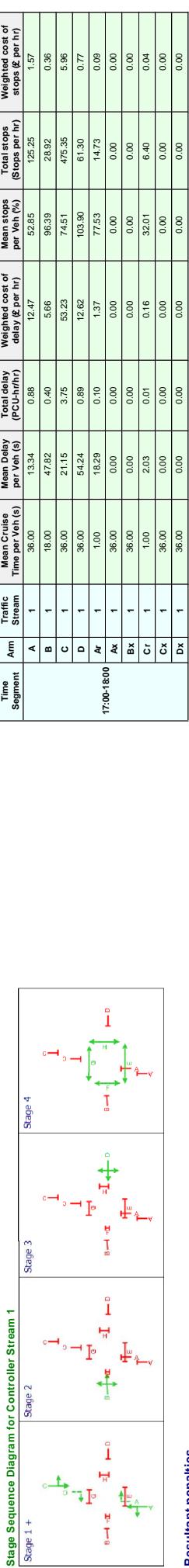
Traffic Stream Green Times

Arm	Traffic Stream	Traffic Node	Controller Stream	Phase	Start	End	Duration
A	1	J			96	48	52
B	1	J			66	73	7
C	1	J			96	48	52
D	1	J			54	61	7
A'	1	J			96	48	52
C'	1	J			96	48	52
D'	1	J			96	48	52

Phase Timings Diagram for Controller Stream 1



Stage Sequence Diagram for Controller Stream 1



Time Segment	Controller stream	Phase min max penalty (& per hr)	Intergreen broken penalty (& per hr)	Stage constraint broken penalty (& per hr)	Cost of controller stream penalties (& per hr)
17:00-18:00	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Resultant penalties

Time Segment	Controller stream	Phase min max penalty (& per hr)	Intergreen broken penalty (& per hr)	Stage constraint broken penalty (& per hr)	Cost of controller stream penalties (& per hr)
17:00-18:00	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Traffic Stream Results: Queues and blocking

Time Segment	Amm Stream	Traffic	Initial queue (PCU)	Mean max queue (PCU)	Max queue storage (PCU)	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Wasted time total (s per cycle)	Estimated blocking
	A	1	0.00	3.60	52.17	6.39	0.00	0.00	
	B	1	0.00	0.81	26.09	3.12	0.00	6.00	
	C	1	0.00	13.64	52.17	26.14	0.00	0.00	
	D	1	0.00	1.73	52.17	3.31	0.00	4.00	
17:00-18:00	Ax	1	0.00	0.41	1.00	41.09	0.00	17.00	
	Bx	1	0.00	0.00	52.17	0.00	0.00	14.00	
	Cx	1	0.00	0.20	1.00	20.14	0.00	56.00	
	Dx	1	0.00	0.00	52.17	0.00	0.00	39.00	
					52.17	0.00	0.00	11.00	
						34.00			

Pedestrian Crossings: Pedestrian summary

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Mean delay per Ped (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1	1	0	0	11000	7	43.71	0.52	
	1	2	3	20	11000	7	43.71	0.52	
	2	1	2	20	11000	9	41.86	0.51	
17:00-18:00	2	2	0	0	11000	9	0.00	0.00	
	3	1	2	20	11000	8	42.78	0.51	
	3	2	2	20	11000	8	42.78	0.51	
	4	1	0	0	11000	7	0.00	0.00	
	4	2	0	0	11000	7	0.00	0.00	

Pedestrian Crossing Results

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated Flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Adjusted calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Flow discrepancy warning (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	DOS threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated capacity (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Mean Delay per Veh (s per cycle))	Actual green (s per cycle))	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean Delay Per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1	1	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	770	0.00	3.45	3.45	0	0	0	94.31
17:00-18:00	2	1	20	20	0	0	11000	770	3	Unrestricted	0.00	770	0.00	9	4355	0.00	42.78	13.50	
	3	1	20	20	0	0	11000	990	2	Unrestricted	0.00	990	0.00	8	3860	0.00	67.59	11.02	
	4	1	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	770	0.00	7	3860	0.00	0	0	

Pedestrian Crossings: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Adjusted calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Flow discrepancy warning (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	DOS threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated capacity (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Mean Delay per Veh (s per cycle))	Actual green (s per cycle))	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean Delay Per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1	1	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	770	0.00	7	3860	0.00	0	0	
17:00-18:00	2	1	20	20	0	0	11000	770	3	Unrestricted	0.00	770	0.00	9	4355	0.00	42.78	13.50	
	3	1	20	20	0	0	11000	990	2	Unrestricted	0.00	990	0.00	8	3860	0.00	67.59	11.02	
	4	1	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	770	0.00	7	3860	0.00	0	0	

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Mean max queue (Ped)	Mean Cruise time per Ped (s)	Mean Delay per Ped (s)	Total delay (Ped-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
		1	2	8.33	43.71	0.24	0.24	3.45		
		2	1	5.27	41.86	0.00	0.00	3.30		
17:00-18:00		2	2	1.00	42.78	0.24	0.24	3.37		
		3	2	8.40	42.78	0.24	0.24	3.37		
		4	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
		4	2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		

Pedestrian Crossings: Advanced

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Degree of saturation penalty (£ per hr)	Mean max queue (Ped)	Mean Cruise time per Ped (s)	Mean Delay per Ped (s)	Total delay (Ped-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
		1	0.52	10.00	5.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
		2	0.51	10.00	5.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
17:00-18:00		3	0.51	10.00	5.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
		4	0.00	10.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		

Run Summary

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Degree of saturation penalty (£ per hr)	Mean max queue (Ped)	Mean Cruise time per Ped (s)	Mean Delay per Ped (s)	Total delay (Ped-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
		1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
17:00-18:00		2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
		3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		

Network Results: Vehicle summary

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Mean max queue (Ped)	Mean Cruise time per Ped (s)	Mean Delay per Ped (s)	Total delay (Ped-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
		68	0	1957	622	11.02	85.52	8.79	7		
17:00-18:00		3	80	1957	622	42.78	13.50	13.50	8		
		4	08:58:38	08:58:39	4	0	0	0	0	C1	Cx/1

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Mean max queue (Ped)	Mean Cruise time per Ped (s)	Mean Delay per Ped (s)	Total delay (Ped-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
		68	0	1957	622	42.78	13.50	13.50	8		
17:00-18:00		3	80	1957	622	42.78	13.50	13.50	8		
		4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Network Results: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Calculated flow out (PCU/hr)	Flow discrepancy (PCU/hr)	Adjusted flow warning	Degree of saturation (%)	DOS Threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Actual green (s per cycle))
17:00-18:00	2047	2047	0		68		33	684

Final Prediction Table**Traffic Stream Results**

Network Results: Stops and delays		Network Results: Queues and blocking		Network Results: Advanced	
Time Segment	Mean Cruise Time per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)
17:00-18:00	33.96	12.26	6.97	99.02	711.96
					8.79

Network Results: Queues and blocking		Pedestrian Crossing Results		Point to Point Journey Time	
Time Segment	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Wasted time total (s per cycle))		
17:00-18:00	41.09	0.00	181.00		

Network Results: Advanced		Pedestrian Crossing Results		Point to Point Journey Time	
Time Segment	Degre of saturation penalty (£ per hr)	Ped gap accepting penalty (£ per hr)	Warmed up error	Warmed up	Normal calculated flow (Ped/hr)
17:00-18:00	0.00	0.00	✓	✓	1.00
					0.00
					107.81

Network Results: Flows and signals

Network Results: Flows and signals		Traffic Stream Results		Pedestrian Crossing Results	
Time Segment	Calculated flow out (PCU/hr)	Calculated flow in (PCU/hr)	Adjusted flow warning	Degree of saturation (%)	DOS Threshold exceeded
17:00-18:00	2047	2047	0	68	

Point to Point Journey Time

Average Journey Time (s) for Local Matrix: 1								
		To						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	0.0	85.3	85.3	104.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	101.3	0.0	101.8	101.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	93.2	96.2	0.0	93.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
From 4	126.2	0.0	126.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	47.1	0.0	52.0	0.0
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.2	0.0	0.0
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Path Journey Time

Path	From Location	To Location	Normal Calculated flow (Ped/hr)	Pedestrian calculated flow (Ped/hr)	Normal journey time (s)	Pedestrian journey time (s)	Calculated Total Flow (PCU/hr)	Avg journey time (s)	Mean speed (Kph)	Mean journey speed (PCU-hr/hr)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
4	2	3	18	18	101.82	101.82	2	101.82	25.16	22.82	6.02	65.52	8.79	0.00	0.00	94.31
12	2	4	2		20				0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
16	6	7			51.18				51.18							
17	7	6			20				51.18							
18	7	8			0				0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.50
19	8	7			0				0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	107.81
20	5	8			20				52.04	20						
21	8	5			0				0.00	0		0.00				
22	5	6			20				47.13	20		47.13				
23	6	5			0				0.00	0		0.00				
26	1	3			186				85.34			186	85.34			
28	1	2			32				32			85.34				
29	3	4			168				168			168	93.15			
32	3	2			20				96.19	20		96.19				
33	1	4			19				104.63	19		104.63				
34	4	3			39				126.24			126.24				
35	4	2			0				0.00	0		0.00				
36	2	1			10				101.82	10		101.82				
37	4	1			20				126.24	20		126.24				
38	3	1			450				93.15			450	93.15			

Network Results		Traffic Stream Results		Pedestrian Crossing Results		Point to Point Journey Time	
Normal traffic	574.12	25.16	22.82	6.02	65.52	8.79	0.00
Bus	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tram	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pedestrians	0.87	1.12	0.78	0.95	13.50	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	575.00	26.28	21.88	6.97	99.02	8.79	0.00

• < = adjusted flow warning (upstream links/traffics streams are over-saturated)

• * = Traffic Stream - Normal, Bus or Tram Stop or Delay weighting has been set to a value other than 100%

• ^ = Traffic Stream - Normal, Bus or Tram Stop or Delay Path weighting has been set to a value other than 0

• + = average link/traffic stream excess queue is greater than 0

• P.I. = PERFORMANCE INDEX

Run Summary

Data Errors and Warnings

No errors or warnings

Analysis Set Details

Name	Description	Demand set	Include in report	Locked
AM 2035 DS		D5	✓	

Demand Set Details

Name	Description	Composite	Demand sets	Start time (HH:mm)	Locked
AM 2035 DS				07:30	

Network timings

Network cycle time (s)	Restrict to SCoOT cycle times	Time segment length (min)	Number of time segments	Modelled time period (min)
100		60	1	60

Signals options

Start displacement (s)	End displacement (s)
2	3

Advanced

Phase minimum broken penalty (£)	Phase maximum broken penalty (£)	Intergreen broken penalty (£)	Starting Red-with-Amber (s)
10000.00	100000.00	10000.00	2

Traffic options

Traffic model	Vehicle flow scaling factor (%)	Pedestrian flow scaling factor (%)	Cruise times or speeds
Platoon Dispersion (PDM)	100	100	Cruise Speeds

Advanced

Resolution	DOS threshold (%)	Cruise scaling factor (%)	Use link stop weightings	Exclude pedestrians from results calculation	Random delay mode	Type of random parameter	PCU Length (m)	Calculate results for Path Segments	Generate PDM Profile Data
1	90	100	✓	✓	Complex (TRANSYT)	Uniform (TRANSYT)	5.75	✓	

Dispersion type

Dispersion coefficient	
Default	35

PCU Factor

Name	PCU Factor
Normal	1.00

Run Summary

Name	PCU Factor	Dispersion coefficient1	Dispersion coefficient2	Acceleration (ms ⁻²)	Travel time coefficient1	Travel time coefficient2
Bus	1.00	70	15	0.34	30	25

Dispersion type

Dispersion coefficient						
Train	1.00	0	0	0.34	100	100

Analysis Set Details

Name	Description	Demand set	Include in report	Locked	Enable optimisation	Auto redistribute	Optimisation level	Enable CUT Profile accuracy
AM 2035 DS		D5	✓		✓	✓	Offsets And Green Spills	✓

Optimisation type

Optimisation type	Hill climb increments	QUT profile accuracy	Use enhanced optimisation	Auto optimisation order	Master controller	Offsets relative to master controller	Master controller	Do nothing
Hill Climb (Fast)	15, 40, -1, 15, 40, 1, -1, 1	50, 50, 5, 0, 5, 0, 5, 0, 0, 5, 0, 0, 5	✓	1				

Vehicle Monetary value of Delay (£ per PCU/h)

Vehicle Monetary value of Delay (£ per PCU/h)	Vehicle Monetary Value Of Stops (£ per 100 stops)	Pedestrian monetary value of delay (£ per Ped-hr)
14.20	2.60	14.20

Traffic Nodes

Traffic node	Name	Description
J	(untitled)	

Arms and Traffic Streams

Modelling

Arms		
Arm	Name	Description
A	(untitled)	J
B	(untitled)	J
C	(untitled)	J
D	(untitled)	J
Ax	(untitled)	J
Bx	(untitled)	J
Cx	(untitled)	J
Dx	(untitled)	

Traffic Streams

Traffic Streams		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Name
A	1	(untitled)
B	1	(untitled)
C	1	(untitled)
D	1	(untitled)
Ax	1	(untitled)
Bx	1	(untitled)
Cx	1	(untitled)
Dx	1	(untitled)

Modelling - Advanced

Modelling - Advanced		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Stop weighting multiplier (%)
A	1	NetworkDefault
B	1	NetworkDefault
C	1	NetworkDefault
D	1	NetworkDefault
Ax	1	NetworkDefault
Bx	1	NetworkDefault
Cx	1	NetworkDefault
Dx	1	NetworkDefault

Normal - Modelling

Normal - Modelling		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Initial queue (PCU)
(All)	1	0.00

Flows

Flows		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Total Flow (PCU/hr)
A	1	616
B	1	48
C	1	251
D	1	328
Ax	1	17
Bx	1	233
Cx	1	27
Dx	1	43

Signals

Signals		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Normal Flow (PCU/hr)
A	1	616
B	1	48
C	1	251
D	1	328
Ax	1	17
Bx	1	233
Cx	1	27
Dx	1	43

Lanes

Lanes		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Name
A	1	(untitled)
B	1	(untitled)
C	1	(untitled)
D	1	(untitled)
Ax	1	(untitled)
Bx	1	(untitled)
Cx	1	(untitled)
Dx	1	(untitled)

Entry Sources

Entry Sources		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Cruise time for Normal Traffic (s)
A	1	36.00
B	1	18.00
C	1	36.00
D	1	36.00

Sources

Arm	Traffic Stream	Source	Source traffic stream	Destination traffic stream	Cruise time for Normal Traffic (s)	Cruise speed for Normal Traffic (kph)	Auto turning radius	Traffic item style	Turning radius (m)
A-	1	A/1		A/r/1	1.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
Ax	1	C/1		Ax/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
Bx	1	D/1		Bx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
Cr	1	C/r/1		C/r/1	1.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
Cx	1	A/1		Cx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
Dx	1	B/1		Dx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
Ax	1	B/1		Ax/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	57.17
Bx	1	A/1		Bx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	67.46
Cx	1	B/1		Cx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	87.33
Dx	1	C/1		Dx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	50.78
Ax	1	D/1		Ax/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	56.71
Bx	1	C/1		Bx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	52.48
Cx	1	D/1		Cx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	92.66
Dx	1	A/1		Dx/r/1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	97.03

Give Way Data

Arm	Traffic traffic	Opposed	Use Step-wise Opposed Turn Model	Number of storage spaces	Use connector turning radius	Radius of turn (m)	Visibility restricted
A-	1	All traffic	✓	1	100	10.00	
C/r	1	All traffic	✓	1	100	8.00	

Pedestrian Crossings

Traffic Stream	Description	Controlling type	Controlling from traffic stream	Controlling to traffic stream	Percentage opposing (%)	Upstream signals visible	Conflict shift	Conflict duration
1	TrafficStreamMovement	C/1	Ax/1	Ax/r/1	100	2	2	6
	TrafficStreamMovement	A/1	Cx/1	Cx/r/1	100	2	2	6
	TrafficStreamMovement	A/1	Bx/1	Bx/r/1	100	2	2	6

Pedestrian Crossings

Crossing	Name	Description	Traffic node	Allow walk on red	Crossing type	Length (m)	Cruise time (seconds)	Cruise speed (kph)
1	(united)		Farside	11.00		7.33	5.40	
2	(united)		Farside	6.40		4.27	5.40	
3	(united)		Farside	11.10		7.40	5.40	
4	(united)		Farside	11.10		7.40	5.40	

Pedestrian Crossings - Signals

Crossing	Controller stream	Phase	Second phase enabled
1	1	G	
2	1	H	
3	1	E	
4	1	F	

Pedestrian Crossings - Sides

Crossing	Side	Saturation flow (Ped/hr)
(All)	(All)	11000

Pedestrian Crossings - Modelling

Local OD Matrix - Local Matrix: 1			
Crossing	Side	Delay weighting (%)	Assignment Cost Weighting (%)
(All)	(All)	100	100

Local Matrix Options

OD Matrix	Name	Use for point to point table	Auto calculate	Allocation mode	Path	Matrix to copy flows from	Copy flows to rows	Allow looped paths on traffic nodes	Allow looped paths on arms	Allow paths pass exit locations	Limit paths by length	Path number limit
1	(united)	✓	✓	✓	Path equalisation			✓	✓	✓	✓	1.25

Locations

OD Matrix	Location	Name	Entities	Exits	Colour
1	1	A/1	#0000FF		
	2	(united)	B/1		#00FFFF
	3	(united)	C/1		#FFFF00
	4	(united)	D/1		#FF0000
1	5	(united)			#00FFFF
	6	(united)			#FF00FF
	7	(united)			#000000
	8	(united)			#FFA500

Pedestrian Crossings - Sides**Pedestrian Crossings - Signals**

Crossing	Controller stream	Phase	Second phase enabled
1	1	G	
2	1	H	
3	1	E	
4	1	F	

Normal Paths and Flows

OD Matrix	Path	Description	From location	To location	Path items	Allocation type	Normal Calculated Flow (PCU/hr)
4	1		2	3	B/1, Cx/1	Normal	42
12	2		4	5	B/1, Dx/1	Normal	3
26	1		3	4	A/1, Cx/1	Normal	533
28	1		2	4	A/1, Bx/1	Normal	6
29	3		4	5	C/1, Dx/1	Normal	23
32	3		2	4	C/1, Cr/1, Bx/1	Normal	16
1	33	1	4	5	A/1, Ar/1, Dx/1	Normal	17
34	4		3	5	D/1, Cx/1	Normal	305
35	4		2	5	D/1, Bx/1	Normal	5
36	2		1	5	B/1, Ax/1	Normal	3
37	4		1	5	D/1, Ar/1	Normal	18
38	3		1	5	C/1, Ar/1	Normal	212

Pedestrian Paths and Flows

OD Matrix	Path	Description	From location	To location	Path items	Allocation type	Pedestrian calculated flow (Ped/hr)
16	16		6	7	3:2E; 3:2X	Normal	20
17	17		7	6	3:1E; 3:2X	Normal	20
18	18		7	8	4:2E; 4:1X	Normal	0
19	19		8	7	4:1E; 4:2X	Normal	0
1	20		5	8	1:2E; 1:1X	Normal	20
21	21		8	5	1:1E; 1:2X	Normal	0
22	22		5	6	2:1E; 2:2X	Normal	20
23	23		6	5	2:2E; 2:1X	Normal	0

Signal Timings

Network Default: 100s cycle time; 100 steps

Controller Stream 1

Controller Stream	Name	Description	Use sequence	Cycle time (s)	Cycle time source	NetworkDefault	Line Number	Site number	Grid reference	Gaining delay type
1	(untitled)		1	100						Absolute

Controller Stream 1 - Properties

Controller Stream	Allow offset optimisation	Allow green split optimisation	Optimisation level	Auto redistribute	Enable stage constraint
1	✓	✓	Offsets And Green Spills	✓	

Phases

Controller Stream	Phase	Name	Minimum green (s)	Maximum green (s)	Relative start displacement (s)	Relative end displacement (s)	Type	Blackout Time (s)
	A (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	B (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	C (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
1	D (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	E (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	F (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	G (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	H (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0

Library Stages

Controller Stream	Library Stage	Phases in stage	User stage minimum (s)
	1	A, C	1
1	2	B	1
	3	D	1
	4	E, F, G, H	1

Stage Sequences

Controller Stream	Sequence	Name	Multiple cycling	Stage IDs	Stage ends
	1	(untitled)	Single	1, 2, 3, 4	35, 82, 74, 88
	2	(untitled)	Single	1, 4, 2, 3	0, 31, 63, 91
	3	(untitled)	Single	1, 3, 4, 2	0, 29, 59, 91
	4	(untitled)	Single	1, 2, 4, 3	0, 31, 63, 91
	5	(untitled)	Single	1, 4, 3, 2	0, 29, 57, 87
	6	(untitled)	Single	1, 3, 2, 4	0, 29, 57, 87

Intergreen Matrix for Controller Stream 1

		To	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
		To	1	2	3	4				
		To	1	2	3	4				
		From	2							
				3						
					4					

Banned Stage transitions for Controller Stream 1

		To	1	2	3	4
		To	1	2	3	4
		To	1	2	3	4
		From	2			
			3			
				4		

Interstage Matrix for Controller Stream 1

		To	1	2	3	4
		To	1	2	3	4
		To	1	2	3	4
		From	2	0	5	7
			3	5	0	7
			4	9	9	0

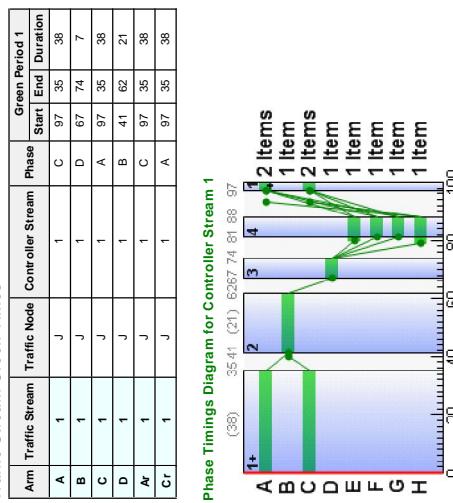
Resultant Stages

Controller Stream	Resultant Stage	Is base stage	Library Stage ID	Phases in this stage	Stage start (s)	Stage end (s)	User stage minimum (s)	Stage minimum (s)
	1	✓	1		A, C	97	38	1
	2	✓	2		B	62	21	1
	3	✓	3		D	67	74	1
	4	✓	4		E, F, G, H	81	88	7

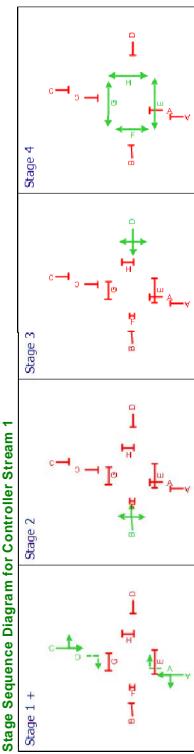
Resultant Phase Green Periods

Controller Stream	Phase	Green period	Is base green period	Start time (s)	End time (s)	Duration (s)
1	A	1	v	37	35	38
	B	1	v	41	62	21
	C	1	v	37	35	38
	D	1	v	67	74	7
	E	1	v	80	88	8
	F	1	v	81	88	7
	G	1	v	81	88	7
	H	1	v	79	88	9

Traffic Stream Green Times



Stage Sequence Diagram for Controller Stream 1



Traffic Stream Results: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Arm	Traffic Stream	Calculated flow out per Veh (PCU/hr)	Flow out warning (PCU/hr)	Adjusted saturation (%)	Calculated capacity (PCU/hr)	Calculated capacity (PCU/hr)	Degree of saturation (%)	DOS Thos sat exceeded	Practical reserve modulus capacity (%)	Mean modulus of error
07:30-08:30	A	1	616	616	0	1802	703	88		3	0.0
	B	1	48	48	0	1547	124	39		132	0.00
	C	1	251	251	0	1781	695	36		149	0.00
	D	1	328	328	0	1692	372	88		2	0.00
	Ax	1	17	17	0	922	360	5		1804	21
	Bx	1	233	233	0					Unrestricted	0
	Cx	1	27	27	0					Unrestricted	0
	Dx	1	43	43	0					Unrestricted	0

Time Segment	Arm	Traffic Stream	Mean Cruise Time per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (& per hr)	Total stops per Veh (%)	Mean stops per Veh (%)	Total stops (Stops per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (& per hr)
07:30-08:30	A	1	36.00	45.01	7.70	0.70	9.99	101.71	654.31	8.20
	B	1	18.00	52.78					48.82	0.61
	C	1	36.00	23.12	1.61	22.89			70.26	2.21
	D	1	36.00	68.48	6.24	88.60			123.12	5.06
	Ax	1	1.00	3.05	0.01	0.20			42.29	0.04
	Bx	1	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00
	Cx	1	1.00	92.80	0.41	5.86			120.06	0.00
	Dx	1	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			19.21	0.11

Resultant penalties

Time Segment	Controller stream	Phase min max penalty (& per hr)	Intergreen broken penalty (& per hr)	Stage constraint broken penalty (& per hr)	Cost of controller stream penalties (& per hr)
07:30-08:30	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Traffic Stream Results: Queues and blocking

Time Segment	Amm Stream	Traffic Initial queue (PCU)	Mean max queue (PCU)	Max queue storage (PCU)	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Wasted time total (s per cycle)	Estimated blocking
	A	1 0.00	18.61	52.17	35.66	0.00	0.00	
	B	1 0.00	1.37	26.09	5.27	0.00	5.00	
	C	1 0.00	4.93	52.17	9.35	0.00	0.00	
	D	1 0.00	11.55	52.17	22.13	0.00	0.00	
07:30-08:30	Ax	1 0.00	0.22	1.00	22.14	0.00	22.00	
	Bx	1 0.00	0.00	52.17	0.00	0.00	29.00	
	Cx	1 0.00	0.54	1.00	54.17	0.00	0.00	
	Dx	1 0.00	0.00	52.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	
				52.17	0.00	0.00	64.00	

Pedestrian Crossing Results

Time Segment	Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Mean delay per Ped (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1	1 0	0	11000	7	43.71	0.00	0.00
	2	2 3	20	11000	7	0.52	3.45	3.45
	1	2 2	20	11000	9	41.86	0.51	3.30
07:30-08:30	2	2 0	0	11000	9	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3	1 2	20	11000	8	42.78	0.51	3.37
	2	2 2	20	11000	8	42.78	0.51	3.37
	4	1 0	0	11000	7	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4	2 0	0	11000	7	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pedestrian Crossings: Pedestrian summary

Time Segment	Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated Flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Adjusted flow discrepancy warning	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	DOS threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Highest DOS (%)	Total network delay (PCU/hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)	Run start time (HH:mm)	Run finish time	Modeling Network Cycle Time (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s per cycle))	Actual green (s per cycle))	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1	1 0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	13/12/2018 08:58:39	07:30	100	265.66	17.63	88.12	D1	0	0	253.16
07:30-08:30	2	2 0	20	0	0	11000	770	3	Unrestricted	0.00	7	13/12/2018 08:58:39	07:30	100	236.91	62	42.78	13.50	0	0	13.50
	3	1 0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	8	13/12/2018 08:58:39	07:30	100	236.91	62	42.78	13.50	0	0	13.50
	4	1 0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	13/12/2018 08:58:39	07:30	100	236.91	62	42.78	13.50	0	0	13.50
	4	2 0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	13/12/2018 08:58:39	07:30	100	236.91	62	42.78	13.50	0	0	13.50

Pedestrian Crossings: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Flow discrepancy warning	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Degree of saturation (%)	DOS threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean modulus error or error (per cycle))	Actual green (s per cycle))	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)							
07:30-08:30	1	1	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	13/12/2018 08:58:39	07:30	100	236.91	62	42.78	13.50	0	0	13.50
	2	2	20	0	0	11000	770	3	Unrestricted	0.00	9	13/12/2018 08:58:39	07:30	100	236.91	62	42.78	13.50	0	0	13.50
	3	1	20	0	0	11000	990	2	Unrestricted	0.00	9	13/12/2018 08:58:39	07:30	100	236.91	62	42.78	13.50	0	0	13.50
	4	1	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	13/12/2018 08:58:39	07:30	100	236.91	62	42.78	13.50	0	0	13.50
	4	2	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	13/12/2018 08:58:39	07:30	100	236.91	62	42.78	13.50	0	0	13.50

Network Results: Vehicle summary

Time Segment	Segment	Degree of saturation (%)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Calculated flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Mean Delay per Veh (s per cycle))	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
07:30-08:30	1	88	0	2519	580	23.84	236.91	62	42.78	13.50
07:31-08:30	3	3	80	2519	580	23.84	236.91	62	42.78	13.50
07:31-08:30	5	0	0	2519	580	23.84	236.91	62	42.78	13.50

Network Results: Pedestrian summary

Time Segment	Segment	Degree of saturation (%)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Calculated flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated flow Entering (PCU/hr)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Mean Delay per Veh (s per cycle))	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
07:30-08:30	1	88	0	2519	580	23.84	236.91	62	42.78	13.50
07:31-08:30	3	3	80	2519	580	23.84	236.91	62	42.78	13.50
07:31-08:30	5	0	0	2519	580	23.84	236.91	62	42.78	13.50

Network Results: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Calculated flow out (PCU/hr)	Flow discrepancy (PCU/hr)	Adjusted flow warning	Degree of saturation (%)	DOS Threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Actual queue (s per cycle))
07:30-08:30	259.9	259.9	0		88		2	642

Final Prediction Table**Traffic Stream Results**

Network Results: Stops and delays		Network Results: Queues and blocking		Network Results: Advanced		Pedestrian Crossing Results	
Time Segment	Mean Cruise Time per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Total delay (PCU-h/m)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Mean stops per Veh (%)	Total stops (Stops per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)
07:30-08:30	34.35	24.43	17.63	250.41	50.39	1309.74	16.25
Time Segment	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Wasted time total (s per cycle))				
07:30-08:30	54.17	0.00	209.00				

Point to Point Journey Time**Average Journey Time (s) for Local Matrix: 1**

		To	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	0.0	117.0	117.0	121.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	106.3	0.0	106.8	106.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	95.1	188.9	0.0	95.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
From 4	140.5	140.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	47.1	0.0	52.0			
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.2	0.0			
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.2	0.0			
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			

Path Journey Time

Path	From Location	To Location	Normal Calculated Flow (PCU/hr)	Pedestrian calculated flow (Ped/hr)	Normal journey time (s)	Pedestrian journey time (s)	Calculated Total Flow (PCU/hr)	Mean journey speed (kph)	Time spent travelled (PCU-km/hr)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Mean queue length (s per cycle))	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Actual queue (s per cycle))	PER PCU	PER PED	PER P
4	2	3	42.	42.	106.78	106.78	42.	41.31	17.98	16.68	233.91	16.25	0.00	0.00	253.16		
12	2	4	3														
16	6	7			20	51.18											
17	7	6			20	51.18											
18	7	8		0		0.00	0										
19	8	7		0		0.00	0										
20	5	8		20		52.04	20										
21	8	5		0		0.00	0										
22	5	6		20		47.13	20										
23	6	5		0		0.00	0										
26	1	3	503			117.01											
28	1	2	6			117.01											
29	3	4		23		95.12	23										
32	3	2		16		188.92											
33	1	4		17		121.06	17										
34	4	3		305		140.48											
35	4	2		5		140.48											
36	2	1		3		106.78	3										
37	4	1		18		140.48	18										
38	3	1		212		95.12	212										

Network Results: Signals		Signals		Flows		Performance		Queues		PER PCU	
Arm	Traffic Stream	Name	Traffic Controller stream	Phase	Calculated satflow entering (PCU/hr)	Actual green time (s per cycle))	Practical reserve capacity (%)	JourneyTime (s)	Mean stops per Veh (s)	Mean stops per Veh (%)	Mean max queue (s per cycle))
A	1	(united)	J	1	C	616	1802	3.8	0.00	88	3
B	1	(united)	J	1	D	48	1547	7	5.00	39	132
C	1	(united)	J	1	A	251	1781	3.8	0.00	36	149
D	1	(united)	J	1	B	328	1692	2.1	0.00	88	2
A'	1	(united)	J	1	C	17	922	3.8	22.00	5	1804
Ax	1	(united)	J	1	H	20	233	0	Unrestricted	100	36.00
Bx	1	(united)	J	1	E	20	100	0	Unrestricted	100	36.00
Cx	1	(united)	J	1	E	20	103	3.8	0.00	40	125
Dx	1	(united)	J	1	F	0	940	0	Unrestricted	100	0.00
						43	164.00	0	Unrestricted	100	36.00
											0.00

Network Results: Pedestrian Crossing		Pedestrian Crossing Results		Signals		Flows		Performance		PER PED		QUEUES		WEIGHTS	
Pedestrian	Side	Name	Traffic node	Controller stream	Phase	Calculated Flow (Ped/hr)	Actual Flow (Ped/hr)	Mean green time (s per cycle))	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean delay per Ped (s)	Mean queue length (s per cycle))	Mean stops per Ped (s)	Mean max queue (s per cycle))	Delay weighting (%)	P
1	1	(united)	1	G	0	11000	7	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100		
2	2	(united)	1	H	20	11000	7	3	3.85	52.04	43.71	0.52	100		
3	1	(united)	1	E	20	11000	9	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100		
4	1	(united)	1	F	0	11000	7	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100		

Network Results: Network		Network Results		Signals		Flows		Performance		PER P	
Normal traffic		Distance travelled (km/hr)	738.79	Time spent (PCU-min)	41.31	17.98	16.68	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	233.91	16.25	0.00
Bus			0.00		0.00						0.00
Tram			0.00		0.00						0.00
Pedestrians			0.87		1.12		0.78	0.95	13.50	0.00	0.00
TOTAL			739.66		42.43		17.43	176.3	250.41	16.25	0.00

• < = adjusted flow warning (upstream links/traffic streams are over-saturated)

• * = Traffic Stream - Normal, Bus or Tram Stop or Delay weighting has been set to a value other than 100%

• ^ = Traffic Stream - Normal, Bus or Tram Stop or Delay Path weighting has been set to a value other than 0

• + = average link/traffic stream excess queue is greater than 0

• P.I. = PERFORMANCE INDEX



Data Errors and Warnings

No errors or warnings

Run Summary

Analysis set used	Run start time	Run finish time	Modelling cycle time [HH:mm]	Network cycle Time (s)	Performance Index (€ per hr)	Total DOS (%)	Item with highest DOS (%)	Number of oversaturated items	Percentage of oversaturated items (%)	Item with worst unsignalised PRC	Item with worst worst signalised PRC
6	13/12/2018 08:58:40	13/12/2018 08:58:41	17:00	100	119.08	7.70	72.04	C/1	0	C/1	C/1

Analysis Set Details

Name	Description	Demand set	Include in report	Locked
PM 2035 DS		D6	✓	

Demand Set Details

Name	Description	Composite	Demand sets	Start time (HH:mm)	Locked
PM 2035 DS				17:00	

Network timings

Network cycle time (s)	Restrict to SCoOT cycle times	Time segment length (min)	Number of time segments	Modelled time period (min)
100		60	1	60

Signals options

Phase minimum broken penalty (€)	Phase maximum broken penalty (€)	Intergreen broken penalty (€)	Starting Red-with-Amber (s)
10000.00	100000.00	10000.00	2

Traffic node	Name	Description
	J	(untitled)

Vehicle Monetary Value of Delay (€ per PCU/hr)	Pedestrian monetary value of delay (€ per Ped-hr)
14.20	14.20

Traffic model	Vehicle flow scaling factor (%)	Pedestrian flow scaling factor (%)	Cruise times or speeds
Platoon Dispersion (PDM)	100	100	Cruise Speeds

Resolution	DOS Threshold (%)	Cruise scaling factor (%)	Use link stop weightings	Exclude pedestrians from results calculation	Random delay mode	Type of random parameter	PCU Length (m)	Calculate results for Path Segments	Generate PDM Profile Data
1	90	100	✓	✓	Complex (TRANSYT)	Uniform (TRANSYT)	5.75	✓	

Arms and Traffic Streams

Modelling

Arms		
Arm	Name	Description
A	(untitled)	J
B	(untitled)	J
C	(untitled)	J
D	(untitled)	J
Ax	(untitled)	J
Bx	(untitled)	J
Cx	(untitled)	J
Dx	(untitled)	

Traffic Streams

Traffic Streams		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Name
A	1	(untitled)
B	1	(untitled)
C	1	(untitled)
D	1	(untitled)
Ax	1	(untitled)
Bx	1	(untitled)
Cx	1	(untitled)
Dx	1	(untitled)

Modelling - Advanced

Modelling - Advanced		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Stop weighting multiplier (%)
A	1	NetworkDefault
B	1	NetworkDefault
C	1	NetworkDefault
D	1	NetworkDefault
Ax	1	NetworkDefault
Bx	1	NetworkDefault
Cx	1	NetworkDefault
Dx	1	NetworkDefault

Normal - Modelling

Normal - Modelling		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Initial queue (PCU)
(All)	1	0.00

Flows

Flows		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Total Flow (PCU/hr)
A	1	250
B	1	30
C	1	680
D	1	64
Ax	1	20
Bx	1	512
Cx	1	52
Dx	1	202

Signals

Signals		
Arm	Traffic Stream	Controller stream
A	1	1
B	1	1
C	1	1
D	1	1
Ax	1	C
Bx	1	D
Cx	1	A
Dx	1	B

Entry Sources

Entry Sources			
Arm	Traffic Stream	Cruise time for Normal Traffic (s)	Cruise speed for Normal Traffic (kph)
A	1	36.00	30.00
B	1	18.00	30.00
C	1	36.00	30.00
D	1	36.00	30.00

Sources

Arm	Traffic Stream	Source	Source traffic stream	Destination traffic stream	Cruise time for Normal Traffic (s)	Cruise speed for Normal Traffic (kph)	Auto turning radius	Traffic item style	Turning radius (m)
A _r	1	1	A _r 1	A _r 1	1.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
A _x	1	1	C ₁	A _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
B _x	1	1	D ₁	B _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
C _r	1	1	C _r 1	C _r 1	1.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
C _x	1	1	A _r 1	C _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
D _x	1	1	B ₁	D _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Straight	Straight
A _x	1	2	B ₁	A _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	57.17
B _x	1	2	A _r 1	B _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	67.46
C _x	1	2	B ₁	C _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	87.33
D _x	1	2	C ₁	D _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	50.78
A _x	1	3	D ₁	A _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Nearside	56.71
B _x	1	3	C _r 1	B _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	52.48
C _x	1	3	D ₁	C _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	92.66
D _x	1	3	A _r 1	D _x 1	36.00	30.00	✓	Offside	97.03

Give Way Data

Arm	Traffic traffic	Opposed	Use Step-wise Opposed Turn Model	Number of storage spaces	Use connector turning radius	Radius of turn (m)	Visibility restricted
A _r	1	All traffic	✓	1	100	10.00	
C _r	1	All traffic	✓	1	100	8.00	

Pedestrian Crossings - Conflicts

Traffic Stream	Description	Controlling type	Controlling from traffic stream	Controlling to traffic stream	Percentage opposing (%)	Upstream signals visible	Conflict shift	Conflict duration
1	TrafficStreamMovement	C ₁	A _x 1	A _x 1	100		2	6
	TrafficStreamMovement	A _x 1	C _x 1	C _x 1	100		2	6
	TrafficStreamMovement	A _x 1	B _x 1	B _x 1	100		2	6

Pedestrian Crossings

Crossing	Name	Description	Traffic node	Allow walk on red	Crossing type	Length (m)	Cruise time (seconds)	Cruise speed (kph)
1	(united)		Farside	11.00		7.33	5.40	
2	(united)		Farside	6.40		4.27	5.40	
3	(united)		Farside	11.10		7.40	5.40	
4	(united)		Farside	11.10		7.40	5.40	

Pedestrian Crossings - Signals

Crossing	Controller stream	Phase	Second phase enabled
1	1	G	
2	1	H	
3	1	E	
4	1	F	

Pedestrian Crossings - Sides

Crossing	Side	Saturation flow (Ped/hr)
(ALL)	(ALL)	11000

Pedestrian Crossings - Modelling

Local OD Matrix - Local Matrix: 1			
Crossing	Side	Delay weighting (%)	Assignment Cost Weighting (%)
(ALL)	(ALL)	100	100

Local Matrix Options			
OD Matrix	Name	Use for point to point table	Auto calculate
1	(united)	✓	✓

Normal Input Flows (PCU/hr)

	To		
	1	2	3
	2	3	4
	3	4	5
	4	5	6
	5	6	7
	6	7	8
	7	8	9
	8	9	10

Bus Input Flows not shown as they are blank.

Tram Input Flows not shown as they are blank.

Pedestrian Input Flows (PCU/hr)

	To		
	1	2	3
	2	3	4
	3	4	5
	4	5	6
	5	6	7
	6	7	8
	7	8	9
	8	9	10

Locations

OD Matrix	Location	Name	Entities	Exits	Colour
1	1	A _r 1			#0000FF
	2	(united)	B ₁		#00FFFF
	3	(united)	C _r 1		#FFFF00
	4	(united)	D ₁		#FF0000
	5	(united)		A _x 1	
	6	(united)		B _x 1	
	7	(united)		C _x 1	
	8	(united)		D _x 1	

Normal Paths and Flows

OD Matrix	Path	Description	From location	To location	Path items	Allocation type	Normal Calculated Flow (PCU/hr)
4	1		2	3	B/1, Cx/1	Normal	18
12	2		4	5	B/1, Dx/1	Normal	2
26	1		3	4	A/1, Cx/1	Normal	198
28	1		2	3	A/1, Bx/1	Normal	32
29	3		4	5	C/1, Dx/1	Normal	180
32	3		2	5	C/1, Cr/1, Bx/1	Normal	20
1	33	1	4	5	A/1, Ar/1, Dx/1	Normal	20
34	4		3	6	D/1, Cx/1	Normal	42
35	4		2	7	D/1, Bx/1	Normal	0
36	2		1	8	B/1, Ax/1	Normal	10
37	4		1	9	D/1, Av/1	Normal	22
38	3		1	10	C/1, Ar/1	Normal	480

Pedestrian Paths and Flows

OD Matrix	Path	Description	From location	To location	Path items	Allocation type	Pedestrian calculated flow (Ped/hr)
16	16		6	7	3:IE; 3:IX	Normal	20
17	17		7	6	3:IE; 3:2X	Normal	20
18	18		7	8	4:IE; 4:IX	Normal	0
19	19		8	7	4:IE; 4:2X	Normal	0
1	20		5	8	1:IE; 1:IX	Normal	20
21	21		8	5	1:IE; 1:2X	Normal	0
22	22		5	6	2:IE; 2:2X	Normal	20
23	23		6	5	2:IE; 2:IX	Normal	0

Signal Timings

Network Default: 100s cycle time; 100 steps

Controller Stream 1

Controller Stream	Name	Description	Use sequence	Cycle time (s)	Cycle time source	NetworkDefault	Line Number	Site number	Grid reference	Gaining delay type
1	(untitled)		1	100						Absolute

Controller Stream 1 - Properties

Controller Stream	Allow offset optimisation	Allow green split optimisation	Optimisation level	Auto redistribute	Enable stage constraint
1	✓	✓	Offsets And Green Spills	✓	

Phases

Controller Stream	Phase	Name	Minimum green (s)	Maximum green (s)	Relative start displacement (s)	Relative end displacement (s)	Type	Blackout Time (s)
	A (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	B (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	C (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
1	D (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Traffic	
	E (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	F (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	G (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0
	H (untitled)	7	300	0	0	0	Pedestrian	0

Library Stages

Controller Stream	Library Stage	Phases in stage	User stage minimum (s)
	1	1	A, C
	1	2	B
	1	3	D
	4	4	E, F, G, H

Stage Sequences

Controller Stream	Sequence	Name	Multiple cycling	Stage IDs	Stage ends
	1	(untitled)	Single	1, 2, 3, 4	47, 60, 72, 86
	2	(untitled)	Single	1, 4, 2, 3	0, 31, 63, 91
	3	(untitled)	Single	1, 3, 4, 2	0, 29, 59, 91
	4	(untitled)	Single	1, 2, 4, 3	0, 31, 63, 91
	5	(untitled)	Single	1, 4, 3, 2	0, 29, 57, 87
	6	(untitled)	Single	1, 3, 2, 4	0, 29, 57, 87

Intergreen Matrix for Controller Stream 1

		To	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
			1	6	5	5	6	7		
				B	5	5	7	5	6	
					C	5	6	7	5	
						D	5	5	6	7

Banned Stage transitions for Controller Stream 1

		To	1	2	3	4
			1			
			2			
				3		
					4	

Interstage Matrix for Controller Stream 1

		To	1	2	3	4
			1	6	6	7
			2	5	0	7
			3	5	0	7
			4	9	9	0

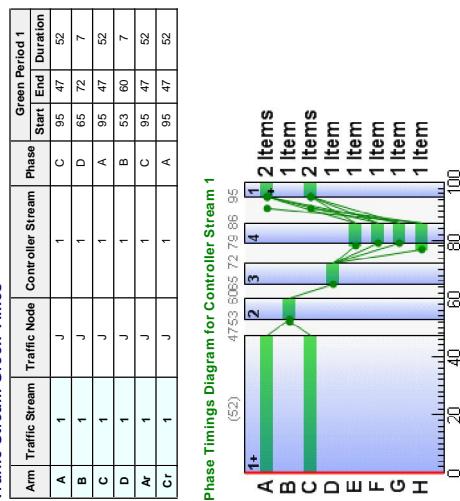
Resultant Stages

Controller Stream	Resultant Stage	Is base stage	Library Stage ID	Phases in this stage	Stage start (s)	Stage end (s)	User stage minimum (s)	Stage minimum (s)
	1	✓	1	2			1	7
	1	2	3				1	7
	1	3	4	✓			1	7
	1	4	4	✓			1	7
	2		2				7	
	3		3				7	
	4		4				7	

Resultant Phase Green Periods

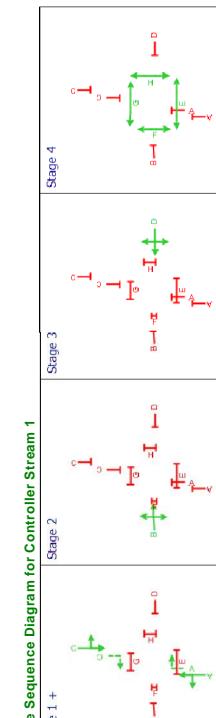
Controller Stream	Phase	Green period	Is base green period	Start time (s)	End time (s)	Duration (s)
1	A	1	v	95	47	52
	B	1	v	53	60	7
	C	1	v	95	47	52
	D	1	v	65	72	7
	E	1	v	78	86	8
	F	1	v	79	86	7
	G	1	v	79	86	7
	H	1	v	77	86	9

Traffic Stream Green Times



Traffic Stream Results

Traffic Stream Results: Vehicle summary									
Time	Arm	Traffic Stream	Degree of saturation (%)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Calculated sat flow (PCU/hr)	Actual green (s per cycle)	Mean delay per Veh (s)	Weighted cost of stops & delay (& per hr)
17:00-18:00	A	1	26	244	250	1902	52	13.50	3.80
	B	1	24	271	30	1547	7	47.82	0.81
	C	1	72	25	680	1781	52	22.72	15.08
	D	1	48	89	64	1678	7	56.01	1.90
	Ax	1	17	418	20	217	52	21.58	0.46
	Bx	1	0	Unrestricted	512	Unrestricted	100	0.00	0.00
	Cx	1	4	Unrestricted	52	Unrestricted	100	0.00	0.00
	Dx	1	0	Unrestricted	202	Unrestricted	100	0.00	0.00
Traffic Stream Results: Flows and signals									
Time	Arm	Traffic Stream	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Flow out (PCU/hr)	Flow discrepancy (PCU/hr)	Adjusted flow warning	Calculated capacity (PCU/hr)	DOS saturation (%)	Practical reserve capacity (%)
17:00-18:00	A	1	250	0	0	1802	955	26	244
	B	1	30	0	0	1547	124	24	244
	C	1	680	0	0	1781	944	72	25
	D	1	64	0	0	1678	134	48	89
	Ax	1	20	0	0	217	115	17	418
	Bx	1	512	0	0	Unrestricted	0	Unrestricted	0
	Cx	1	20	0	0	971	515	4	227
	Dx	1	202	0	0	Unrestricted	0	Unrestricted	0
Traffic Stream Results: Stops and delays									
Time	Arm	Traffic Stream	Calculated flow entering (PCU/hr)	Flow out (PCU/hr)	Flow discrepancy (PCU/hr)	Adjusted flow warning	Calculated capacity (PCU/hr)	DOS saturation (%)	Practical reserve capacity (%)
17:00-18:00	A	1	250	0	0	1802	955	26	244
	B	1	30	0	0	1547	124	24	244
	C	1	680	0	0	1781	944	72	25
	D	1	64	0	0	1678	134	48	89
	Ax	1	20	0	0	217	115	17	418
	Bx	1	512	0	0	Unrestricted	0	Unrestricted	0
	Cx	1	20	0	0	971	515	4	227
	Dx	1	202	0	0	Unrestricted	0	Unrestricted	0
Stage Sequence Diagram for Controller Stream 1									
Stage	Time	Arm	Traffic Stream	Mean Cruise Time per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (& per hr)	Total stops (Stops per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (& per hr)
Stage 1 +	17:00-18:00	A	1	36.00	13.50	0.94	13.31	53.33	133.33
Stage 2		B	1	18.00	47.82	0.40	5.66	96.39	28.92
Stage 3		C	1	36.00	22.72	4.29	60.94	78.02	530.51
Stage 4		D	1	36.00	66.01	1.00	14.14	105.46	67.49
Resultant penalties									
Time	Controller stream	Phase min max penalty (& per hr)	Intergreen broken penalty (& per hr)	Stage constraint broken penalty (& per hr)	Cost of controller stream penalties (& per hr)				
17:00-18:00	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



Stage Sequence Diagram for Controller Stream 1

Time	Arm	Traffic Stream	Mean Cruise Time per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (& per hr)	Total stops (Stops per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (& per hr)
17:00-18:00	A	1	36.00	13.50	0.94	13.31	53.33	133.33
	B	1	18.00	47.82	0.40	5.66	96.39	28.92
	C	1	36.00	22.72	4.29	60.94	78.02	530.51
	D	1	36.00	66.01	1.00	14.14	105.46	67.49
	Ax	1	1.00	21.58	0.12	1.70	82.12	16.42
	Bx	1	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Cx	1	1.00	13.66	0.01	0.15	31.91	6.38
	Dx	1	36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04

Traffic Stream Results: Queues and blocking

Time Segment	Amm Stream	Traffic	Initial queue (PCU)	Mean max queue (PCU)	Max queue storage (PCU)	Utilised storage (%)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Wasted time total (s per cycle)	Estimated blocking
	A	1	0.00	3.80	52.17	7.28	0.00	0.00	
	B	1	0.00	0.81	26.09	3.12	0.00	6.00	
	C	1	0.00	15.08	52.17	28.91	0.00	0.00	
	D	1	0.00	1.90	52.17	3.65	0.00	0.00	
17:00-18:00	Ax	1	0.00	0.46	1.00	45.76	0.00	14.00	
	Bx	1	0.00	0.00	52.17	0.00	0.00	14.00	
	Cx	1	0.00	0.20	1.00	20.36	0.00	54.00	
	Dx	1	0.00	0.00	52.17	0.00	0.00	38.00	
					52.17	0.00	0.00	11.00	
						33.00	0.00	0.00	

Pedestrian Crossings: Flows and signals

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	Actual green (s per cycle))	Mean delay per Ped (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1	1	0	0	11000	7	43.71	0.52	
	1	2	3	20	11000	7	43.71	0.52	
	1	2	2	20	11000	9	41.86	0.51	
17:00-18:00	2	2	0	0	11000	9	0.00	0.00	
	3	1	2	20	11000	8	42.78	0.51	
	3	2	2	20	11000	8	42.78	0.51	
	4	1	0	0	11000	7	0.00	0.00	
	4	2	0	0	11000	7	0.00	0.00	

Pedestrian Crossing Results

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated Flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Adjusted flow out (Ped/hr)	Flow discrepancy warning	Calculated sat flow (Ped/hr)	DOS threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean delay per Veh (s per cycle))	Actual green (s per cycle))	Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean Delay Per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	1	1	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	622	1164	95.91	9.67	105.57
17:00-18:00	2	2	20	0	0	0	11000	770	3	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3365	0.00	7	
	1	20	0	0	0	0	11000	990	2	Unrestricted	0.00	9	4355	0.00	9	
	3	1	20	0	0	0	11000	990	0	Unrestricted	0.00	8	3860	0.00	8	
	3	20	0	0	0	0	11000	880	2	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3860	0.00	7	
	4	1	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3860	0.00	7	
	4	2	0	0	0	0	11000	770	0	Unrestricted	0.00	7	3860	0.00	7	

Pedestrian Crossings: Stops and delays

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Mean Cruise time per Ped (s)	Mean Delay per Ped (s)	Total delay (Ped-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)
		1	1	1	0.00	0.00
		2	2	8.33	43.71	0.24
17:00-18:00		2	2	1	5.27	41.86
		3	2	1	1.00	0.00
		4	2	2	8.40	42.78
		4	1	1	1.00	0.00
		4	2	2	8.40	42.78

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Mean max queue storage (Ped)	Max queue storage (Ped)	Mean queue length (Ped)	Max queue length (Ped)	Mean queue waiting time (s)	Max queue waiting time (s)	Mean queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Max queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Mean queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Max queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Mean queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Max queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Mean queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Max queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Mean queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Max queue waiting time per Ped (s)
		1	1	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
		2	1	2	2	2	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51
17:00-18:00		3	1	3	3	3	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51
		4	1	4	4	4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pedestrian Crossings: Queues and blocking

Time Segment	Crossing	Side	Mean max queue storage (Ped)	Max queue storage (Ped)	Mean queue length (Ped)	Max queue length (Ped)	Mean queue waiting time (s)	Max queue waiting time (s)	Mean queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Max queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Mean queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Max queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Mean queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Max queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Mean queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Max queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Mean queue waiting time per Ped (s)	Max queue waiting time per Ped (s)
		1	1	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
		2	1	2	2	2	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51
17:00-18:00		3	1	3	3	3	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51
		4	1	4	4	4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Network Results: Vehicle summary

Time Segment	Run start time	Run finish time	Analysis seg used	Total network delay (h:mm:ss)	Network cycle Time (h:mm:ss)	Start time (h:mm:ss)	Modeling time (h:mm:ss)	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Highest DOS (%)	Item with highest DOS	Number of oversaturated items	Percentage of oversaturated items (%)	Item with worst signalled PRC	Item with worst unsignalled PRC	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	13/12/2018 08:58:40	13/12/2018 08:58:41		07:00:00	00:00:00	17:00:00	00:00:00	770	1164	622	0	0	C1	C1	9.67	105.57
17:00-18:00	13/12/2018 08:58:40	13/12/2018 08:58:41	3	00:00:00	00:00:00	17:00:00	00:00:00	770	1164	622	0	0	C1	C1	13.50	105.57

Network Results: Pedestrian summary

Time Segment	Degree of saturation (%)	Calculated Flow Entering (Ped/hr)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Mean Delay per Red (s)	Weighted cost of delay £ per hr)	Performance Index (£ per hr)
	72	0	9	622	42.78	13.50
17:00-18:00	3	80	9	622	42.78	13.50

Time Segment	Calculated flow entering PCU/hr	Calculated flow out PCU/hr	Flow discrepancy PCU/hr	Adjusted flow warning	Degrees of saturation %	DOS Threshold exceeded	Practical reserve capacity %	Actual green time (s per cycle) [s]
17:00-18:00	2168	0			72		25	684

Time Segment	Mean Cruise Time per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Mean stops per Veh (%)	Total stops (Steps per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)
17:00-18:00	34.06	12.79	7.70	103.41	36.12	793.05	9.67
Time Segment Utilised storage (%)							
17:00-18:00	45.76	0.00	0.00	170.00			

Time Segment	Degree of saturation penalty (£ per hr)	Ped gap accepting penalty (£ per hr)	Warmed up error	Warmed up	PCU Factor	Cost of traffic penalties (£ per hr)	Controller stream penalties (£ per hr)	Performance Index
17:30-18:00	0.00	0.00	✓	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	119.08

Traffic Stream Results

Time Segment	Mean Cruise Time per Veh (s)	Mean Delay per Veh (s)	Total delay (PCU-hr/hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	SIGNS			PER PCU			PERFORMANCE		
					Air Traffic Stream	Name	Traffic node	Controller stream	Phase	Actual green time (s per cycle)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	Wasted green time (s per cycle)	Degree of saturation (%)
A	1	(united)	J	1	C	250	1802	52	0.00	26	244	49.50	13.50
B	1	(united)	J	1	D	30	1547	7	6.00	24	271	65.82	47.82
C	1	(united)	J	1	A	680	1781	52	0.00	72	25	58.72	22.72
D	1	(united)	J	1	B	64	1678	7	0.00	48	89	92.01	56.01
A _r	1	(united)	J	1	C	20	217	52	14.00	17	418	22.58	21.58
A _s	1	(united)	J	1	O	100	14.00	0	Unrestricted	36.00	0	0.00	0.00
B _x	1	(united)	J	1	O	100	54.00	0	Unrestricted	36.00	0	0.00	0.00
C _r	1	(united)	J	1	A	20	971	52	38.00	4	2217	2.96	136
C _x	1	(united)	J	1	O	100	11.00	0	Unrestricted	36.00	0	0.00	0.00
D _x	1	(united)	J	1	O	100	33.00	0	Unrestricted	36.00	0	0.00	0.00

Average Journey Time (s) for Local Matrix: 1

To								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1	0.0	85.5	85.5	108.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2	101.13	0.0	101.8	101.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	
3	94.17	97.7	0.0	94.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	
From 4	128.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	47.1	0.0	52.0	
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.2	0.0	
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.2	0.0	0.0	
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Pedestrian Crossing Results

Pedestrian	Site	Name	Traffic node	Controller stream	Phase	Actual green time (s per cycle)	Practical reserve capacity (%)	PER PEDESTRIAN			PER FLOWS			PER SIGNALS			PER PCU			PER QUEUES		
								Calculated flow entering (Ped/hr)	Calculated satflow (Ped/hr)	Mean Journey Time (s)	Mean queue length (s)	Mean queue per Ped (s)	Mean delay per Ped (s)	Mean stops per Ped (s)	Mean queue per PCU (s)	Mean stops per PCU (s)	Mean queue per PCU (%)	Mean stops per PCU (%)	Mean queue per PCU (%)			
1	1	(united)	J	1	G	0	11000	7	0	Unrestricted	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100	100	100			
2	2	(united)	J	1	H	20	11000	7	3	Unrestricted	335	55.04	43.71	0.52	100	100	100	100	100	100		
3	2	(united)	J	1	E	20	11000	9	2	Unrestricted	435	47.13	41.86	0.51	100	100	100	100	100	100		
4	1	(united)	J	1	E	20	11000	8	2	Unrestricted	3850	51.18	42.78	0.51	100	100	100	100	100	100		
5	2	(united)	J	1	F	0	11000	7	0	Unrestricted	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100	100	100	100		
6	2	(united)	J	1	F	0	11000	7	0	Unrestricted	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100	100	100	100		
7	1	(united)	J	1	F	0	11000	7	0	Unrestricted	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100	100	100	100		
8	2	(united)	J	1	F	0	11000	7	0	Unrestricted	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100	100	100	100		

Path Journey Time

Path	From Location	To Location	Normal Calculated Flow (PCU/hr)	Pedestrian calculated flow (Ped/hr)	Normal journey time (s)	Pedestrian journey time (s)	Calculated Total Flow (PCU/hr)	Mean Journey speed (kph)	Time spent (PCU-hr)	Distance travelled (km)	Mean Journey time (s)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Performance index (£ per hr)
4	2	3	4	2	101.82	101.82	2	27.10	22.52	6.75	95.91	9.67	0.00	0.00	105.57
12	2	4	20	20	51.18	51.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
16	6	7	20	20	51.18	51.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
17	7	8	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
18	7	8	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
19	8	7	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
20	5	8	20	52.04	20	52.04	20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
21	8	5	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
22	5	6	20	47.13	20	47.13	20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23	6	5	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
25	4	2	10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
26	3	4	32	85.50	32	85.50	32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
28	3	4	100	94.72	100	94.72	100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
32	3	2	20	97.68	20	97.68	20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
33	1	4	20	108.08	20	108.08	20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
34	4	3	42	128.01	42	128.01	42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
35	4	2	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
36	2	1	10	101.82	10	101.82	10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
37	4	1	22	128.01	22	128.01	22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
38	3	1	480	94.72	480	94.72	480	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Generated on 13/12/2018 09:02:28 using TRANSYT 15 (15.5.1.7048)

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Network Results

	Normal traffic	Distance travelled (km)	Time spent (PCU-hr)	Mean Journey speed (kph)	Total delay (PCU-hr)	Excess queue penalty (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of stops (£ per hr)	Weighted cost of delay (£ per hr)	Performance index (£ per hr)
Normal traffic	610.13	51.18	27.10	22.52	6.75	95.91	9.67	0.00	105.57
Bus	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tram	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pedestrians	0.87	1.12							

APPENDIX D

GoCAR Letter of Intent



Glenveagh Living,
15 Merrion Square North,
Dublin 2

To Whom It May Concern,

This is a letter to confirm that GoCar intends to provide three shared car club vehicles in the proposed residential development at the East Road scheme, located in East Wall, Dublin 1, with final terms to be agreed.

GoCar is Ireland's leading car sharing service with 40,000 members and over 600 cars and vans across 18 counties in Ireland. Each GoCar which is placed in a community has the potential to replace the journeys of up to 15 private cars.

The Department of Housing's Design Standards for New Apartments - Guidelines for Planning Authorities 2018 outline: "For all types of location, where it is sought to eliminate or reduce car parking provision, it is necessary to ensure... provision is also to be made for alternative mobility solutions including facilities for car sharing club vehicles."

GoCar members sign up online and can book cars or vans via the website or mobile app. Rates start from €4 for half an hour, with fuel, insurance and maintenance included. As such, it is both convenient and cost effective. It allows individuals to have the benefits of a private car, without having the large costs and hassle associated with car ownership. GoCar is ideal for people or organisations who only need occasional access to a car, for families who need a second car sometimes, and for others who would like occasional access to a vehicle of a different type than they use day-to-day.

Carsharing is a sustainable service. By allowing multiple people to use the same vehicle at different times, car sharing reduces car ownership, car dependency, congestion, noise and air pollution. It frees up land which would otherwise be used for additional parking spaces. Most GoCar users only use a car when necessary, and walk and use public transport more often than car owners.

By having GoCar car club vehicles in a residential development such as this, residents will have access to pay-as-you-go driving, in close proximity to their homes, which will increase usership of the service.

I trust that this information is satisfactory. For any queries, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Regards,

Rob Kearns
Head of Growth
GoCar Carsharing Limited
M: 083 822 3924
E: rob.kearns@gocar.ie